

Map



**Traffic** 



**Terrain** 



# GTN 625/635/650 Weather



Pilot's Guide

**Flight Plan** 



**Procedures** 



Nearest



**Waypoint Info** 



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**System** 



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This manual reflects the operation of system software v6.60 or later. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to later software versions.

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**WARNING:** Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain function. The GTN 6XX Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. Terrain Proximity is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance and is not certified for use in applications requiring a certified terrain awareness system. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.

WARNING: The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.

**WARNING:** The GTN 6XX has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or selftest capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the GTN 6XX. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.

WARNING: The altitude calculated by GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters, such as the output from the GDC 74A/B Air Data Computer, or other altimeters in aircraft. GPS altitude should never be used for vertical navigation. Always use pressure altitude displayed by pressure altimeters in the aircraft.

WARNING: Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the GTN 6XX system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using an outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.

WARNING: Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.





**WARNING:** Traffic information shown on the GTN 6XX is provided as an aid in visually acquiring traffic. Pilots must maneuver the aircraft based only upon ATC guidance or positive visual acquisition of conflicting traffic.

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**WARNING:** Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.

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Com/Nav



**WARNING:** Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.

Direct-To



**WARNING:** Never use datalinked weather to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Airman's Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radio echo.

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**WARNING:** For safety reasons, GTN 6XX operational procedures must be learned on the ground.

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**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the GTN 625/635/650 Pilot's Guide. Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the GTN 6XX to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.

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**CAUTION**: The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the GTN 6XX utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the GTN 6XX can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.

**CAUTION**: The GTN 6XX does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.

**CAUTION**: The display lens has a special anti-reflective coating that is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes, and abrasive cleaners. CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA WILL HARM THE ANTI-REFLECTIVE COATING. It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth and an eyeglass lens cleaner that is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings.

**CAUTION**: TFRs provided by datalink weather sources (i.e., FIS-B and SiriusXM) are only advisory and do not replace a thorough preflight briefing on TFR times and locations. Not all TFRs may be shown. To determine accurate TFR information, verify with official sources, i.e., preflight planning or flight service center.

**NOTE**: All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the GTN bezel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current GTN software. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.

**NOTE**: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**NOTE**: This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. If you have any questions or would like additional information, please refer to our website at <a href="https://www.garmin.com/prop65">www.garmin.com/prop65</a>.





**NOTE**: Canadian installations: In accordance with Canadian Radio Specifications Standard 102 (RSS 102), RF field strength exposure to persons from an antenna connected to this device should be limited to 60 V/m for controlled environment and 28 V/m for uncontrolled environment.

Foreword



**NOTE:** Do not use SafeTaxi functions as the basis for ground maneuvering. SafeTaxi functions do not comply with the requirements of AC 120-76C and are not qualified to be used as an airport moving map display (AMMD). SafeTaxi is to be used by the flight crew to orient themselves on the airport surface.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

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**NOTE:** The FAA has asked Garmin to remind pilots who fly with Garmin database-dependent avionics of the following:

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• It is the pilot's responsibility to remain familiar with all FAA regulatory and advisory guidance and information related to the use of databases in the National Airspace System.

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 Garmin equipment will only recognize and use databases that are obtained from Garmin or Jeppesen. Databases obtained from Garmin or Jeppesen are assured compliance with all data quality requirements (DQRs) by virtue of a Type 2 Letter of Authorization (LOA) from the FAA. A copy of the Type 2 LOA is available for each database at flyGarmin.com. Wpt Info

 Use of a current Garmin or Jeppesen database in your Garmin equipment is required for compliance with established FAA regulatory guidance, but does not constitute authorization to fly any and all terminal procedures that may be presented by the system. It is the pilot's responsibility to operate in accordance with established AFM(S) and regulatory guidance or limitations as applicable to the pilot, the aircraft, and installed equipment. Traffic

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**NOTE**: The pilot/operator must review and be familiar with Garmin's database exclusion list as discussed in SAIB CE-14-04 to determine what data may be incomplete. To see if an exclusion report exists for a specific database, visit flyGarmin.com.







**NOTE**: The pilot/operator must have access to Garmin and Jeppesen database alerts and consider their impact on the intended aircraft operation. For a current list of aviation database alerts, visit <u>flyGarmin.com</u>.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

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**NOTE**: If the pilot/operator wants or needs to adjust the database, visit flyGarmin.com.

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**NOTE:** Garmin requests the flight crew report any observed discrepancies related to database information. These discrepancies could come in the form of an incorrect procedure; incorrectly identified terrain, obstacles and fixes; or any other displayed item used for navigation or communication in the air or on the ground. To report an aviation database error, visit flyGarmin.com.

Direct-To Proc



**NOTE:** The GTN touchscreen may not respond to touch commands if condensation or moisture accumulates on the touchscreen.



**NOTE:** Depending on software version and configuration, GTN features and screen images may differ from those shown in this manual.

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NOTE: This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC limits for Class B digital devices. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by relocating the equipment or connecting the equipment to a different circuit than the affected equipment. Consult an authorized dealer or other qualified avionics technician for additional help if these remedies do not correct the problem.

Operation of this device is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

To obtain accessories for your unit, please contact your Garmin dealer.

The display surface is coated with a special anti-reflective coating which is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes and abrasive cleaners. It is very important to clean the lens using an eyeglass lens cleaner which is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings and a clean, lint-free cloth.

AC 90-100A Statement of Compliance. The Garmin navigational unit meets the performance and functional requirements of FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 90-100A, U.S. Terminal and En Route Area Navigation (RNAV) Operations.

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## **Product Registration and Support**

Help us better support you by completing your online registration today! Have the serial number of your product handy and visit <u>flyGarmin.com</u>.

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Part Number	Revision	Date	Description			
190-01004-03	А	02/04/11	Initial release.			
	В	03/16/11	Update information.			
	C	11/29/12	Updates for software v3.0.			
	D	02/28/13	Updates for software v4.0.			
	Е	03/25/13	Updates for software v4.10.			
	F	08/26/13	Updates for software v5.0.			
	G	08/01/14	Updates for software v5.10.			
	Н	10/17/14	Updates for software v5.12.			
	J	07/2015	Updates for software v6.00.			
	K	01/2016	Updates for software v6.10.			
	L	09/2016	Updates for software v6.20.			
	М	08/2017	Updates for software v6.30.			
	N	08/2018	Updates for software v6.50.			
	Р	04/2019	Updates for software v6.60.			



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#### Welcome

Welcome to the GTN era of navigation. The Garmin Touchscreen Navigator (GTN) supports airway navigation and flexible flight planning, including arrival and departure procedures and precision approaches. All of these advanced features are easily accessed with an easy-to-use touchscreen display, another first for general aviation. You can be confident in knowing that this product has been designed to meet or exceed industry performance standards and is supported through a global network of Garmin Aviation Distributors.

#### **About This Guide**

Take a little time to review the various sections of this guide to familiarize yourself with it. First, read this section and the Getting Started section as an introduction to quickly get you started with the GTN. The other sections are not meant to necessarily be read in order, but provide detailed information on the subject they contain as you need them. Do take the time to review the information before using the product to assist you in getting the most out of your avionics.

Generally, a feature will be described in a section that provides a brief description, a graphic functional diagram, and step-by-step procedures. If read cover-to-cover sequentially, the information may seem repetitive. The guide is designed as a reference and learning tool where you will generally skip around the document learning about a particular feature or function after becoming familiar with the unit.

### **Electronic Document Features**

Versions of this guide are saved in the Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) and have features that help the user navigate more easily through the document. The cover icons, table of contents, and index are hyperlinks that will take you directly to the selected item.

Versions of aviation products in PDF format are available at flyGarmin.com.

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Getting

The GTN display dynamically tailors the number and position of the controls for each function and are engaged by merely touching them.

Touch: Touch the key with your finger.

Conventions

Xpdr Ctrl Com/Nav

Drag:

Touch the list or location on the map with your finger. Continue lightly holding your finger to the display surface and drag your finger in the intended direction to scroll through the list or move the location on the map.

FPI

Direct-To

In this pilot's guide, key titles are noted by bold text. An image of the key used will be shown to the left of a procedure. Keys are outlined areas on the display. Figures in the guide will identify the available controls. A key may have a name of a control, such as Enter, Terrain, or Back. A key may also be an information field, such as a numeric value that can be changed.

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Text Description of

Key Operation

While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Terrain** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of terrain data.

Graphic of Key With Numeric Value

Select Field Type

ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude

ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival

ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination

ETE - Estimated Time Enroute

ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination

Graphic of Key

Terrain

Text Description of Key Operation

When the Fuel on Board value is selected, touch the **Fuel on Board** key to display the Fuel on Board values.



Scroll Bar Indicates More Selections Available

and Drag Your Finger to View More

Touch Finger to an Item in the List Selections Selected Field Type

Touching the **Back** key returns to the previous display. The Cancel key cancels any information selected or entered and returns to the previous display.



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## 1.1 Model Descriptions

This guide covers the operation of the GTN 625, 635, and 650. In general, all models will be referred to as the GTN 6XX, except where there are physical or operational differences. The GTN 6XX units are approximately 6.25 inches wide and 2.65 inches high. The display is a 600 by 266 pixel, 4.9 inch diagonal color LCD with touchscreen controls. The units include one removable SD datacard for the databases and software upgrades.

The GTN 6XX simplifies your workload with an easy-to-use touch panel that provides a visual display of both controls and functions. The required controls are displayed for the selected function. Keys on the display allow you to access and control their functions by a simple touch on the interactive display.

The GTN 6XX can integrate a variety of avionics that will not only simplify operation, but also save panel space. The GTN 625, 635, and 650 have their own GPS/SBAS navigator and flight planning functions. The GTN 635 adds a VHF Com radio, while the 650 adds VHF Com and VHF Nav radios. Selected optional external equipment allows you to display and control active traffic systems, SirusXM Entertainment Radio, SiriusXM Weather, and a Mode S transponder directly from the GTN 6XX display, and more. When the optional transponder is not installed, the area on the right side of the display will show a line of navigation information instead of the transponder window.

## 1.1.1 GTN 625

The GTN 625 has a GPS/SBAS engine and is TSO-C146c certified for primary domestic, oceanic, and remote navigation including en route, terminal, and non-precision approaches, and approaches with vertical guidance, such as LPV and LNAV/VNAV. The GTN 625 can simultaneously give aviators vital approach information and weather and traffic data in relation to their position on a large, color moving map display. Thanks to a high-contrast color display, the information can be easily read from wide viewing angles even in direct sunlight. Its color moving map features a built-in database that shows cities, highways, railroads, rivers, lakes, coastlines, and a complete Jeppesen database. The Jeppesen database (that can be updated with a front-loading datacard) contains all airports, VORs, NDBs, Intersections, FSSs, Approaches, DPs/STARs, and SUA information.



Enroword

Getting Started

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl Pilots will enjoy the GTN 625 as a flexible and powerful navigator, especially when it is coupled with traffic, lightning detection, and weather interfaces. With the PC-based FDE prediction program, the GTN 625 may be used for oceanic or remote operations. For the latest in graphic and text weather information, the GTN 625 can interface to the Sirius XM Weather Service via the Garmin GDL 69/69A datalink receiver.

Com/Na

#### 1.1.2 GTN 635

FPL

The GTN 635 includes all of the features of the GTN 625, and also includes a TSO'd airborne VHF communications transceiver.

Direct-To

#### 1.1.3 GTN 650

Proc

The GTN 650 includes all of the features of the GTN 625, and also includes a TSO'd airborne VHF communications transceiver and TSO'd airborne VOR/Localizer and Glideslope receivers.

Wpt Info

## 1.2 About This Pilot's Guide

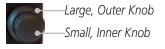
#### 1.2.1 Conventions

Traffic

Terrain

Bold text indicates a control. The **small right** knob is the smaller, inner knob of the two concentric rotary knobs on the lower, right corner of the bezel. The **large right** knob is the larger, outer knob.

Weathe



Neares

Figure 1-1 Large/Small Concentric Knobs

Services/ Music A graphic of a control on the side of the page refers to the control you should use for the associated step as shown below.

Utilitie

## 1.2.2 Using the Touchscreen

System

Most of the controls are operated by touching the display. Highlighted icons and keys may be simply touched to make a selection. A list of menu items may be scrolled by touching the screen and retaining pressure while sliding your finger up or down. Map displays may be panned by touching the screen and retaining pressure while sliding your finger in the desired direction. Pinch-to-zoom capability is available in software v6.20 or later.

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You can return to the previous page or exit the current function by touching the **Back** key.





Quickly return to the Home page by pressing the **HOME** key. Press and hold the **HOME** key to reach the Default Navigation page.

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### 1.3 Product Description

This section provides an overview of the GTN 6XX product and a quick look at some important features. The GTN 6XX presents a full-color moving map with navigation information to the pilot through a large-format display. Controls are a combination of rotary knobs and push-keys on the bezel with the color display providing information as well as a touchscreen controls. The GTN 6XX has a 600 x 266 pixel, 4.9 inch diagonal LCD display.

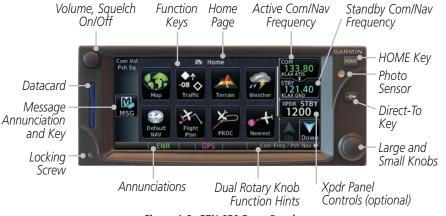


Figure 1-2 GTN 650 Front Panel

#### 1.3.1 Datacard

The GTN 6XX uses a Secure Digital (SD) card or Flight Stream 510 to load and store various types of data. The datacard is required for Terrain, FliteChart, and Chartview database storage and all database updates.



**NOTE**: **Do Not** remove or insert the datacard while in flight. Ensure the GTN 6XX is powered off before inserting or removing a datacard.



**NOTE**: For instructions on updating databases, refer to section 18.2.

Symbol

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Xpdr Ctrl

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1.3.1.1 Inserting a Datacard

- Insert the datacard in the datacard slot (the label side of the card should face the right edge of the display bezel).
- 2. To eject the card, gently press on the datacard to release the spring latch.

#### 1.3.2 Pilot Controls

The GTN 6XX controls have been designed to simplify operation of the system and minimize workload and the time required to access sophisticated functionality. Controls are located on the bezel and on the touchscreen display. Controls are comprised of dual concentric knobs, volume/squelch knob, bezel keys, and active touch areas on the display.

#### 1.3.2.1 Volume/Squelch Knob

The **Volume** knob located in the top left corner of the bezel controls audio volume for the selected Com radio or Nav receiver and other volume levels for external audio input devices that are controlled via the GTN interface, if installed. When the Com radio is active, press the **Volume** knob momentarily to disable automatic squelch control for the Com radio. When the Nav radio is active, press the **Volume** knob momentarily to enable/disable the ident tone for the Nav radio.



Figure 1-3 Volume/Squelch Knob

#### 1.3.2.2 Large/Small Concentric Knobs

The **large right** and **small right** knobs are used for data entry, such as in the Waypoint or Direct-To functions, and to set the frequencies for the NAV/COM radios in units so equipped.



Figure 1-4 Large/Small Concentric Knobs

#### 1.3.2.3 **HOME Key**

Pressing the **HOME** key displays the Home page, the main screen for accessing the GTN features. Pressing and holding the **HOME** key will open the Default Navigation page from any other page.



Figure 1-5 HOME Key

Appendix





– Page or Function Name

Touch the Key to Access the Function

Touch Arrow or Touchscreen — and Drag Finger to Scroll Screen for More Keys

Navigation Information

Figure 1-6 Home Page On The GTN 650



Figure 1-7 Home Page On The GTN 625 Without Transponder

#### 1.3.2.4 Direct-To Key

The **Direct-To** key provides access to the direct-to function, which allows you to enter a waypoint and establishes a direct course to the selected destination.



Figure 1-8 Direct-To Key

#### 1.3.2.5 Touchscreen Keys

Touchscreen keys are placed around the display. The keys vary depending on the page selected. Touch the key to perform the function or access the described information.



Figure 1-9 Touchscreen Key Control Example (Default Navigation Page)

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#### Foreword

#### 1.4 **Unit Power Up**

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The GTN 6XX System is integrated with the aircraft electrical system and receives power directly from electrical buses. The GTN 6XX and supporting sub-systems include both power-on and continuous built-in test features that exercise the processor, memory, external inputs, and outputs to ensure safe operation.

#### 1.4.1 Start-Up Screens

During system initialization, test annunciations are displayed. All system annunciations should disappear typically within the first 30 seconds after power-up. Upon power-up, key annunciator lights also become momentarily illuminated on the GTN 6XX display bezel.

The splash screen displays the following information:

- Copyright
- Database List and System version
- Instrument Panel Self-Test

Currently installed database information includes valid operating dates, cycle number, and database type. When this information has been reviewed for currency (to ensure that no databases have expired), the pilot is prompted to continue. Databases that are not current will be shown in amber.

During the startup process the user may be asked if they would like to update to newer databases. Additional information on database updates can be found in section 18.2.

The COM and NAV radios, transponder controls, and GDL 88 control panel are displayed on the Start-Up screens. Some functions may be unavailable until after the databases are verified.



1 - Copyright



2 - Software & Database Versions & Dates



3 - Panel Self-Test

Figure 1-10 System Startup Pages



## 1.4.2 Database Verification and Fuel Settings

Continue

I. When the System and Database Version page appears, ensure databases are current, then touch **Continue**.

Getting Started

Audio &

Xpdr Ctrl



SafeTaxi

Terrain

13T1

Ensure
Required
Databases are
Present and
Current

Self-Test Page

Continue

Touch to
Continue to

Figure 1-11 System Startup Pages

16S3, Current until 21-JUL-16

Direct-To

Proc

Wpt Info

- 2. When the Instrument Panel Self-Test and Fuel Setting page appears, check to ensure that the CDI/HSI outputs and other displayed data are correct on the external interfaced equipment.
- 3. Touch each of the Fuel value keys and set the appropriate values as desired. Fuel capacity units are selected on the System Units page.

Start-Up Instrument Panel Test LCDI Half Left TO/FROM LFLG Out of View ANNUN Conditions VCDI VFLG Out of View Touch to Set Touch to Set Fuel Flow 241.0 GAL 21.0 GAL/HR Current Fuel All map and terrain data provided is only to be use Touch to Continue Services/ Quantity as a general reference to your surroundi an aid to situational awareness. Music to Home Page

Figure 1-12 Instrument Panel Self-Test & Fuel Settings Page



**NOTE**: When the GTN is interfaced with a digital fuel computer the pilot may not be able to manually edit the fuel flow and fuel on board data on the Self-Test.

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Touch to

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When the Fuel on Board value is selected, touch the **Full** or **Tabs** keys to display those values after they have been set.

Touch to



Selected Fuel on Board Capacity

Figure 1-13 Fuel On Board Page

5. Touch the **Set Full/Tabs** key to set the fuel values for Fuel Full Capacity and Fuel Tab Capacity. After setting the fuel values, touch the **Back** and then the **Enter** keys to return to the Instrument Panel Self-Test page.



Figure 1-14 Fuel Capacity Setup Page



Touch Keys

to Select Fuel Flow Values

Touch to Cancel

Selection and

Previous Page

Continue

Return to



6. On the Instrument Panel Self-Test page, touch the **Fuel Flow** key and then use the numeric keypad to set those values. Touch the **Enter** key after selecting the Fuel Flow values.

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Touch to Accept

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Selected Fuel Flow Value

**Fuel Flow** 

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6

2

.0 GAL/HR

4

9

Proc Wpt Info

 After returning to the Instrument Panel Self-Test page and the fuel values have been set, touch the **Continue** key to advance to the Home page.



Figure 1-16 Home Page

Iviap

Hullic

Terrain

Weather

Nearest

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Touch to Zoom In and Out

#### Foreword

## 1.5 System Operation

#### Getting Started

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## 1.5.1 Using the Touchscreen Key Controls

Except for the knobs, the **HOME** key, and **Direct-To** key on the bezel, the controls for the GTN 6XX are located on the display and activated by touch.

Touch screen Keys Touch to Toggle Activation

Com Vol
Psh Sq

5800FT

Menu

Back to
Previous Page

Back to
Previous Page

Back to
Previous Page

Back to
Previous Page

Figure 1-17 On-Screen Keys and Active Display Areas

Мар

Traffic

#### 1.5.2 Setup Page

GTN 6XX system settings are managed on the System page. The following settings can be changed:

Terrain

- System Status
- GPS Status

Nearest

• External LRUs

Services/ Music

- Setup
- Alerts Settings

Itilities

User Fields

System

• Units Settings

Messages

Audio

Backlight

Connext Setup

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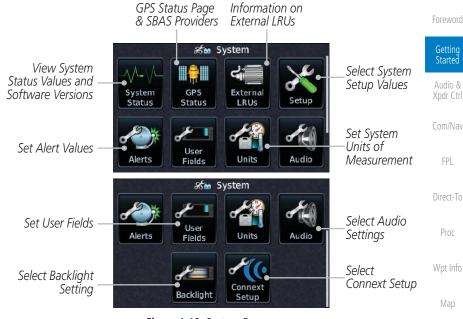


Figure 1-18 System Page

#### 1.5.2.1 **System Setup Values**

From the Home page, touch **System** and then **Setup**.

Select CDI and ILS CDI Capture

Set Date/Time with Local Offset & Time Format



Figure 1-19 System Setup Page

Touch the **Date/Time** key. Then, select the desired time format and local offset after touching the Time Format (12 Hour, 24 Hour, and/or UTC) keys and selecting the local time offset Local 12 hour after touching the Local Offset key. -07:00

3. Touch the **Com Channel Spacing** key to toggle between 25.0 kHz 8.33 and 25.0 kHz channel spacing. B.33 kHz

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lard / Soft

For Nearest Airport filtering, touch the **Runway Surface** key and select the desired type of surface that will appear in the Nearest Airport list.

Xpdr Ctrl

Getting Started



5. Touch the Minimum Runway Length key to select the minimum runway length allowed for the Nearest Airport. Selecting 0 feet will show all airports regardless of runway length.



Touch the **Crossfill** key to enable or disable crossfill with a second GTN unit

Direct-To



Touch the CDI key. Then, elect the CDI and ILS CDI Capture method with the **Selected CDI** and **ILS CDI Capture** keys.

Map

#### 1.5.2.2 **Units Settings Values**

Traffic

From the Home page, touch **System**.

Terrain



Touch the **Units** key and then the desired item key. Select the 2. desired value

Continue to select the desired Units values and then touch the **Back** or **HOME** key to exit.

Services/

#### 1.5.2.3 **Alerts Settings Values**

Music Utilities



From the Home page, touch **System** and then **Alerts**.



Messages Arrival

Symbols 15.0 NM



1-12

Set arrival alerting. Touch the **Arrival** key. Touch the **Proximity** key and select the desired value.

Touch the **Airspace Alert Options** key and select the desired 3. values for alerting.

Continue to select the desired Alerts values and then touch the **Back** or **HOME** key to exit.



#### 1.5.3 **Dual GTN Installations**

Forewor

Dual GTN units when connected in the aircraft may be set up to communicate and share information by "Crossfilling" or synchronizing information between the two units.

Getting Started Audio &

The following Crossfill information is always synchronized between both GTN units:

Xpdr Ctrl

• User Waypoints

FPI

• Flight Plan Catalog

Direct-To

• Alerts (traffic pop-up acknowledgement, missed approach waypoint pop-up acknowledgement, altitude leg pop-up acknowledgement)

• External sensors (transponder status and commands, synchro heading)

Proc

• System setup:

Wpt Info

User-defined NAV frequencies to store favorites

Map

Date/Time conventionNearest airport criteria

Traffic

– Units (Nav angle, Fuel, Temperature)

orrain

- User-defined COM frequencies to store favorites

CDI Scale setting

Naarac

This data is crossfilled only if crossfill is turned on by the pilot:

Services/ Music

• Active navigation (flight plan)

- ILS CDI Capture setting

System

• Active navigation (flight plan,

Messages

**NOTE:** In dual GTN installations with crossfill on, the OBS course will only be updated in real time on the GTN that is receiving the new OBS course. The course will be transferred to the other GTN when OBS is exited.

**NOTE:** There is an installer option to turn on a system message that will be provided anytime crossfill is turned off to alert the pilot that flight plans are not being crossfilled.

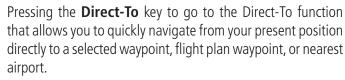
Appendix



# Foreword **1.6**

# **Direct-To Navigation**

Getting Started



Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

Com/Nav

FPL

## 1.6.1 Direct-To a Waypoint

1. Press **Direct-To**.



2. Touch the **Waypoint** tab and then select the characters for the desired waypoint.



Touch Enter or press the small right knob. Text near the small right knob indicates its current function.



Edit Wpt / Psh Activate 🕨



Мар

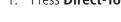
Proc

Traffic **1.6.2** 

## Direct-To a Flight Plan Waypoint

1. Press **Direct-To**.









Nearest

3. Touch **Activate**.

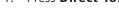
Services/ Music

## 1.6.3 Direct-To a Nearest Airport

Otilities

Press **Direct-To**.

System



Messages

 Touch the **Nearest** tab and then the desired airport from the Nearest Airport list. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys as needed to show more of the list.

Symbols

3. Touch **Activate** or press the **small right** knob.

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## 1.7 Selecting Com/Nav Frequencies

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Weather

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Figure 1-20 Com Radio Frequency Selection Page

#### To switch between Com and Nav frequency selection

Tuning control normally remains in the Com window and will return after 30 seconds of inactivity. If you wish to select a NAV frequency, press the **small right** knob momentarily to make the Nav window active for editing. The Standby Nav frequency will be highlighted briefly to indicate that it is active for editing. The standby frequency in blue is active for editing by the **large** and **small right** knobs.

# Method 1: Select a Nav/Com frequency using the small and large right rotary knobs



- Turn the large right knob to select the desired megahertz (MHz) value. For example, the "119" portion of the frequency "119.30."
- Turn the small right knob to select the desired kilohertz (kHz) value. For example, the ".30" portion of the frequency "119.30."
- Touch the Com or NAV window to flip/flop the Active and Standby frequencies. You can also press and hold the **small right** knob to transfer the standby frequency to the active window.



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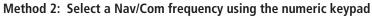
System

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om/Nav \$\P\\_{\text{XFE}}\$

Enter



1. Touch the Standby window. A pull down keypad will appear with the current Standby frequency highlighted.

- 2. Touch the numeric keys to add the desired values and touch **Enter** to accept the displayed value and place it into the Standby window.
- 3. Touching the **XFER** key will place the selected frequency directly into the Active window.

#### To transfer the standby frequency to the active frequency

1. Touch the Active (top) frequency window.



Figure 1-21 Com Radio Frequency Windows (Touch Active to Flip/Flop)

- 2. Each touch of the Active window will flip/flop the Active and Standby frequencies.
- The identifier and frequency type will be shown for the selected Com and Nav frequencies for the nearest stations that are in the database when the unit is receiving a valid position input.

#### **Remote Frequency Selection Control**

On units configured for remote Com frequency Recall, pressing the remote recall switch will load the next preset Com frequency into the unit's Standby frequency window. The remote recall switch can be pressed multiple times to scroll the entire preset frequency list through the Standby frequency box (the list will "wrap" from the bottom of the list back up to the top, skipping any empty preset positions).

The standby frequency isn't activated until a Com **FLIP/FLOP** switch (either bezel-mounted or remote (COM RMT XFR) is pressed. Remote Frequency Selection only functions on units configured for a remote Com Frequency recall switch.

Appendix

**NOTE:** Frequencies must be stored in the User Frequency List prior to utilizing the remote channel select switch.

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#### Flight Planning 1.8

#### 1.8.1 Creating a Flight Plan

Getting Started



From the Home page, touch the **Flight Plan** key. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl



If there is already an Active Flight Plan, touch **Menu** and then the **Delete** and **OK** keys to clear the existing flight plan. If

Com/Nav



there is not an Active Flight Plan, continue to the next step.

FPL



Touch **Add Waypoint**. Use the alphanumeric keypad to select 3. the Waypoint Identifier for the first leg in your flight plan and then touch Enter.

Direct-To Proc



Touch the next Waypoint Identifier field. Use the alphanumeric keypad to select the Waypoint Identifier for the first leg in your flight plan and then touch **Enter**.

Wpt Info

5. Continue entering waypoints to complete the flight plan.



Touch the **Menu** key and then touch **Store**.



7. The screen will now display the Flight Plan Catalog and show the new flight plan. Flight plan names are listed by the Departure and Destination waypoints.



**NOTE:** The destination waypoint is the last airport in the flight plan.

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System

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## 1.9 VFR and IFR Procedures

Getting Started Visual approaches and IFR procedures (SIDs, STARs, and instrument approaches) are available using the **PROC** (Procedures) key.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

## Select a Visual or Instrument Approach

Com/Nav



1. Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page.

FPL Approach

2. Touch the **Approach** key and then touch the Airport key to select the desired airport if it is not present.

Direct-To

3. Touch the **Approach** key, if necessary. Select the desired approach.

Proc transition Vectors

4. Touch the **Transition** key and then touch the key for the desired transition. Visual approaches do not have selectable transitions.

Load

5. Touch the **Load Approach** key to load the approach at the end of the active flight plan. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.



6. Or, touch the **Load APPR & Activate** key for the flight plan to go Direct-To the selected transition or provide guidance on the final approach course for vectored or visual approaches.

Traffic Load APP

Wpt Info

vveatne

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#### **Dead Reckoning** 1.10

Dead reckoning is a feature that enables the GTN to provide limited navigation using the last known position and speed after a loss of GPS navigation while on an active flight plan.

Getting Started



CAUTION: Navigation using dead reckoning is only an estimate and should not be used as the sole means of navigation. Use other means of navigation, if possible.

Audio &

Dead reckoning becomes active after a loss of GPS position while navigating using an active flight plan and the flight phase is either En Route (ENR) or Oceanic (OCN).

FPL

"DR" will be overlayed on the ownship icon. The To/From flag is removed from the CDI. The Dead Reckoning annunciator (DR) appears on the lower left side of the map display and will replace ENR or OCN when a GPS position is unavailable and the unit is in Dead Reckoning mode. All external outputs

Direct-To Proc

dependent on GPS position are flagged.

Wpt Info

Terrain will be noted as not available and new terrain advisory pop-ups will not occur. Traffic and StormScope information will not be shown on the Map page, but will continue to be available on their own dedicated pages. XM weather will still be available on the Map page.

Dead Reckoning mode will continue until GPS position is restored, when GPS navigation is restored Dead Reckoning mode is exited. The DR annunciations will be removed and GPS information will be used to compute navigation related information for the current flight phase.

Dead Reckoning is only allowed in En Route and Oceanic phases of flight. If the unit is in a Terminal or Approach phase of flight when Dead Reckoning takes place, "No GPS Position" will be displayed on the map pages and all navigation data will be dashed. If you are operating in Dead Reckoning mode

and a transition to Terminal or Approach phases of flight would occur from the

projected Dead Reckoning position, Dead Reckoning mode will be discontinued. "No GPS Position" will be displayed on the map pages and all navigation data will be dashed. For information about GPS faults, refer to section 15.2.4.

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**Appendix** 



#### **Default Navigation** 1.11

Getting Started

The Default Navigation display provides a text display of basic navigation functions.



Touch to Select CDI Source Touch to Togale OBS

Figure 1-22 Touchscreen Key Control Example (Default Nav Page)

#### **Configuring User Fields** 1.11.1

The Configure User Fields selection allows you to configure the Data, Function, and Page field type shown in each of the fields of the default Navigation page. The information shown in each field may be selected from a list after Configure User Fields is selected.

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1. While viewing the Default Navigation page, touch the **Menu** key.

Configure User Fields 2. Touch the **Configure User Fields** key.



Figure 1-23 Default Navigation Menu

Touch the desired user field key to choose the information type. A list of information types will be displayed.



Figure 1-24 Default Nav Page User Field Selection



4. Touch the **Data, Function,** or **Page** keys to select the information types.

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Figure 1-25 Map Data Field Type Selections



5. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys or touch the display and drag your finger to scroll through the list. Touch the desired item to select it or touch the **Back** key to cancel selection.

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Data Field Type			
ACTV WPT - Active Waypoint	MSA - Minimum Safe Altitude		
B/D APT - BRG/DIS from Dest APT <sup>1</sup>	NAV/COM - Active NAV/COM FREQ		
BRG - Bearing to Current Waypoint	OAT (static) - Static Air Temperature		
DIS - Distance to Current Waypoint	OAT (total) - Total Air Temperature		
DIS to Dest - Distance to Destination <sup>2</sup> RAD ALT - Radar Altimeter			
DTK - Desired Track Time - Current Time			
ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude	Time to TOD - Time to Top of Descent		
ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival TKE - Track Angle Error			
ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination	TRK - Track		
ETE - Estimated Time Enroute	Trip Timer - Timer Display		
ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination	VOR/LOC - Tuned VOR/LOC Info		
Fuel Flow - Total Fuel Flow VSR - Vertical Speed Required			
GS - GPS Ground Speed Wind - Wind Speed and Direction			
GSL - GPS Altitude XTK - Cross Track Error			
Generic Timer - Timer Display OFF - Do Not Display Data Field			

Table 1-1 Data Field Types of Information

Note 1: B/D APT is the straight line distance.

Note 2: Dist to DEST is the distance along the flight plan.

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NOTE: Data Field Types that use the term Destination refer to the final destination in the flight plan.

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**NOTE**: ETE to Destination is not available when a procedure is loaded and there are waypoints in the Enroute section of the flightplan.

**Function Field Type** OBS/Suspend/Unsuspend Button CDI - Course Deviation Indicator Flap Override - Flap Override 1 On Scene - "On Scene" Mode Toggle GPWS Inhibit - GPWS Inhibit 1 TAWS Inhibit - TAWS Inhibit G/S Inhibit - G/S Inhibit 1 Gen Timer - Generic Timer Control OFF - Do Not Display Data Field HTAWS RP Mode - HTAWS RP Mode 2

#### Table 1-2 Function Field Types of Information

Note 1:

With TAWS-A enabled

Note 2:

With HTAWS enabled

Traffic	Page Field Type		
	DFLT NAV - Default Navigation	Checklist - Checklist Page	
Terrain	Flight Plan - Flight Plan Page	Fuel PLAN - Fuel Planning Page	
Weather	Map - Map Page	SCHED MSG - Scheduled Messages	
	Nearest - Nearest Page	Trip PLAN - Trip Planning Page	
Nearest	NEAR APT - Nearest Airport Page	VCALC - VCALC Page	
Services/ Music	PROC - Procedures Page	User FREQ - User Frequencies	
	Approach - Approach Page	WPT INFO - Waypoint Information	
Utilities	Arrival - Arrival Page	Weather - Weather Page	
	Departure - Departure Page	CNXT WX - Connext WX Page	
System	Services - Services Page	FIS-B WX - FIS-B Weather Page	
Messages	Traffic - Traffic Page	Stormscope - Stormscope Page	
	Terrain - Terrain Page	SiriusXM WX - Sirius XM WX Page	
Symbols	Utilities - Utilities Page	OFF - Do Not Display Page Field	
,			

Table 1-3 Page Field Types of Information

Appendix



## 1.11.2 CDI (GTN 650 only)

Refer to the CDI section in the Map chapter for details.

#### 1.11.3 OBS Function

Refer to the OBS section in the Map chapter for details.

## 1.12 FastFind Predictive Waypoint Entry

FastFind provides the pilot with a shortcut to the nearest waypoint with an identifier that starts with the typed letters. As a result, the GTN can predict the pilot's entry within as little as one key press.

FastFind predictions are shown in the top right-hand corner of the keypad display. Touching the FastFind field will select the predicted waypoint. If the FastFind prediction is not what the pilot is looking for, keep typing until the desired waypoint is displayed.

## 1.12.1 FastFind With Waypoint Info

1. Use the alphanumeric keypad to begin selecting characters for the desired waypoint.



Figure 1-26 Select Characters for FastFind to Predict a Waypoint - KP Selected



Figure 1-27 Select Characters for FastFind to Predict a Waypoint - KPA Selected





Figure 1-28 Select Characters for FastFind to Predict a Waypoint - KPAE Selected

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## 1.12.2 FastFind With A Flight Plan

When creating a new flight plan or searching for a waypoint, the GTN will search for waypoints closest to the current GPS position. When adding waypoints in the middle of the flight plan, the GTN will search halfway between the previous and next waypoints. When adding waypoints at the end of the flight plan, the GTN will search for waypoints closest to the last waypoint in the flight plan.

- 1. When the aircraft is located in KSLE, and the last waypoint in the flight plan is "DRK," the GTN will search for waypoints nearest "DRK."
- 2. Typing **K**, will result in "KPRC" being displayed as the FastFind prediction because it is the nearest waypoint to "DRK" that starts with "K."



Figure 1-29 Using FastFind to Predict a Waypoint in a Flight Plan



# 2 AUDIO AND TRANSPONDER CONTROLS (OPTIONAL)

The GTN 6XX can perform as the control and display for a transponder (such as one of the GTX family of transponders) or display marker beacon annunciations from an audio panel (such as the GMA 35 or GMA 350). Contact your dealer for more information.

## 2.1 Transponder Operation

The GTN 6XX will operate as a control head for remotely connected optional, compatible transponders.



**NOTE:** The transponder control panel on the GTN will only contain the Ground key when the GTN is interfaced with a GTX 33/330 with software versions prior to 8.00.



NOTE: Starting the GTN with a Flight Stream 510 wireless datacard in the slot may cause the control panel to be temporarily unavailable on the start-up screens during unit power up.



Figure 2-1 XPDR Control Display

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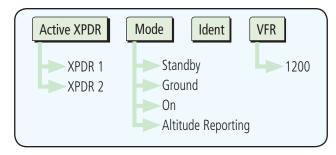


Figure 2-2 XPDR Functional Diagram

## 2.1.1 Select Transponder

1. Touch the XPDR window and then touch the **XPDR** key to select the desired transponder.

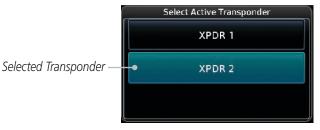


Figure 2-3 Select the Active Transponder

2. Touch the XPDR 2 selection to activate Transponder 2. Touch the XPDR 1 selection to activate Transponder 1.



Figure 2-4 Active Transponder Indication

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#### 2.1.2 IDENT



. Touch the **IDENT** key once to reply with an identifying squawk code.

Getting

1200<sub>ID</sub>

The **IDENT** key will show a green ID in the bottom right corner of the key to indicate active Ident.

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#### 2.1.3 Transponder Mode



 Touch the **Mode** key to allow selection of the transponder mode.

node. Selected Transponder



\_\_ Touch to Select Transponder Mode

Figure 2-5 Transponder Mode Selection



2. Touch the **Up/Down** keys or touch the display and drag the display up or down to view the available selections.

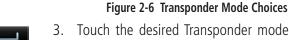
Transponder Modes



Selected Transponder Mode

 Touch the Up/Down Keys or Drag Display to View Modes

Standby Mode Selection Not Shown





3. Touch the desired Transponder mode to select it and then touch the **Enter** key.

## 2.1.3.1 Standby



 Touch the **Mode** key and select Standby and then touch the Enter key to place the transponder into Standby mode.

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Active XPDR and IDENT Disabled

Transponder Operation Standby Mode

Backspace

VFR

STBY

3

7

136.97

118.00

Enter

Figure 2-7 Transponder Mode Standby Indication

The transponder will still be powered, but will not transmit 2. information. The active transponder indication and Ident annunciation will be grayed to show they are disabled.



Touch the **Mode** key and select Ground (**GND**) and then touch the **Enter** key to place the transponder into Ground mode.



Transponder Operation Ground Mode

Figure 2-8 Transponder Mode Ground Indication

Mode S replies will be allowed in Ground mode.

**NOTE:** The transponder control panel on the GTN will only contain the Ground key when the GTN is interfaced with a GTX 33/330 with software versions prior to 8.00. With all other GTX software versions, the transponder will automatically transition out of airborne mode.

#### 2.1.3.3 On

PDR2 GND 200

> Touch the **Mode** key and select **ON** and then touch the **Enter** key for Mode A operation.

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ON





Transponder Operation On Mode

Figure 2-9 Transponder Mode ON Indication

XPDR2 ON 1200

2. The transponder is on and will transmit its squawk code when interrogated.

#### 2.1.3.4 Altitude Reporting



 Touch the **Mode** key and select Altitude Reporting (**ALT**) and then touch the **Enter** key for Mode C operation.



Transponder Operation Altitude Reporting Mode

Figure 2-10 Transponder Mode Altitude Reporting Indication



2. The transponder will be on and will transmit its squawk code and altitude when interrogated. An "ALT" annunciation will appear when the squawk code is transmitted.

#### 2.1.4 VFR



Touch the **VFR** key to set the VFR squawk code (1200).

VFR (1200) Transponder — 

Squawk Code

×PDR2 ON

1200

Figure 2-11 Transponder VFR Squawk Code

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#### 2.1.5 Selecting a Squawk Code

Then, touch **Enter**.

The selected squawk code will always be in use. As you change a squawk code, the original code will be used until you are finished selecting the new code.

Squawk Code	Description
1200	Default VFR code in the USA
7500	Hijacking
7600	Loss of Communications
7700	Emergency

Table 2-1 XPDR Special Squawk Codes

0R2 ON 1200	1.	Touch the transponder squawk code window at the right side
		of the display.

- The XPDR page will be displayed. The Squawk Code value will be active for selection for use by the active Transponder.
- 3. Touch the numeric keypad, or use the rotary knobs, to select the desired Squawk Code.



Figure 2-12 XPDR Squawk Code Selection Display

5. The selected Squawk Code will be shown in the XPDR window on the right side of the display.



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#### 2.1.6 GDL 88 ADS-B Reporting

The GDL 88 is a remote-mount ADS-B transceiver that sends ADS-B out messages to ATC and other aircraft and communicates ADS-B In data to panel-mounted avionics for the display of traffic and weather. Reference the GDL 88 Pilot Guide for a full description of GDL 88 functions. When a GTN is interfaced to a GDL88 transceiver for ADS-B Out functions the GTN can control some aspects of the ADS-B Out message and the GTN may provide position information to the GDL88. The display and control of the information sent depends on the equipment installed and how it is configured by the installer. Some installations allow control by the pilot of the information sent, while others do not.

The Anonymous Mode, when armed, will replace the identifying information in the ADS-B Out message with a temporary randomized number for privacy while the position information will still be provided. The call sign will be sent as "VFR." To enable Anonymous Mode, the Squawk Code must be set to the VFR code (based on the GDL 88 configuration) and the **Anonymous** key must be selected.

## Viewing the ADS-B Control Panel Without Integrated Transponder Control



1. Touch the Transponder window to view the ADS-B control panel.



Figure 2-13 ADS-B Control Panel



2. Touch the ADS-B window again to return to the previous display.

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#### Viewing the ADS-B Control Panel With Integrated Transponder Control



1. Touch the Transponder window and then the **MENU** key to view the ADS-B control panel.



Figure 2-14 ADS-B/Transponder Control Panel



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2. Touch the **Anonymous Mode** key to toggle arming the Anonymous mode.



Touch the Flight ID key to manually set the Flight ID. Use the key pad to select the desired Flight ID and then touch Enter.



Figure 2-15 Flight ID Entry



**NOTE:** Changing the flight ID while in anonymous mode wouldn't actually change the flight ID because a randomized ID is being broadcast. If the ANONYMOUS key is armed, change the squawk code to the VFR code to activate Anonymous mode.

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#### **Extended Squitter Transmission** 2.1.7

When interfaced with a compatible transponder, the GTN can act as a control for the Extended Squitter functions. When "Enable ES" is selected, the GTX turns on Extended Squitter (ES) transmissions.



Figure 2-16 Transponder Menu With Extended Squitter Capability



While viewing the Transponder (XPDR) page, touch the **Menu** key and then the **Enable ES** key to toggle Extended Squitter Off and On.



Touch the **Flight ID** key and use the keypad to select a Flight ID and then touch **Enter**.



After selecting a Flight ID, the selected value will be shown in the Flight ID key.

#### 2.1.8 **TCAS II Transponder Mode Controls**



NOTE: This feature is available in software v6.30 and later.

The GTN can control the modes of a TCAS II system through a GTX 3000. The TA Only and TA/RA modes are added to the transponder control panel. Selecting TA Only or TA/RA will command the TCAS into the selected mode. Depending on the aircraft configuration (e.g., on ground), the TCAS may stay in a different mode.



Figure 2-17 TCAS II Transponder Control Panel

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NOTE: The XPDR/TCAS Mode on the Transponder Control Panel always shows the pilot-selected mode and does not necessarily correspond with the traffic system if it is in a lower mode due to other constraints. The active mode is shown in the radio bar next to the transponder squawk code.

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XPDR/TCAS Mode Selection	Transponder Mode	Available TCAS II Modes
TA/RA	Altitude Reporting	TA/RA or TA Only
TA Only	Altitude Reporting	TA Only
Altitude Reporting	Altitude Reporting	Standby
On	On	Standby
Standby	Standby	Standby

Table 2-2 Transponder and TCAS II Modes

#### 2.2 Marker Beacon Annunciations

When connected to a compatible audio panel, a visual annunciation of marker beacons will be shown on the display when the aircraft flies over a marker beacon. The annunciation will appear in the lower left of the display.

<b>Current Beacon</b>	Icon (Standard)	Icon (Blink)	Blink Interval
Inner Marker	( IM	[ IM	250 ms
Middle Marker	MM	MM	333 ms
Outer Marker	OM	OM	750 ms

The marker beacon alternates between the standard icon and the blink icon at the blink interval corresponding to the current beacon.

Table 2-3 Marker Beacons



# 2.3 Telligence™ Voice Command

Garmin's Telligence Voice Command voice recognition feature allows the pilot (and optionally copilot) to control the GTN 6XX connected to a GMA 350 using spoken commands. To activate Voice Recognition, push and hold the Push-to-Command (PTC) switch while speaking a command. When the Push-to-Command switch is released, the GTN 6XX and/or the audio panel will respond.

If a command is understood by the GMA, a positive acknowledgement chime will be played, and the relevant information will be displayed to reflect the change (if applicable). The pilot should verify that the correct response has occurred.

If a command is not understood by the GMA or the GTN is unable to complete the requested action, a negative acknowledge tone will be played. The pilot should repeat the command by using the Push-to-Command switch, or by manually using the GTN 6XX touch screen. In the event of any abnormal Voice Recognition operation, the front panel controls and touch screen may be used to override Voice Recognition and manually control the GTN 6XX.



**NOTE:** If Telligence Voice Command malfunctions and needs to be disabled, remove power to the GMA 350 audio panel. This will force the audio panel into the fail-safe mode. The pilot will be able to communicate using the COM 2 radio only.

The available voice recognition commands are listed in the *GTN 6XX/7XX* Telligence Voice Command Guide, P/N 190-01007-50.

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## 3 NAV/COM

#### (GTN 650 NAV/COM AND GTN 635 COM ONLY)

The GTN 650 features a digitally-tuned VHF Com radio and digitally-tuned Nav/localizer and glideslope receivers. The GTN 635 has a Com radio only. The Com radio operates in the aviation voice band, from 118.000 to 136.975 MHz, in 25 kHz steps (default). For European operations, a Com radio configuration of 8.33 kHz steps is also available.



Figure 3-1 Nav/Com Controls

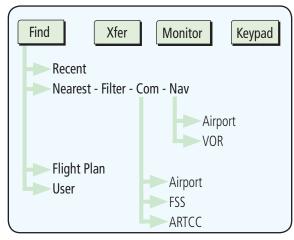


Figure 3-2 Nav/Com Functional Diagram

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#### 3.1 Volume

Com radio volume is adjusted using the **Volume** knob. Turn the **Volume** knob clockwise to increase volume, or counterclockwise to decrease volume. The level will be maintained until changed.

0

1. Turn the **Volume** knob to set the Com volume.



Graphic Scale Showing Volume

#### Figure 3-3 Com Volume Setting

2. A bar graph showing the relative volume level will indicate the selected level and will disappear a few seconds after releasing the **Volume** knob.

## 3.2 Squelch

The Com radio features an automatic squelch to reject many localized noise sources. You may override the squelch function by pressing the **Volume** knob. This facilitates listening to a distant station or setting the desired volume level.

To override the automatic squelch, press the **Volume** knob momentarily. Press the **Volume** knob again to return to automatic squelch operation. A "SQ" indication appears above the active Com frequency window in the upper left corner of the display when automatic squelch is overridden.



Figure 3-4 Com Controls

While receiving a transmission, an "RX" indication appears in the Com frequency window to the immediate right of "Com." A "TX" indication appears at this location while you are transmitting.

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# 3.3 Com and Nav Frequency Window and Tuning

Communication frequencies are selected by using the **large** and **small right** knobs or by touching the value in the *standby* Com or Nav frequency field and using the displayed keypad. The standby frequency always appears below the active frequency. The active frequency is the frequency currently in use for transmit and receive operations.

Once a frequency is selected in the standby field, it may be transferred to the active frequency by touching the active frequency field.



**NOTE:** The Com window is normally active for adjustment, unless the NAV window is made active by pressing the **small right** knob. The active state automatically returns to the Com window after 30 seconds of inactivity.

#### To select a Com or Nav frequency using the small and large right knobs:



- If the tuning cursor is not currently in the frequency window, press the **small right** knob momentarily. The Standby frequency will be highlighted to indicate that it is active for editing.
- 2. Turn the **large right** knob to select the desired megahertz (MHz) value. For example, the "118" portion of the frequency "118.30."
- 3. Turn the **small right** knob to select the desired kilohertz (kHz) value. For example, the ".30" portion of the frequency "118.30."

#### To select a Com or Nav frequency using the numeric keypad:



- 1. Touch the Standby window.
- 2. A keypad will appear with the current Standby frequency highlighted.

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Figure 3-5 Com Standby Frequency Numeric Keypad



Figure 3-6 Nav Standby Frequency Numeric Keypad



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3. Touch the numeric keys to add the desired values and touch Enter to accept the displayed value and place it into the Standby frequency window.



Touching the **XFER** key will place the selected frequency directly into the Active frequency window.

#### To make the standby frequency the active frequency:



Touch the active frequency (top) window.

The Active (top) and Standby frequencies will flip/flop.



## 3.3.1 Com and Nav Frequency Finding

The GTN 635 (Com) and 650 (Com and Nav) frequency finding feature allows you to quickly select any displayed database Com or Nav frequency as your standby frequency. The following are some examples of selecting frequencies from some of the main GPS pages.

To select a Com or Nav frequency for a User created frequency, Recent selected frequency, Nearest airport, or from your Flight Plan:



1. While viewing the numeric keypad touch the **Find** key. Categories for User, Recent, Nearest, and Flight Plan are available.



Figure 3-7 Com Nearest Frequencies



- 2. Touch **Recent**, **Nearest**, **Flight Plan**, or **User**. A list of the selected frequency types will be displayed.
- 3. Touch the desired frequency to select it and place it into the Standby window.

#### 3.3.1.1 Find Recent Frequencies



1. While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **Recent** key. A list of the recently selected frequencies will be displayed.



Figure 3-8 Recent Com Frequency List

2. Touch the desired frequency to select it and place it into the Standby window.

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#### 3.3.1.2 Find Nearest Frequencies

Recent

Multiple

FREQ

1. While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **Nearest** key. A list of the nearest airport Com frequencies will be displayed.



Figure 3-9 Com Nearest Airport Frequency

2. Touch the **Multiple FREQ** key to show the available frequencies.



Figure 3-10 Nearest Airport Multiple Frequency List

Touch the **Filter** key to filter the Nearest List by Airports, FSS, or ARTCC.



Figure 3-11 Nearest Com Frequency List

4. Touch the desired Frequency List. Then, touch the desired frequency to load it into the Standby window.

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Some frequencies will have more information detail available. Touch the key that shows "More Information."



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Figure 3-12 More Information Is Available For Some Frequencies

6. More detailed information is shown on the display. Touch the frequency key to load it into the Standby window.



Figure 3-13 More Frequency Detail

## 3.3.1.3 Find Flight Plan Frequencies



Flight Plan

Information

Airport

While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **Flight Plan** key.
 A list of Com or Nav frequencies associated with the active flight plan will be displayed.



Figure 3-14 Flight Plan Frequency List



- 2. Touch the **Multiple FREQ** key to show the available frequencies, if present.
- Touch the desired frequency to select it and place it into the Standby window.

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#### 3.3.1.4 Find User Frequencies



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- While viewing the **Find** results, touch the **User** key. A list of User-created frequencies will be displayed.
- 2. Touch the desired frequency to load it into the Standby window.

## 3.3.2 Simple Frequency Entry

Frequencies can now be entered on the GTN without the leading one and/or trailing zero(s). As a result, the pilot can now touch "2," "1," and "5" for 121.50. If a number is pressed that is not valid for the cursor location, the pilot is presented with a confirmation pop-up upon selecting the typed frequency. Frequency entry can be accomplished by typing every digit in the frequency or by leaving off the leading one and/or trailing zero(s). The frequency that will be entered is always displayed in the cursor window.



1. Touch the Standby frequency field and then touch the **2** key.



Figure 3-15 Simplified Frequency Entry Without Leading Number

7

2. Touch the 7 key.



Figure 3-16 Second Frequency Number

2

3. Touch the **2** key.



Figure 3-17 Final Frequency Without Trailing Number

Enter

4. Touch Enter.



Figure 3-18 Completed Frequency Entry

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#### 3.3.3 Adding a New User Frequency



1. While viewing the numeric keypad touch the **Find** key on the left side of the display.



2. Touch the **User** key.



3. Touch the **Add User Frequency** key.

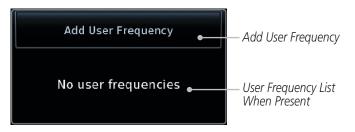


Figure 3-19 Add New User Frequency



4. The Add New User Frequency information window will now be displayed. Touch the **Name** key to select a name for the User frequency.

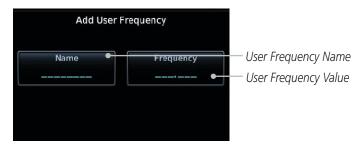


Figure 3-20 Add New User Frequency Detail Window

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5. Touch the lower part of the display to select the desired range of characters. Select the characters from the selected alphanumeric range for the desired name. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the displayed Name.



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User Frequency Backspace Name **User Frequency Name** 122.80 *Alphanumeric* 6 M XPDR1 STB Keypad 1200 MSG Selected Range Alphanumeric ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVWXYZ0123456789 Keypad Overview

Figure 3-21 Select a Name for the New User Frequency



6. Touch the **Frequency** key and select the characters from the keypad for the desired frequency. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the displayed frequency.



Figure 3-22 Select a Frequency Value for the New User Frequency



 Touch the **Enter** key to accept the displayed name and frequency. The new User Frequency will be added to the list. The list can store up to 15 user frequencies.

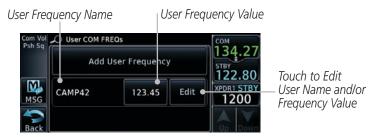


Figure 3-23 Completed New User Frequency

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Touch the Name or Frequency keys to edit the displayed name or frequency, if desired.



Figure 3-24 Edit The User Frequency

#### 3.3.4 Emergency Frequency

The GTN 635 or 650 emergency frequency select provides a quick method of selecting 121.50 MHz as the active frequency in the event of an in-flight emergency. The emergency frequency select is available whenever the unit is on, regardless of GPS or cursor status, or loss of the display.





To quickly tune and activate 121.50, press and hold volume knob or the external remote Com flip-flop key for approximately two seconds.



**NOTE**: Pressing and holding the remote Com FLIP/FLOP key for approximately two seconds, on units so configured, will lock the COM board, preventing further changes in Com frequency until the Com board is unlocked, by pressing the remote Com FLIP/FLOP key again for two seconds. The following message will notify the pilot that the Com board has been locked: "COM LOCKED TO 121.5 MHZ. HOLD REMOTE COM TRANSFER KEY TO EXIT."



**NOTE:** Under some circumstances if the Com system loses communication with the main system, the radio will automatically tune to 121.50 MHz for transmit and receive regardless of the displayed frequency.

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#### **Stuck Microphone** 3.3.5

Whenever the GTN 635 or 650 is transmitting, a "TX" indication appears in the Com window. If the push-to-talk key on the microphone is stuck or accidentally left in the keyed position, or continues to transmit after the key is released, the Com transmitter automatically times out (or ceases to transmit) after 30 seconds of continuous broadcasting. You will also receive a "Com pushto-talk key stuck" message as long as the stuck condition exists.

#### Remote Frequency Selection Control

On units configured for remote Com frequency Recall, pressing the remote recall switch will load the next preset Com frequency into the unit's Standby frequency box. The remote recall switch can be pressed multiple times to scroll the entire preset frequency list through the Standby frequency box (the list will "wrap" from the bottom of the list back up to the top, skipping any empty preset positions).

The standby frequency isn't activated until a Com flip-flop switch (either remote- or bezel-mounted) is pressed. Remote Frequency Selection only functions on units configured for a remote Com Frequency recall switch.



**NOTE:** For software prior to v5.00, frequencies must be stored in the User Frequency List prior to utilizing the remote channel select switch.

#### 3.3.7 Reverse Frequency Look-Up

When the Reverse Frequency Look-Up feature is enabled in System-Setup, the identifier and frequency type will be shown for the selected Com and Nav frequencies for the nearest stations that are in the aviation database when the unit is receiving a valid position input. Station Identifiers with a "+" sign will have more stations associated with this frequency than just the type displayed.

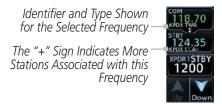


Figure 3-25 Reverse Frequency Look-Up

**NOTE:** It can take up to 2 minutes for the RFL frequency to change after crossing the half way point when flying from one airport to another that both use the same frequency.



### 3.4 Com Frequency Monitoring

The Frequency Monitoring function allows you to listen to the Standby frequency in the Com radio, while monitoring the Active frequency for activity.

Mon

 Touch the MON key to listen to the standby frequency. A small "MON" annunciation is displayed to the right of the Standby frequency. A green bar will show on the MON key. When the Active frequency receives a signal, the unit will switch automatically to the Active frequency and then switch back to the standby frequency when activity ceases.



Figure 3-26 Com Frequency Monitoring



2. The Monitor function is deactivated when you touch the **MON** key again and the green bar is extinguished.



**NOTE:** The Com radio Monitoring function is different than the Monitor function of the Audio Panel.

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# 3.5 Nav (VOR/Localizer/Glideslope) Receiver Operations

The GTN 650 includes digitally-tuned Nav/localizer and glideslope receivers with the desired frequency selected on the *Nav window*, along the top right-hand side of the display. Frequency selection is performed by pressing the **small right** knob to activate Nav Standby frequency editing and then turning the **small** and **large right** knobs or keypad to select the desired frequency.



Figure 3-27 Nav Frequency Window

#### 3.5.1 Ident Audio and Volume

Nav ident is enabled by pressing the **Volume** knob when the Nav window is active. When Nav ident is enabled, the ID annunciation will appear in the active Nav window and Morse code tones will be heard. When the Nav function is enabled, the Nav Standby channel window will highlight briefly and then turn to blue text. The Nav Standby frequency will be active for editing for about 30 seconds before the Com Standby frequency becomes active for editing.

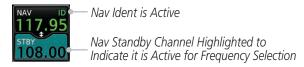


Figure 3-28 Nav Standby Frequency Window is Active

Nav audio volume is adjusted using the **Volume** knob. Turn the **Volume** knob clockwise to increase volume, or counterclockwise to decrease volume.

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#### 3.5.2 Nav Tuning Window

Nav frequencies are selected with the tuning cursor in the standby Nav frequency field, and using the small and large right knobs to dial in the desired frequency. The keypad may also be used for frequency entry after touching the Standby window. The standby frequency always appears below the active frequency. The active frequency is the frequency currently in use. The GTN will automatically decode Morse code and display the Ident for the active frequency above it. The RFL (reverse frequency lookup) Identifier is displayed below the frequency and is only dependent on GPS position and database information.



**NOTE:** Tuning is normally active in the Com window, unless placed in the Nav window by pressing the **small right** knob. When the tuning cursor is in the Nav window, it automatically returns to the Com window after 30 seconds of inactivity. The active frequency in either window cannot be accessed directly — only the standby frequency is active for editing.

#### To select a VOR/localizer/ILS frequency:



- Touch the **small right** knob momentarily to make the Nav Standby frequency value active for editing. The window will be highlighted momentarily.
- 2. Turn the **large right** knob to select the desired megaHertz (MHz) value. For example, the "117" portion of the frequency "117.80."
- 3. Turn the **small right** knob to select the desired kiloHertz (kHz) value. For example, the ".80" portion of the frequency "117.80."



Touch the Nav active (top) frequency to make the standby frequency.



5. The Active (top) and Standby frequencies will switch.

Nav Frequencies in the Database Will Display the Ident Based on GPS Position



Nav Frequencies will Automatically Decode Morse Code and Display the Ident

Figure 3-29 Automatic Nav Frequency Ident Decoding

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### 3.5.3 Nav Frequency Finding

The GTN 650's frequency finding feature allows you to quickly select any displayed database Nav frequency as your standby frequency.

To select a Nav frequency for a User created frequency, Recent selected frequency, Nearest airport, or from your Flight Plan:



- 1. While viewing the numeric keypad touch the **Find** key at the bottom of the display. Categories for User, Recent, Nearest, and Flight Plan are available.
- 2. Touch the **User**, **Recent**, **Nearest**, or **Flight Plan** key.



Figure 3-30 Find Nav Frequency Group

3. Touch the desired Nav frequency to select it and place it into the Nav Standby window.

Active Nav



Figure 3-31 Nearest Airport Nav Frequency List

OR

4. Touch the **Filter** key to narrow the list by category, such as Airport and VOR, and then select a given frequency.

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Figure 3-32 Nearest Nav Frequency List

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### 4 FLIGHT PLANS

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The GTN 6XX lets you create up to 99 different flight plans, with up to 100 waypoints in each flight plan. The Flight Plan function is accessed by touching the **Flight Plan** key on the Home page. The Flight Plan function allows you to create, store, edit, and copy flight plans.

Add Waypoint Active FPL Menu Select Waypoint Waypoint Activate Leg Catalog Find Options Insert Before Store Recent Insert After Delete Nearest Preview Load Procedures\* Flight Plan Load SAR\*\* Parallel Track User Hold at Waypoint Invert Search by Name Load Airway\*\*\* VNAV Search by City Waypoint Info Temperature Compensation Remove **Fdit Data Fields** "Load Procedures" is shown for airports "Load SAR" is only shown when the Search and Rescue feature is enabled by the installer "Load Airway" is shown for waypoints on a published airway

Figure 4-1 Flight Plan Functional Diagram



**NOTE:** Navigation is provided for fixed wing aircraft above 30 kts and for rotorcraft above 10 kts.

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### 4.1

## Creating a New Flight Plan

Getting Started **NOTE:** If a flight plan that includes a procedure that has been modified by the pilot is saved into the flight plan catalog, the GTN cannot check the accuracy of that procedure when that flight plan is used on a later flight. It is recommended that flight plans with modified procedures not be saved in the flight plan catalog.

Xpdr Ct

Com/Nav



1. From the Home page, touch **Flight Plan**.



Figure 4-2 Create New Flight Plan

If there is already an Active Flight Plan, touch Menu and then the Delete and OK keys to delete the existing active flight plan.



Figure 4-3 Delete Existing Flight Plan

A single waypoint may be deleted by touching the waypoint and then touching the **Remove** key.



Figure 4-4 Remove Single Existing Waypoint

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Touch the Add Waypoint key and select a waypoint identifier with the alphanumeric keypad. Then, touch Enter.

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Figure 4-5 Select a Waypoint for the New Flight Plan

Selected Waypoint Identifier

Add Waypoint

Enter

Touch the Add Waypoint key and select the waypoint identifier with the keypad for the next waypoint. Touch Enter.

OR

5. Touch **Find**, select a category, and then select the waypoint identifier with the keypad. Touch **Enter**.



Figure 4-6 Select a Waypoint Category for Selecting Flight Plan Waypoints

6. Continue adding waypoints as needed.



7. Touch **Menu** and then touch **Store** to store the flight plan in the Catalog. The screen will now display the Flight Plan Catalog and show the new flight plan. Flight plans are listed by the Departure and Destination waypoints.

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### 4.2 Active Flight Plan Page

The Active Flight Plan page provides information and editing functions for the flight plan currently in use for navigation. Once you have activated a flight plan, the Active Flight Plan page shows each waypoint for the flight plan, along with the Desired Track (DTK), Distance (DIST) for each leg and Cumulative Distance (CUM). The data fields are user-selectable and may be changed to display Cumulative Distance (CUM), Distance (DIST), Desired Track (DTK), En Route Safe Altitude (ESA), or Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA).

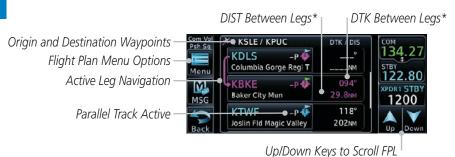


Figure 4-7 Active Flight Plan Page

\* The field types may be changed using the Edit Data Fields function in the Flight Plan page Menu.

### 4.2.1 Waypoint Options



1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired flight plan waypoint. The Waypoint Options menu opens.



Figure 4-8 Active Flight Plan Wpt Options

2. Touch one of the options to perform the selected action. Cancel the option selection by touching the **Back** key.

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#### 4.2.1.1 Activate Leg

The Activate Leg option allows you to change the active leg of a flight plan.



 On the Waypoint Options menu, touch the desired TO waypoint and then the **Activate Leg** key to select the TO waypoint as the active leg for navigation.



Figure 4-9 Active Flight Plan Activate Leg Option



Touch the **OK** key to set the selected leg as the Active Leg, or **Cancel** to not select it.



Figure 4-10 Active Flight Plan Activate Leg Option

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#### 4.2.1.2 Insert Before

The Insert Before option allows you to insert a new waypoint into the active flight plan before the selected waypoint.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.



Figure 4-11 Active Flight Plan Insert Waypoint Before Option



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- 2. Touch the **Insert Before** key to select a new waypoint before the selected waypoint.
- 3. Select a waypoint identifier with the alphanumeric keypad.



Figure 4-12 Use the Alphanumeric Keypad to Select Waypoint to Insert Before



4. Then, touch **Enter** to confirm the selection or touch **Cancel** to cancel any changes. The new flight plan will be shown.



Figure 4-13 New Waypoint Is Inserted Before the Selected Waypoint

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Figure 4-14 Flight Plan Before and After New Waypoint Inserted

#### 4.2.1.3 Insert After

The Insert After option allows you to insert a new waypoint into the active flight plan after the selected waypoint.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options list will be displayed.



2. Touch the **Insert After** key to select a new waypoint after the selected waypoint.



3. Select a waypoint identifier with the alphanumeric keypad. Then, touch **Enter** to confirm the selection, or touch the **Cancel** key to cancel the operation and return to the Waypoint Options window.

#### 4.2.1.4 Along Track Offsets



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.50 and later.

An along track (ATK) represents a temporary lateral position (or checkpoint) relative to an existing waypoint in the flight plan. Offset distance values range between 1 nm and 200 nm, and may be specified in 1 nm increments.

Unlike database waypoints, ATKs indicate a temporary route fix in the flight plan. Once created, their position remains fixed until deleted by the pilot. Subsequent changes to the flight plan do not update the ATK's position.

ATKs appear in flight plan route depictions on the Active Flight Plan and Map pages.

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\KSLE / KYKM ALT DTK / DIS **UBG**  $\odot$ Newberg MM ATK Identifier KYKM -4 038° And Distance from FT 139 NM 4.0 NM Before KYKM Reference Waypoint KYKM 040° Reference Waypoint Yakima Air Term M 4.0 NM

Figure 4-15 ATK Inserted Before Reference Waypoint

Inserting the ATK before the selected waypoint results in a negative offset value. Inserting it after the selected waypoint results in a positive value. The flight plan allows multiple entries.



Figure 4-16 Along Track Offset Keypad

Once entered, offset distances are not editable. If the offset requires adjustment, delete the existing ATK from the flight plan, and then create a new ATK with the correct offset distance.



Map indications include a dedicated icon and an identifier label. The identifier label denotes the adjacent waypoint's ID and offset distance from the specified ATK.



Figure 4-17 ATK Indications on Map Page

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#### To create an ATK:

While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, select a waypoint.
 The Waypoint Options menu opens.

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Along Track
O NM

2. Touch the **Along Track** key.

3. Specify an offset distance using the controls on the keypad.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

Mode **Before** 

4. Select **Before** or **After** to place the ATK before or after the reference waypoint.

Com/Nav



5. Touch **Enter**.

Direct-To

#### To create an ATK for an altitude constraint:

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, select an altitude constraint. The VNAV Options menu opens.

1100



2. Touch the **Along Track** key.

Wpt Info

3. Specify an offset distance using the controls on the keypad.

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4. Select **Before** or **After** to place the ATK before or after the reference waypoint.



5. Touch **Enter** and then **Save**.

Weather



4.2.1.5 Remove

Nearest

The Remove option allows you to remove the selected waypoint from the active flight plan.

Services/

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options menu opens.

Utilitie



Touch Remove and then OK.

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#### 4.2.1.6 Load Procedures

The Load Procedure selection from the Waypoint Options will start the Procedures function. Refer to the Procedures section for complete information.

- 1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options menu opens.
- 2. Touch the **Load Procedures** key to go to the Procedure function for adding procedures to the selected flight plan.



Figure 4-18 Load Procedures Wpt Option



Load

PROC

**NOTE:** In software v5.13 and earlier, for some procedures, due to very small position differences in the database, consecutive flight plan legs do not match up. The total effect on navigational guidance is negligible. The LOC BC 13 at KSLE via UBG shown below is an example of this.



Figure 4-19 Procedure Flight Plan Leg Position Difference

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#### 4.2.1.7 Waypoint Info

The Waypoint Info option allows you to view information about the selected waypoint. Refer to the Waypoint Info section for complete information.

 On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options menu opens.

WPT Info 2. Touch the **WPT Info** key to view information about the selected waypoint.

Distance & Bearing to Airport from Current Position



Figure 4-20 Active Flight Plan Wpt Info



3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Active Flight Plan page.

#### 4.2.2 Airways

Airways may be added as legs in flight plans with any waypoint that is part of an airway, such as a VOR.

 On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired Airway entry waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options menu opens.



Figure 4-21 Active Flight Plan with VOR Entry Wpt

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. Touch the **Load Airway** key to select an airway for the selected entry waypoint.



Figure 4-22 Select Load Airway from the Waypoint Options

3. Touch the desired airway to select it.



Figure 4-23 Select an Airway from the List

4. Scroll through the list and touch the desired exit point from the airway.



Figure 4-24 Select an Exit Waypoint for the Airway



Entry

Waypoint

Touch for

of Airway Waypoints

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 Confirm the airway information and then touch Load to insert the selected airway into the flight plan. If changes are desired, touch the Airway or Exit Waypoint keys to select alternate choices.

Exit Waypoint

OLM

Load

Touch to Change

Selected Airway

Entry Waypoint

UBG

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Touch to Change

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Touch to Load

Airway Into FPL

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Figure 4-25 Airway Information

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122.90

XPDR1 STB1 1200

6. Touch the **Preview** key to view the airway waypoints and map preview of the airway.



Figure 4-26 Airway Preview

7. After loading the airway, it is inserted into the flight plan. The airway waypoints are shown below the **Airway** key on the display. Touch the airway to make any changes.



Figure 4-27 Airway Waypoints in the Flight Plan

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8. Touch the **Airway** key to display the Airway Options. Make the desired choice or touch **Back**.



Figure 4-28 Airway Options



9. Touch the **Collapse All Airways** key to collapse the list of points along the airway. Touch the **Collapse All Airways** key again to toggle the display of airway detail back on.

#### 4.2.3 Load Hold at Waypoint



**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.

#### 4.2.3.1 Hold at Waypoint

Holding patterns may be added to existing waypoints within the flight plan.

1. On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in the flight plan. The Waypoint Options menu opens.



Figure 4-29 Active Flight Plan with Hold At Waypoint Option

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2. Touch the **Hold at WPT** key to open the Hold at Waypoint dialog window.

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Touch to Select Touch to Select Course Direction Turn Direction Hold At Waypoint Touch to Select Hold Course 341° Inbound Right Turn 121.40 Touch to Select Touch to Use Leg Type Leg Time XPDR STBY 01:00 23:43 итс Leg Length Type Time Selections to Create Hold at 17 Touch to Preview Hold S of UBG Load Hold the Selected Wpt Selected Hold

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Touch to Select Leg Length

Touch to Select EFC Time

Figure 4-30 Creating a User-Defined Hold

Course 341° 3. Touch the **Course** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the inbound or outbound course.

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Direction Inbound Touch the **Direction** key to select between Inbound or Outbound for the course direction.

Turn Right Turn 5. Touch the **Turn** key to select between Left or Right for the turn direction

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Leg Type Time 6. Touch the **Leg Type** key to select between Time or Distance for the leg type.

Weather

Leg Time 01:00 Leg Distance 6.0 NM

7. Touch the **Leg Time** or **Leg Distance** key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the Enter key to select the length of the leg.

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8. Touch the Expect Further Clearance (**EFC**) key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the Expect Further Clearance time for a reminder.

Itilitie

Load Hold

9. Touch the **Load Hold** key to add the hold into the flight plan.

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#### 4.2.3.2 Removing a Hold

On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the Hold to be removed.
 The Hold Options window is displayed.

Messages

Remove

2. Touch the **Remove** key.

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3. Touch the **OK** key in response to "Remove Holding Pattern?" The holding pattern is removed. To cancel the request, touch the **Cancel** key.



#### **Load Search and Rescue Pattern (Optional)** 4.2.4



**NOTE:** This optional feature is available in software v6.00 and later.



**NOTE**: Turn smoothing may result in SAR coverage being different than intended. The flight crew should always verify that the SAR pattern created conforms to the specific mission requirements.

Search and Rescue Patterns may be added to existing waypoints within the active flight plan. Only one SAR pattern can exist in the active flight plan. Loading another SAR pattern into the active flight plan when one already exists will remove the first SAR pattern.

Each pattern has a default initial track. When the pilot changes the initial track on a SAR pattern, that change becomes the default initial track the next time the SAR pattern is accessed within the GTN. The pilot can always change the initial track when creating a SAR pattern in the flight plan.



**NOTE**: Flight plans cannot be stored in the catalog if they contain a SAR pattern.

On the Active Flight Plan page, touch the desired waypoint in 1. the flight plan. The Waypoint Options menu opens.



Figure 4-31 Active Flight Plan with Load SAR Option



Touch the **Load SAR** key to open the Search and Rescue Patterns page.



Touch the **SAR Pattern** key to select between Parallel Track, 3. Sector Search, Expanding Square, or Orbit for the SAR pattern type. The available patterns can be configured by the installer and all of the listed pattern types may not be available.



Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

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5. Confirm the SAR pattern information and then touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan or touch the Load Pattern & Activate key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

The SAR pattern waypoints are shown below the **SAR** key on 6. the display. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key to make any changes.

Audio &



Figure 4-32 SAR Pattern Waypoints in the Flight Plan

Touch the **SAR** key to display the Search & Rescue Options. Make the desired choice or touch the **Back** key.



Figure 4-33 Search & Rescue Options



Touch the **Collapse Search Pattern** key to collapse the list of 8. the points along the SAR pattern. Touch the **Collapse Search Pattern** key again to toggle the display of SAR pattern detail back on.



Figure 4-34 SAR Pattern Collapsed in Flight Plan

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#### 4.2.4.1 Creating a Parallel Track Pattern

The Parallel Track SAR pattern starts at the initial waypoint and follows the initial track for the length of the first parallel track leg. A 90° turn in the initial turn direction leads to the spacing leg with a length equal to the track spacing. Another 90° turn leads to the second parallel track leg. The turns at the end of the second parallel track leg are in the opposite direction as the previous parallel track leg. The parallel track pattern terminates once the desired number of parallel track legs have been flown. The default initial track for the Parallel Track Pattern is True North.



Figure 4-35 Search and Rescue Parallel Track Pattern Page



Figure 4-36 Parallel Track Search Pattern

- 1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Parallel Track as the pattern type.
- 2. Touch the **INIT TRK** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the initial course.
- 3. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the initial turn direction.

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4. Touch the **Leg Length** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the length of the parallel track legs.

1.0 NM

Touch the **TRK SPCNG** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired spacing between the parallel track leas.

10

Touch the **Leg Count** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired number of parallel track legs. Xpdr Ctrl



Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

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Load PTRN & Activate

Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

Direct-To



Touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

#### 4.2.4.2 Creating a Sector Search Pattern

The Sector Search SAR pattern starts at the initial waypoint and follows the initial track for the desired leg length. A 60° turn in the initial turn direction is followed by another leg with the desired leg length, another 60° turn, and then a leg back to the initiating waypoint. The next sector starts with a leg continuing on the same course outbound from the initiating waypoint and is followed by the same sequence of legs and turns. The third sector follows the same pattern. The default initial track for the Sector Search Pattern is True North.

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Figure 4-38 Sector Search Pattern



- 1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Sector Search as the pattern type.
- 2. Touch the **INIT TRK** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the initial course.
- Proc INIT Turn
  Left
  Wpt Info
- 3. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the initial turn direction.



4. Touch the **Leg Length** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the length of the parallel track legs.



5. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.



6. Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

OR

Load PTRN & Activate 7. Touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

#### 4.2.4.3 Creating an Expanding Square Pattern

The Expanding Square SAR pattern starts at the initial waypoint and follows the initial track for a distance equal to the track spacing. All turns in the expanding square pattern are in the initial turn direction. All legs in the expanding square pattern are separated by the track spacing distance. The default initial track for the Expanding Square Pattern is 090°T.

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Touch to Select Track Spacing Distance Karch and Rescue Patterns Touch to Select Selected Initial Wpt Initial WPT: SAR Pattern INIT TRK Initial Track 090° USR003 Expanding Square Touch to Select Touch to Select SAR Pattern Type TRK SPCNG Number of Legs Left Touch to Select Initial Turn Direction Touch to Load Load Load PTRN Selected Pattern to Pattern & Activate Touch to Preview the Active FPL and Selected Pattern Go Direct-To the First Touch to Load Selected Pattern Wpt in the Pattern to the Active Flight Plan

Figure 4-39 Search and Rescue Expanding Square Pattern Page



Figure 4-40 Expanding Square Search Pattern



1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Expanding Square as the pattern type.



2. Touch the **INIT TRK** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the initial course.



3. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the initial turn direction.



 Touch the TRK SPCNG key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and Enter to select the desired spacing between the parallel track legs.



5. Touch the **Leg Count** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the desired number of legs.



6. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.



7. Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

OR



Touch the Load PTRN & Activate key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the initial waypoint.

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#### 4.2.4.4 Creating an Orbit Pattern

The Orbit SAR pattern is a fixed radius turn around the specified center waypoint. Automatic waypoint sequencing will be suspended while flying the orbit pattern.

Touch to Select Radius



Touch to Load Selected Pattern to the Active FPL and Go Direct-To the First Wpt in the Pattern

Touch to Load Selected Pattern to the Active Flight Plan

Figure 4-41 Search and Rescue Orbit Pattern Page



Figure 4-42 Orbit Search Pattern

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1. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key and select Orbit as the pattern type.



2. Touch the **INIT Turn** key to select between Left or Right as the turn direction.



3. Touch the **Radius** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and **Enter** to select the radius of the orbit pattern.



4. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.



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5. Touch the **Load Pattern** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan.

OR

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6. Touch the **Load PTRN & Activate** key to load selected pattern to the active flight plan and go direct-to the first waypoint in



the pattern.

### 4.3 Flight Plan Menu

The Flight Plan menu provides access to functions to manage your flight plans. The functions included are: View Catalog, Store Flight Plan, Delete Flight Plan, Preview Flight Plan, Parallel Track, Invert Flight Plan, and Edit Data Fields.

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Touch the **Menu** key to access Flight Plan menu options.

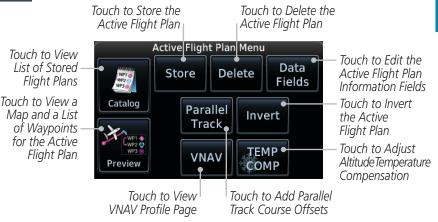


Figure 4-43 Flight Plan Menu

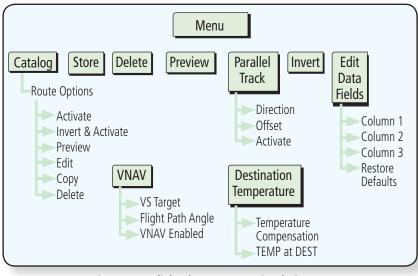


Figure 4-44 Flight Plan Menu Functional Diagram

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#### **Store Flight Plan** 4.3.1

A flight plan must be saved to the Catalog to be used in future flights. The Store Flight Plan function will save the Active Flight Plan to the Catalog.



**NOTE:** If a flight plan that includes a procedure that has been modified by the pilot is saved into the flight plan catalog, the GTN cannot check the accuracy of that procedure when that flight plan is used on a later flight. It is recommended that flight plans with modified procedures not be saved in the flight plan catalog.

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While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key. The Flight Plan menu opens.



- Touch the **Store** key to store the current Active Flight Plan into the Catalog. The flight plan will be named by the beginning and ending waypoints.
- When a duplicate flight plan is created, the **Store** key will not be available and the flight plan will be saved with a numeral at the end of the destination waypoint.



Figure 4-45 Duplicate Flight Plan Naming

#### 4.3.2 **Invert Flight Plan**



**NOTE:** Inverting a flight plan removes all ATKs.

This option allows you to reverse the active flight plan and use it for navigation guidance back to your original departure point. The original flight plan stored in the catalog is not affected.

- While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key. The Flight Plan menu opens.
- Touch Invert.

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### 4.3.3 En Route Vertical Navigation



**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v6.50 and later.

The vertical navigation (VNAV) feature provides vertical profile guidance during the descent phase of flight. Guidance is based on altitude constraints associated with lateral waypoints in the active flight plan.

Functions:

- Presents vertical path guidance to the descending path as either a line joining two waypoints with specified altitudes or a linear deviation from the desired path (i.e., the vertical angle from the specified waypoint or altitude)
- Integrate vertical waypoints into the active flight plan
- Support both manual and autopilot coupling

#### 4.3.3.1 VNAV Requirements

- Enablement by the installer
- A baro-corrected altitude source

If en route vertical navigation is not enabled, the GTN provides a single waypoint vertical calculator. For more information, refer to section 14.1.

For installation details related to en route vertical navigation, consult the AFMS.

#### 4.3.3.2 VNAV Limitations

The GTN allows you to create a vertical navigation path with multiple altitude constraints in the flight plan. These altitudes are removed when the flight plan is stored in the flight plan catalog.

Most flight plan waypoints may be assigned an altitude constraint for use in vertical navigation.

Exceptions include:

- Flight plan legs containing headings
- Flight plan legs that terminate at an altitude (e.g., a climb to 1,800 ft before making a turn and proceeding direct to fix)

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#### 4.3.3.3 VNAV Profile Page

Active vertical navigation profile information displays on the VNAV Profile page. This page is accessible from both the Flight Plan Menu and the Utilities page.



Figure 4-46 VNAV Profile Page

#### To enable VNAV guidance:

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch **Menu**.



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2. Select **VNAV**. The VNAV Profile page opens.



Touch VNAV Enabled.

To disable VNAV guidance, touch **VNAV Enabled** again.

Disabling vertical navigation:

- Invalidates required vertical speed, time to Top of Descent (TOD)/Bottom of Descent (BOD), and vertical deviation data
- Removes vertical deviation and required vertical speed indications from the PFD



VS Required, Time to TOD/BOD, and Vertical Deviation fields display dashes when VNAV is off

VNAV automatically re-enables when the pilot initiates a Direct-To.

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#### 4.3.3.4 **Altitude Constraints**



**NOTE**: Altitude constraints loaded from the database are jet altitudes. Some adjustment may be necessary for other types of aircraft. For the adjustment procedure, refer to the published chart.

Depending on the specific instance, altitude constraints are either manually entered into the Active Flight Plan page, or automatically retrieved from the published altitudes in the navigation database.

Constraint values display in MSL or flight level (FL). Constraints at airports may be specified as MSL or AGL.



Figure 4-47 Waypoint Altitude Constraints

The system automatically uses altitudes loaded with arrival and approach procedures (up to and including the FAF) for computing vertical deviation guidance. These values, accompanied by an altitude restriction bar(s), display in cyan. The position of the value (above or below the bar, or between two bars) denotes the required aircraft altitude relative to that constraint. Dual values annunciate when the aircraft needs to cross between two altitudes.

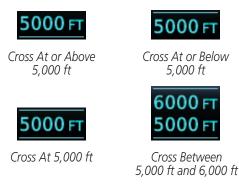


Figure 4-48 Altitude Constraint Examples

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Indication	Color	Description
6000 FT	White	Altitude calculated by system
		Estimate of aircraft altitude as it passes over the navigation point
		Absence of bar(s) indicates it is not a potential constraint
6000 FT		Altitude retrieved from navigation database
		Bar above and/or below the value indicates constraint type
		Altitude is for reference only. Not for use in determining vertical guidance
6000 FT	Cyan	Altitude designated for use in determining vertical guidance
		Pencil icon indicates manual designation or manual data entry
6000 FT		Constraint invalid
		System cannot use altitude to determine vertical guidance

Table 4-1 Altitude Constraint Color Conventions

An altitude constraint is invalid if:

- Meeting the constraint requires the aircraft to climb
- Meeting the constraint requires the aircraft to exceed the maximum flight path angle (6° downward) or maximum vertical speed (-4,000 fpm)
- It results in a TOD behind the aircraft's current position
- It is within a leg type that does not support altitude constraints
- It is added to a waypoint past the FAF

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The altitude restriction from the database displays when the following three conditions are present.

1. A pilot-specified altitude constraint is deleted

- 2. Navigation database contains an altitude restriction for the lateral waypoint
- 3. A predicted altitude is not available

Once added to the flight plan, an altitude constraint may be modified or deleted using the controls in the VNAV Options menu. Select a value in the ALT column to display available options.

Selection	Function		
Туре	Opens a list of available constraint types		
	Options: At, At or Above, At or Below, and Between		
Altitude Data Entry	Opens a keypad. Specify an altitude value for the selected constraint type		
	Unit options: MSL, AGL, and Flight Level		
Revert Constraint	Returns a modified altitude constraint to its original published value		
Remove Constraint	Removes the VNAV designation from the altitude		
	Value remains displayed for reference purposes. It is no longer used to compute vertical guidance		
	Removing the VNAV designation from an altitude may invalidate other displayed altitudes or cause them to change after recalculation		

Table 4-2 Altitude Constraint Options

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### To designate a waypoint altitude for use with vertical guidance:

1. Select a waypoint altitude constraint.



2. Touch Save.

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The altitude color changes to cyan, indicating it is usable for vertical guidance.

#### To enter or modify an altitude constraint:

- Select an altitude constraint.
  - 2. Touch **Type** and select the constraint type.



2. Touch **Type** and select the constraint type.



3. Select the altitude data key. Enter an altitude constraint value using the keypad. Touching **Flight Level** enters the value as a flight level.



4. Touch **Enter** to accept the altitude.



5. Touch Save.

Save Terrain

#### To delete an altitude constraint:

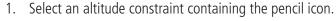
Select an altitude constraint.



2. Touch **Remove Constraint**.

3. Confirm the request by selecting **OK**.

#### To return a modified altitude constraint to its original database value:





2. Touch **Revert Constraint**.

3. Confirm the request by selecting **OK**.

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#### 4.3.3.5 VNAV Direct-To

The VNAV Direct-To function creates a vertical navigation path from the aircraft's current position and altitude to a selected waypoint's location and altitude. By removing any VNAV constraints between the aircraft and the selected waypoint, it allows the pilot to fly the lateral flight plan in a continuous descent and reach the waypoint at the specified altitude.

To initiate a VNAV Direct-To:

1. Select an altitude constraint.



- Touch VNAV Direct-To.
- 3. Confirm the request by selecting **OK**.

### 4.3.3.6 Transition to Approach

Function availability dependent on installer configuration. For more information, refer to the AFMS.

Approach Type	VNAV Response
Transition to Approach Enabled	Vertical path attempts a smooth transition from en route to approach vertical guidance
	Aircraft intercepts with approach guidance from below the glidepath/glideslope
Transition to Approach Not Enabled	En route VNAV terminates at the waypoint prior to the FAF on approaches with vertical guidance
	• En route VNAV terminates at the FAF (LNAV only)

Table 4-3 VNAV Approach Response

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### 4.3.4 Temperature Compensated Altitude

tting rted **NOTE:** GTNs and TXi displays use only one destination airport temperature for calculating compensated altitudes. Changing the temperature on one of these units automatically recalculates the value across all connected GTNs and GDUs.

Com/N

Audio &

A temperature compensation function calculates loaded approach altitudes based on the pilot-specified destination temperature. Once the pilot enters a destination temperature, the system increases the approach altitudes accordingly.

- FDI

Direct-To

Proc

Map

### 4.3.4.1 Temperature Compensation Requirements

- A destination airport is present in the active flight plan
- GDU 700()/1060 for access via PFD Minimums menu

### 4.3.4.2 Setting Temperature Compensated Altitude

Temperature compensation controls are accessible from two locations:

- Destination Temperature Compensation window
- Minimums menu (PFD only)



Figure 4-49 Destination Temperature Compensation Window

### To activate temperature compensated altitude:

Menu

TEMP COMP 1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch **Menu**.

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2. Touch **TEMP COMP**. The Destination Temperature Compensation pop-up opens.

ymbols Temperature Compensation

3. Touch **Temperature Compensation**.

Appendix TEMP at DEST
-5°C

4. Touch **TEMP at DEST** and specify the destination airport temperature.

The temperature compensated FAF altitude displays in magenta.



#### 4.3.5 Parallel Track



**NOTE:** En route vertical navigation is unavailable while the parallel track function is active.

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Parallel track allows you to create a parallel course offset of 1 to 99 NM to the left or right of your current flight plan. After setting a parallel track to your current flight plan, a magenta parallel track line will be drawn offset from the original by the selected distance. The original course line will be drawn in gray. The aircraft will navigate to the parallel track course line and external CDI/HSI guidance will be driven from the parallel track.

When you reach the end of the flight plan, a message will state, "Parallel offset terminating in X seconds." The message will be given when the aircraft reaches the offset distance from the end of the parallel track. This will give the pilot sufficient time to intercept the original course.

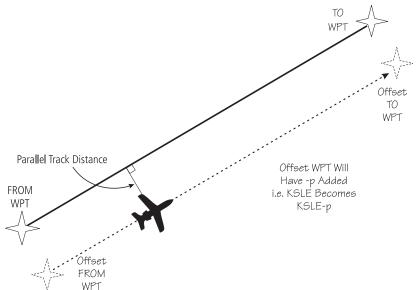


Figure 4-50 Parallel Track Description



**NOTE:** In software v6.21 and earlier, graphically editing a flight plan cancels the parallel track function.

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**NOTE:** Certain leg types (such as approach) or leg geometries (changes in desire track greater than 120 degrees), combined with large offset values do not support parallel track. Default direction and offset values may result in the status indicating that parallel track is not supported. The user must enter the desired parallel track offset and distance to determine whether that flight plan, combined with the offset and distance, support parallel track.



Touch to Set

PTK Direction

PTK Status

While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Parallel Track** key.



Figure 4-51 Parallel Track Selection



Touch the **Direction** key to toggle the Parallel Track to be Left 2. or Right of the current Flight Plan.



Right

Touch the **Offset** key to select the Parallel Offset from the 3. current Flight Plan. Select the desired distance on the numeric keypad. Touch **Enter** when finished.



Touch the **Activate** key. A magenta "-P" indication will appear to the right of the waypoint name on the Active Flight Plan page.



Figure 4-52 Parallel Track Shown in the Active Flight Plan Page

To deactivate Parallel Track, while viewing the Active Flight Plan touch the **Menu** key. With the Flight Plan Menu displayed, touch the **Deactivate PTK** key.



#### 4.3.6 Edit Data Fields

The Active Flight Plan page shows each waypoint for the flight plan, along with the Desired Track (DTK), Distance (DIS) for each leg, and Cumulative Distance (CUM). Data fields are user-selectable and may be changed to display:

ALT - Altitude ESA - En Route Safe Altitude

CUM - Cumulative Distance ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival

DIS - Distance ETE - Estimated Time En route

DTK - Desired Track FPA - Flight Path Angle

When configured for VNAV, the GTN automatically selects the altitude data field for the first column.



Figure 4-53 Flight Plan Data Fields

1. While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Edit Data Fields** key.



Figure 4-54 Flight Plan Edit Data Fields Page

2. Touch one of the field keys to select from the list.

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Figure 4-55 Flight Plan Data Fields List

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- 3. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys, or touch and drag the list, as needed to scroll through the list. Touch the desired Field Type to set it for the selected field.
- 4. Continue as desired for the other fields.

### 4.3.7 Flight Plan Catalog Route Options

The Flight Plan Catalog allows you to create, edit, activate, delete and copy flight plans. The catalog can hold up to 99 flight plans of up to 100 waypoints each. Flight plans are named by the Departure and Destination waypoint. Any time you activate a flight plan, a copy of the flight plan is automatically transferred to Active Flight Plan page and overwrites any previously active flight plan.

Menu

 While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Catalog** key. The list of currently stored flight plans will be displayed.



Touch to Create New Catalog Route (Flight Plan)

Figure 4-56 Flight Plan Catalog

2. Touch a flight plan to display the Route Options.

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Figure 4-57 Flight Plan Catalog Route Options

3. Touch the Route Option key for the desired option to act on the selected flight plan.

### 4.3.7.1 Catalog Route Option - Activate

 While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.



2. Touch the **Activate** key and then touch **OK**. The selected flight plan will be activated.



Figure 4-58 Touch OK to Replace the Existing Active Flight Plan

3. The Active Flight Plan page will now be displayed.

### 4.3.7.2 Catalog Route Option - Invert & Activate



**NOTE:** Inverting a flight plan removes all ATKs.

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.



Touch the **Invert & Activate** key and then touch **OK**. The selected flight plan will be inverted and activated.

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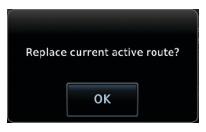


Figure 4-59 Touch OK to Invert and Activate the Selected Flight Plan

The Active Flight Plan page will now be displayed.

#### 4.3.7.3 Catalog Route Option - Preview

- While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.
- Touch the **Preview** key. A map view of the flight plan and list of the waypoints will be displayed.



Figure 4-60 Flight Plan Preview

Touch the **Back** key to return to the Flight Plan Catalog.

#### Catalog Route Option - Edit 4.3.7.4

- While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.
- Touch the **Edit** key. The flight plan will be displayed. Make any changes necessary by touching the desired waypoint and using the Waypoint Options.

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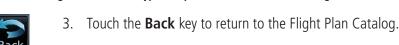
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Edit





Figure 4-61 Use Waypoint Options to Edit the Selected Flight Plan



#### 4.3.7.5 Catalog Route Option - Copy

While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.

2. Touch the **Copy** key. You will be prompted to copy the selected flight plan. Touch **OK** to create the flight plan copy.



Figure 4-62 Flight Plan Catalog Route Copy Option

A copy of the selected flight plan will now be listed. If any 3. changes are required for the copy, it can be used as a starting point for a similar flight plan. Use the Edit Route option to make the desired changes.



Figure 4-63 Copied Flight Plan

Touch the **Back** key to return to the Active Flight Plan. 4.

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Flight Plan

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Touch to Delete

Flight Plan

### 4.3.7.6 Catalog Route Option - Delete

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog page, touch the desired flight plan to select it. The Route Options menu will be displayed.



Figure 4-64 Select Flight Plan from the Catalog to Delete

2. Touch the **Delete** key and then touch **OK**.



Figure 4-65 Delete the Selected Flight Plan from the Catalog

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Delete



#### **Delete Flight Plan** 4.3.8

There are three ways to delete a flight plan.

1. Remove a selected flight plan from the catalog.

- 2. Remove all flight plans from the catalog.
- 3. Remove all waypoints from the active flight plan.

#### 4.3.8.1 Delete Flight Plan from Catalog



While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **View Catalog** key. The list of currently stored flight plans will be displayed.

Direct-To

Touch one of the flight plans to select it.





Touch Delete to Remove the Waypoint from the Catalog

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Figure 4-66 Select a Flight Plan from the Catalog



Touch **Delete** and then the **OK** key. The selected flight plan will be removed from the Catalog.



Figure 4-67 Delete a Flight Plan from the Catalog

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#### 4.3.8.2 Delete All Flight Plans from Catalog



**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v6.20 or later.

Audio & Menu

1. While viewing the Flight Plan Catalog, touch the **Menu** key to open the Flight Plan Catalog Menu.



Figure 4-68 Flight Plan Catalog Menu

- 2. Touch **Delete All** to remove all flight plans in the catalog.
- 3. Touch **Delete Pending** to remove all flight plans pending preview in the catalog.

### 4.3.8.3 Delete Active Flight Plan

1. While viewing the Active Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Delete Flight Plan** key.



Figure 4-69 Delete a Flight Plan from the Active Flight Plan

2. Touch **OK** to clear the waypoints from the Active Flight Plan. The flight plan will not be removed from the Catalog.



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### 4.3.9

The Preview Flight Plan function provides a summary of a flight plan. A preview of the Active Flight Plan can be selected from the Flight Plan Menu's **Preview Flight Plan** key or selecting a flight plan from the catalog and choosing Preview from the Route Options menu.

### Previewing the Active Flight Plan



Flight Plan

Waypoint List

4.3.9.1

While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Preview** key. A preview of the Active Flight Plan will be shown.

> Current Aircraft Position on Current Leg of Active Flight Plan

Map View of Flight Plan Legs





Flight Plan Preview

Touch the **Back** key to return to the Active Flight Plan page.

Current Dest

Waypoint



#### 4.3.9.2 Previewing a Flight Plan in the Catalog



- While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key, and then the **Catalog** key. The list of currently stored flight plans will be displayed.
- 2. Touch the desired flight plan. The Route Options will now be displayed.
- Touch the **Preview** key to display a preview of the selected flight plan.
- Touch the **Back** key to return to the Flight Plan Catalog.

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**Preview Flight Plan** 

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KTWF KPUC

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## 4.4 Graphically Editing a Flight Plan

The Active Flight Plan may be edited graphically on the Map page. Refer to section 8.3.3 for details.

# 4.5 Import Flight Plans with Connext

When the GTN is interfaced with a compatible Flight Stream device, flight plans can be wirelessly imported into the GTN from supported Apps (i.e., Garmin Pilot). The imported flight plans can then be activated or stored to the flight plan catalog once they are previewed by the pilot.

**NOTE:** Flight plans over 99 waypoints long are truncated at 99 waypoints and the last waypoint in the imported/uploaded flight plan may not be the destination airport.

**NOTE:** Flight plan information and user waypoints included as part of a flight plan will not necessarily retain their names when the flight plan is transferred from the portable device to the GTN via a Flight Stream device. Whenever a User Waypoint is imported, it is compared to the existing User Waypoint catalog. If it matches locations with an existing User Waypoint, the waypoint will utilize the name saved in the GTN for that waypoint. If there is not a location match, the waypoint is imported but without the name label that the import software may have used. Therefore all new User Waypoints will come in as USR### where the number is the lowest open User Waypoint slot in the catalog.

**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v5.10 and later.

### 4.5.1 Operation

On the portable device, select the option to send a flight plan to the GTN. The GTN  $\mathbf{MSG}$  key will appear and begin to flash.

1. Pressing the **MSG** key will open the message page with a message regarding the flight plan import and a key showing how many flight plans are ready to preview.



Figure 4-71 Flight Plan Import Message

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. Touch the **New FPL** key to open the flight plan preview page when only one flight plan is imported, or the flight plan catalog when more than one flight plan is imported.

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Figure 4-72 Preview for Single Flight Plan Import



Figure 4-73 Catalog for Multiple Flight Plan Import

3. Selecting a flight plan in the catalog that is "Pending Preview" will slide out a menu to preview or delete the flight plan. Once the flight plan has been previewed and then stored or activated, the other Route Options in the menu will be available.



Figure 4-74 Route Options by Selecting Flight Plan with Pending Review

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#### 4.5.2 Potential Errors

If the GTN is unable to import a flight plan due to errors in the flight plan or a full catalog, the pilot will be alerted with a system message.



Figure 4-75 Flight Plan Import Error Messages

If an imported flight plan contains any errors, pop-up messages will be displayed alerting the pilot of the issues and the resulting changes to the flight plan.

When the imported flight plan is too long, the GTN will truncate the flight plan to the correct length. The pilot should be aware that waypoints are missing from the end of the flight plan, including the destination waypoint.



Figure 4-76 Pop-Up Message Reporting Flight Plan Errors

When the imported flight plan contains waypoints (non-user waypoints), procedures, or airways that are not found in navigation database, the GTN will replace those waypoints with locked (lockd) waypoints. These locked waypoints must be resolved prior to activating the flight plan to provide navigation along the flight plan.

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When more than one error occurs during the flight plan import, the pilot will need to cycle through the errors by touching the **Next** key on the pop-up.

Flight Plan Issue (2 of 4)
Flight plan contains unknown
waypoints. Invalid flight plan
waypoints locked.

Next

Figure 4-77 Pop-Up Message Reporting Unknown Waypoints



Figure 4-78 Pop-Up Message Reporting Unknown Procedure



Figure 4-79 Pop-Up Message Reporting Unknown Airway

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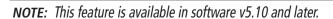
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### 4.6 Import Flight Plans with a Datacard

Flight plans can be created on a computer using compatible flight planning software and saved to the datacard to be imported into the GTN. The imported flight plans can then be activated or stored to the flight plan catalog once they are previewed by the pilot.



**NOTE:** Flight plans over 99 waypoints long are truncated at 99 waypoints and the last waypoint in the imported/uploaded flight plan may not be the destination airport.



**NOTE:** The flight plan file format used by the GTN is different than the file format used by the GNS 400W/500W Series navigators.

 While viewing the Flight Plan page, touch the **Menu** key and then the **Catalog** key to display the Flight Plan Catalog.



Figure 4-80 Catalog for Datacard Flight Plan Import

2. An **Import** key will be present in the menu bar when flight plans are present on the datacard. Touch the **Import** key to open a pop-up with a list of the file names of the flight plans on the datacard.



Store

Activate

Save Flight Plan

to the Catalog



Figure 4-81 Flight Plan To Import From Datacard

Select the desired flight plan to import.

Press **Store** to save the flight plan to the catalog. Press **Activate** to make the imported flight plan the active route.



Figure 4-82 Route Options For Datacard Flight Plan Import

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Touch to Make

the Imported

Flight Plan the

Active Route

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#### 4.6.1 Potential Errors

If the GTN is unable to import a flight plan due to errors in the flight plan or a full catalog, the pilot will immediately be alerted with a pop-up.

ок

1. Touch OK at the prompt to continue.



Figure 4-83 Flight Plan Import Fault



Figure 4-84 Flight Plan Import Fault - Catalog Full

 If an imported flight plan contains any errors, pop-up messages will be displayed alerting the pilot of the issues and the resulting changes to the flight plan. These pop-ups are presented the first time that the flight plan is viewed on the Flight Plan Preview page.

When the imported flight plan is too long, the GTN will truncate the flight plan to the correct length. The pilot should be aware that waypoints are missing from the end of the flight plan.



Figure 4-85 Flight Plan Import Issue - Flight Plan Too Long

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3. When the imported flight plan contains waypoints (non-user waypoints), procedures, or airways that are not found in navigation database, the GTN will replace those waypoints with locked waypoints. These locked waypoints must be resolved prior to activating the flight plan.

Next

When more than one error occurs during the flight plan import, the pilot will need to cycle through the errors by touching the **Next** key on the pop-up.



Figure 4-86 Flight Plan Import Issue - Flight Plan Contains Unknown Waypoints



Figure 4-87 Flight Plan Import Issue - Unknown Procedure Removed From Flight Plan



Figure 4-88 Flight Plan Import Issue - Unknown Airway Removed From Flight Plan

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### 5 DIRECT-TO

The GTN 6XX Direct-To function can quickly set a course to any waypoint. If the pilot selects Direct-To to a waypoint that is in the flight plan, waypoint sequencing in the flight plan will resume upon reaching that waypoint. If the pilot selects Direct-To for a waypoint that is not in the flight plan, the flight plan will no longer be active but remains available. There are some fixes within procedures for which if a Direct-To is selected then the approach will not be active. For example, if you activate a Direct-To course to a waypoint between the FAF and the MAP and go Direct-To to that waypoint then approach guidance will not become active

# 5.1 Direct-To Navigation



1. Press the **Direct-To** key on the right side of the unit.





Figure 5-1 Direct-To Wpt Page



Select Waypoint, FPL, or NRST APT from the Direct-To window by touching the desired tab.



3. If a specific course is necessary, touch the **Course To** key.

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Enter

Use the numeric keypad to select the course and then touch the **Enter** key.



Figure 5-2 Direct-To Course Selection

Touch the desired waypoint and touch the **Activate** key or 5. press the **small right** knob.



Figure 5-3 Direct-To Selection

The Map page will now be displayed with the new Direct-To 6. course.

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### 5.2 Direct-To a Flight Plan Waypoint

The Direct-To selection is not available for all flight plan entries. Some flight plans entries including holds and course reversals cannot be selected for Direct-To. Instead, select the associated waypoint for the Direct-To function.



1. Press the **Direct-To** key on the right side of the unit.



2. Touch the **FPL** tab on the left side of the Direct-To window.



Figure 5-4 Direct-To Flight Plan Leg Selection

3. Touch the leg of your flight plan you want to use. The Direct-To Waypoint page will display information about the selected flight plan waypoint.



Figure 5-5 Selected Direct-To Flight Plan Leg



4. Touch the **Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

5. The Map page will now be displayed with the new Direct-To course.

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#### 5.3 **Direct-To a Nearest Airport**



Nearest Tab

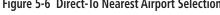
Press the **Direct-To** key on the lower right side of the unit.

Xpdr Ctrl

2. Touch the **NRST APT** tab on the left side of the Direct-To window. The nearest 25 airports within 200 NM will be listed. The airport at the top of the list is the nearest airport. To review the other nearest airports, touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

Touch List and Drag Finger to Scroll List KMIA 0.5 NM 136.97 Miami Intl Nearest Airport List 125.90 KOPF 6.2 NM Opa Locka Executive XPDR1 AL 1200 **KTMB** √ 12.2 NM Arrows Indicate More Items on the List

Figure 5-6 Direct-To Nearest Airport Selection



Touch the desired airport to select it. The selected airport will be displayed in the Waypoint page.



Figure 5-7 Selected Direct-To Nearest Airport

- Touch the **Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.
- The Map page will now be displayed with the new Direct-To course.



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### 5.4 Removing a Direct-To Course

When a Direct-To course is cancelled, the previously active flight plan will be reactivated and the nearest leg to the aircraft position will become the active leg. If there was no active flight plan, after cancelling the Direct-To course the aircraft will continue with the current heading.



1. Press the **Direct-To** key to display the Direct-To page.



Figure 5-8 Remove the Direct-To Course



- 2. Touch the **Remove** key.
- 3. Navigation will now return to the active flight plan.

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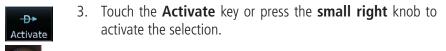
## 5.5 Direct-To Map Waypoint

A Direct-To course may be set to any waypoint selected on the Map page. The waypoint is selected by touching an item such as an airport, VOR, or NDB or any other location. Touching the map page at any place not having an existing location name will create a waypoint with the name "MAPWPT." Touching the **Direct-To** key will automatically insert the selected waypoint as the Direct-To waypoint.

- 1. On the Map page, touch the map at the location intended to be the Direct-To waypoint.
- 2. Press the **Direct-To** key on the right side of the unit.



Figure 5-9 Touch the Map to Create a MAPWPT as the Direct-To Course Destination



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### 5.6 Off-Route Direct-To Course

An off-route Direct-To course may be selected by uding the Waypoint tab, NRST Apt tab, or selecting a waypoint on the map. When an off-route Direct-To course is activate, the existing active flight plan will be deactivated. The original active flight plan and waypoint sequencing is reactivated when the Direct-To course is removed.



Figure 5-10 Active Flight Data is Removed When a Direct-To Course is Activated

# 5.7 Graphically Editing a Direct-To Route

Direct-To routes may be edited graphically on the Map page the same as a regular flight plan. Refer to section 8.3.3 for details.

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## 5.8 Direct-To a User-Defined Hold

**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.



**NOTE**: Any time a user hold is changed with the Direct-To key, upon pressing the "Activate the Direct-To Hold" key, navigation guidance will be given back to the holding fix and the new hold re-initiated.

A user-defined hold can be created as part of a Direct-To to any waypoint. Automatic waypoint sequencing will be suspended during the hold.



1. Press the **Direct-To** key to display the Direct-To page.



Figure 5-11 Create Hold at Direct-To Waypoint

2. Touch the **Hold** key. The Direct-To Hold page is displayed.

Touch to Select Direction Touch to Select Com Vol Psh Sq Hold At Waypoint <sup>сом</sup> 121.40 Touch to Select Specific Course 010° Inbound Right Turn Turn Direction 118.25 KSRQ CLR+ Touch to Select Leg Type Leg Time Touch to Select Leg Length Type M. XPDR STE 1200 Time 01:00 16:09 UTC **EFC Time** MSG Touch to Preview Touch to Accept 17 Hold S of HODAR Load Hold Selected Hold Hold Parameters

Touch to Select Leg Length

Figure 5-12 Entering Direct-To Hold Parameters

- 3. Touch the **Course** key to open the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the inbound or outbound course.
- 4. Touch the **Direction** key to select between Inbound or Outbound for the course direction.
- 5. Touch the **Turn** key to select between Left or Right for the turn direction.
- 6. Touch the **Leg Type** key to select between Time or Distance for the leg type.
- 7. Touch the **Leg Time** or **Leg Distance** key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the length of the leg.



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Turn Right Turn





8. Touch the **EFC** key to display the keypad. Use the keypad and the **Enter** key to select the Expect Further Clearance time for a reminder.

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Load Hold

9. Touch the **Load Hold** key to accept the hold parameters and return to the Direct-To page.



Figure 5-13 Direct-To Page with Hold Selected

D> Hold Activate 10. Touch the **Hold Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

## 5.9 Direct-To a Search and Rescue Pattern



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.

A search and rescue pattern can be created as part of a Direct-To to a flight plan, off-route, or map waypoint. Creating a SAR pattern as part of an off-route Direct-To will insert the SAR pattern waypoints at the end of the En Route portion of the active flight plan.

**-D**►

1. Press the **Direct-To** key to display the Direct-To page.



Figure 5-14 Create SAR Pattern at Direct-To Waypoint



2. Touch the **SAR** key. The Direct-To Search and Rescue Patterns page is displayed.

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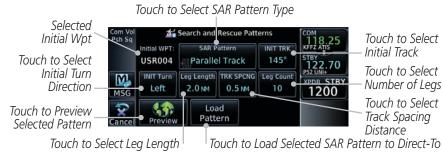


Figure 5-15 Direct-To Search and Rescue Pattern Page



Figure 5-16 Direct-To Search and Rescue Preview



3. Touch the **SAR Pattern** key to select between Parallel Track, Sector Search, Expanding Square, or Orbit for the SAR pattern type. The available patterns can be configured by the installer and all of the listed pattern types may not be available. Refer to section 4.2.4 for more details on configuring each pattern type.

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4. Touch the **Preview** key to open a preview of the selected pattern.

Load
Pattern

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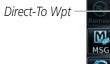
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 Confirm the SAR pattern information and then touch the Load Pattern key to accept the SAR parameters and return to the Direct-To page.



Specified Course to Direct-To Wpt **USR004** 298° DRK119 / 4 Waypoint 122.70 Touch to Activate User WPT XPDR STBY Direct-To Course and SAR Pattern 298° Selected SAR 41.3 NM Pattern Type

Figure 5-17 Direct-To Page with SAR Pattern Selected

-D→ SAR Appendix Activate 6. Touch the **SAR Activate** key or press the **small right** knob to activate the selection.

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### 6 PROCEDURES

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The GTN 6XX allows you to fly non-precision and precision approaches to airports with published instrument approach procedures. The system can also provide visual approach guidance to most airports.

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The Procedures page is displayed by touching the **PROC** key on the Home page. The Procedures page provides access to approaches, departures and arrivals. Selections are also shown to: Activate Approach, Vectors to Final, and Activate Missed Approach.

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**NOTE:** Baro-corrected altitude is not required by the GTN unit to meet the requirements of TSO-C146c; however, to take full advantage of the GTN unit's capabilities, an optional baro-corrected altitude source is recommended for (1) automatic sequencing of altitude leg types, and (2) en route vertical navigation. If the GTN does not receive baro-corrected altitude data, altitude leg types require manual sequencing, and en route vertical navigation is not available.

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## 6.1 Basic Approach Operations

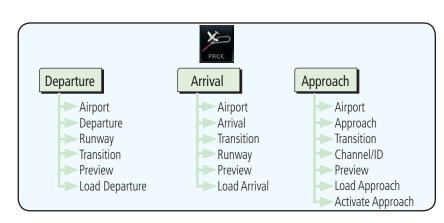
The GTN 6XX provides lateral and, when appropriate, vertical guidance for visual and GPS/RNAV approaches. The moving map pages can also be used as an aid to situational awareness for ILS, VOR, and NDB approaches (and non-precision localizer-based approaches), but the appropriate radio navigational aid MUST be used for primary approach course guidance for non-GPS approaches.

Approaches designed specifically for GPS are often very simple and don't require overflying a VOR or NDB. Currently, many non-precision approaches have "GPS overlays" to let you fly an existing procedure (VOR, VOR/DME, NDB, etc.) more accurately using GPS.

Many overlay approaches are more complex (in comparison to GPS-only approaches). The GTN 6XX displays and guides you through each leg of the approach — automatically sequencing through each of these legs, up to the missed approach point (MAP). Approaches may be flown "as published" with the full transition — using any published feeder route or initial approach fix (IAF) — or may be flown with a vectors-to-final transition.

Phase of flight annunciations are provided on the bottom of the display indicating the current mode of flight.

Procedures are arranged around the existing flight plan in the following order: Departure, En Route, Arrival, and Approach. For example, Departure waypoints are inserted before the En Route waypoints in the flight plan and Arrival waypoints are inserted between the En Route waypoints and the approach waypoints. Always verify that the transition waypoints between each phase are correct.



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Figure 6-1 Procedures Functional Diagram

Description
Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance (LPV) approach. Fly to LPV minimums.
Localizer Performance using published LP minima. Advisory vertical guidance is provided. Fly to LP minimums.
Localizer Performance with no vertical guidance. Fly to LP minimums.
Advisory visual approach with vertical guidance based on advisory terrain avoidance calculations. CDI scaling is identical to LPV approaches.
Lateral Navigation and Vertical Navigation (LNAV/VNAV) approach. Fly to LNAV/VNAV minimums.
GPS approach using published LNAV minima. Advisory vertical guidance is provided. Fly to LNAV minimums.
Lateral Navigation approach. Fly to LNAV minimums.
Missed Approach indicates the system is providing missed approach integrity and CDI full-scale deflection $\pm 0.3$ NM.
En route, CDI full-scale deflection is 2.0 NM or current CDI scale selection, whichever is smaller.
Terminal, CDI full-scale deflection is 1.0 NM or current CDI scale selection, whichever is smaller.
Departure, indicates the system is using non-precision approach integrity. CDI full-scale deflection is 0.3 NM.
Oceanic, CDI full-scale deflection is 2.0 NM.
For LNAV+V, LNAV/VNAV, or LPV approaches, the LOW ALT annunciation indicates the aircraft's estimated height is lower than the Final Approach Waypoint height by approximately 50 meters. This annunciation will not be active when TAWS is operational.

Table 6-1 Phase of Flight Annunciations

# **6.2 Selecting a Departure**

A Departure Procedure (DP) is loaded at the departure airport in the flight plan. Only one departure can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If a departure is loaded when another departure is already in the active flight plan, the new departure replaces the previous departure. The route is defined by selection of a departure, the transition waypoint, and a runway.



**NOTE:** Vector-only departures are not available in the Procedures database as the GTN 6XX cannot provide navigational guidance on vectored legs.

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 Touch the PROC key on the Home page and then touch the Departure key to display the Departure list.



Figure 6-2 Select Departure

2. If necessary, touch the **Airport** key and enter the departure airport. Touch the key for the desired Departure.



**NOTE:** Advisory climb altitudes for SIDs may not match charted altitudes. Do not rely solely on GTN advisory altitudes.

3. Touch the key for the desired Transition.



Figure 6-3 Selecting a Departure Transition



4. Touch the key for the desired Runway, if necessary.



Figure 6-4 Selecting a Departure Runway



**NOTE:** If the selected runway is depicted as RW10B, for instance, this means both runways 10L and 10R.

5. After selecting the runway, the Departure page will be displayed.



Figure 6-5 Result of Selecting a Departure



6. Touch the **Preview** key to view the Departure.



Figure 6-6 Previewing a Departure

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Load Departure 7. Touch the **Load Departure** key. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.



Scroll to View Flight Plan with Departure - Waypoints

Figure 6-7 Flight Plan View of the Selected Departure

8. Remove a departure or select a new one by touching the Departure key and selecting the desired choice.

# 6.3 Selecting an Arrival

A Standard Terminal Arrival (STAR) can be loaded at any airport with a published arrival procedure. Only one arrival can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If an arrival is loaded when another arrival is already in the active flight plan, the new arrival replaces the previous arrival. The route is defined by selection of an arrival, the transition waypoint, and a runway.



1. Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page to display the Procedures page and then touch the **Arrival** key to display the Arrival page.



Figure 6-8 Procedure Page

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If necessary, touch the **Airport** key to select a new airport.
 Touch the **Arrival** key to display the Arrival list for the selected airport.

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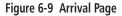
Touch to Display

Arrival List for the

Selected Airport

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3. Touch the desired Arrival from the Arrival list for the selected airport.



Figure 6-10 Select from Arrival List

4. Touch the **Transition** key and then touch the key for the desired transition.



Figure 6-11 Select from Transition List

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Arrival Wpt List and Map

5. Touch the key for the desired Runway, if necessary. The completed Arrival page will be displayed.



Touch to Load Arrival into the Active Flight Plan

Figure 6-12 Completed Arrival Page

**NOTE:** If the selected runway is depicted as RW10B, for instance, this means both runways 10L and 10R.

6. Touch the **Preview** key. A preview of the Arrival and the Sequence List will be displayed.



Figure 6-13 Arrival Map Preview and Sequence List

Load Arrival 7. Touch the **Load Arrival** key to insert the arrival into the flight plan. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed.



Figure 6-14 Flight Plan With Arrival Loaded



**NOTE**: If using Descent VNAV, verify that the altitudes for the selected procedure match the charted altitudes and are appropriate for the airframe type.

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#### **Selecting an Approach** 6.4

Only one approach can be loaded at a time in a flight plan. If an approach is loaded when another approach is already in the active flight plan, the new approach replaces the previous approach. The route is defined by selection of an approach, the transition waypoint, and a runway.



**NOTE:** In software v6.21 and later, the pilot may load an alternate approach during a missed approach procedure. The GTN retains all missed approaches in the flight plan.

Touch the **PROC** key on the Home page. The Approach, Arrival,

and Departure fields will be dashed until a selection is made.



Figure 6-15 Procedures Selection Window

Touch the **Approach** key on the Procedures page to select an approach for the destination airport. Confirm that the intended airport is shown or touch the **Airport** key and select the desired airport.



**NOTE:** If using Descent VNAV, verify that the altitudes for the selected procedure match the charted or ATC cleared altitudes and are appropriate for the airframe type.



Figure 6-16 Selecting an Approach

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3. Touch the **Approach** key on the Procedures-Approach page and then touch the key for the desired approach. Selections are listed according to approach type: instrument first, visual second.



Figure 6-17 Selecting an Approach from the List

4. After selecting the approach for the destination airport, the approach overview will be displayed.



Figure 6-18 Selected Approach Overview

5. Touch the **Transition** key and then touch the key for the desired transition. The selected Transition will be shown in white on the Procedure page Approach diagram. Unselected Transitions will be shown in gray.



Figure 6-19 Select Approach Transition

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 If desired, touch the Channel/ID key, then use the numeric keypad to select the channel number, and then touch the Enter key. The Channel and ID are typically loaded automatically if they are present.

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**NOTE:** As an alternate means of loading an approach, the Channel ID key allows you to select the channel ID for a SBAS approach for the current destination. The channel ID for the SBAS approach is available from an approved approach chart. If duplicate numbers are available for a channel, a list will be available where you may select the desired approach.

Preview

Seauence List

for Selected

Transition

Approach

Diagram

7. Touch the **Preview** key.

Com Vol Psh Sq NALTT A 
Figure 6-20 Selected Approach Preview



8. Touch the **Load Approach** key. The Active Flight Plan page will be displayed. The approach waypoints are placed at the end of the flight plan and the unit will automatically sequence to them after the en route waypoints.

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destination airport at the end and then

load an approach procedure, you will

navigate all the way to the destination

airport before joining the procedure.

ACTIVATING an approach procedure

that the route to be flown is correct.

Be sure when LOADING and not

If you build your flight plan with the

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#### v6.00 Through v6.41

If you build your flight plan with the destination airport at the end and then load an approach procedure, the destination airport will be removed from the end of the flight plan. If the leg to the destination airport is the active leg when loading an approach procedure, you will navigate all the way to the destination airport before joining the procedure. Be sure when LOADING and not ACTIVATING an approach procedure

that the route to be flown is correct.

Table 6-2 Loading and Activating an Approach



9. Touch the Load APPR & Activate key, which makes the active leg Direct-To the selected transition waypoint, or for Vector approaches to activate a leg that is an extended final approach course. You can also "activate" the selected procedure on the Procedures page, if the approach is not activated on this page.



**NOTE:** When re-activating an approach, the decision as to whether a hold is inserted at the IAF or not is assumed to be the same as the first time the approach was activated, regardless of current aircraft position. If the pilot wishes to have the hold inserted or removed from the procedure, the procedure must be re-loaded or activated from the PROC-Approach page.



# 6.5 Approaches with Procedure Turns

The procedure turn portion of an approach is stored as one of the legs of the approach. For this reason, the GTN 6XX unit requires no special operations from the pilot — other than flying the procedure turn itself — beyond what is required for any other type of approach. Roll steering is provided to aircraft with compatible autopilots.



**NOTE:** The steering provided for the procedure turn does not guarantee that the aircraft will stay within charted procedure turn boundaries. As such the crew will need to ensure that the approach is flown within the confines of the charted procedure.

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# 6.6 Flying the Missed Approach

Upon reaching the Missed Approach Point, the GTN 6XX unit continues to give guidance along an extension of the final course segment (FAF to MAP) until you manually initiate the missed approach procedure (as mentioned in reference to the "SUSP" advisory).



**NOTE:** If the unit is not configured for a CDI key, then the "activate GPS missed approach" will only resume automatic waypoint sequencing. The user must switch to GPS navigation, if desired, by using their external source selection method (this is typical an EFIS system).

1. When the MAP is reached, a pop-up will appear.



Figure 6-21 Pop-Up Upon Reaching the MAP



 Touch the Remain Suspended key to continue with sequencing suspended or touch Activate GPS Missed Approach for guidance to the Missed Approach Hold Point.

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The Activate GPS Missed Approach function is the same for the on screen controls or a remote switch. Activating the missed approach prior to the MAP can be accomplished on either the Flight Plan or Procedures pages. If using the Flight Plan page, the approach banner must be touched to display the Approach Options where Activate Missed Approach can be selected.



Figure 6-22 Approach Option Selection on the Flight Plan Page



Figure 6-23 Approach Option Selection on the Procedures Page

Once an option is selected, the GTN will continue to provide guidance along the final approach course. Upon reaching the MAP, the unit will automatically sequence to the first leg of the missed approach. This is used when a pilot needs to execute the missed approach prior to reaching the MAP.

# 6.7 Flying an Approach with a Hold

Upon activating an RNAV GPS approach, you are given the option to skip any non-required holding patterns during the initial transitions of the approach.

The Default NAV page and Flight Plan page displays a timer or distance, as appropriate, during the holding pattern. Use this timer or distance to fly the outbound portion of the holding pattern. (The holding pattern is displayed on the Map page and indicated as the active leg on the Default NAV and Active Flight Plan pages.)





**NOTE:** If you need to lose extra altitude or speed by going around the holding pattern again, touch **SUSP** to manually suspend waypoint sequencing BEFORE crossing the holding waypoint the second time. If you've already passed this waypoint, re-activate the holding pattern.

As you cross the MAP, a "SUSP" annunciation will appear, indicating that automatic sequencing of approach waypoints is suspended at the MAP. A "from" indication is displayed on the CDI and Default NAV page, but course guidance along the final approach course continues.

# 6.8 Flying a DME Arc Approach

Approaches that contain DME arcs are supported by the GTN. The GTN will provide guidance (left / right) relative to the arc. If you wish to activate the DME arc leg manually, the aircraft must be near the arc, as shown in the shaded area below.

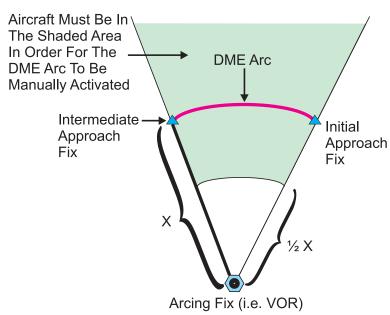


Figure 6-24 DME Arc Example

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## Radius-to-Fix (RF) Approaches

RF legs associated with RNAV RNP 1.0 non-AR (Approval Required) approaches are supported by the GTN in v6.00, or later, when approved by the installation.

- AC 90-101A defines RF leg as "a constant radius circular path, around a
  defined turn center, that starts and terminates at a fix. An RF leg may be
  published as part of a procedure."
- Flying the RF leg of an approach is similar to flying a DME arc approach. All GTN annunciations and indications are identical whether flying DME arcs or RF legs with the GTN.
- RF legs may have a larger or smaller radius than DME arcs.
- Unlike DME arcs, RF legs are not based on a VOR.
- Refer to the aircraft AFMS for specific details regarding RF legs for a specific aircraft.

#### 6.10 Vectors to Final

With "Vectors-To-Final" (VTF) selected, the CDI needle remains off center until you're established on the final approach course. With the approach activated, the Map page displays an extension of the final approach course in magenta (remember, magenta is used to depict the active leg of the flight plan) and "vtf" appears as part of the active leg on the Map page (as a reminder that the approach was activated with vectors-to-final).



**NOTE:** In software v5.13 and earlier, once VTF is activated all waypoints in the approach prior to the FAF are removed.

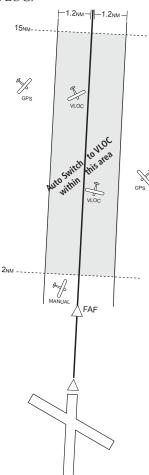


**NOTE:** In software v6.00 and later, all waypoints along the final approach course, including waypoints before the FAF, are included in the flight plan and the final approach course to the FAF is activated.

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# 6.11 ILS Approaches (GTN 650 Only)

Precision ILS approaches can be performed with the built-in VLOC (VOR/localizer/glideslope) receivers. The GPS receiver can be used for guidance prior to reaching the final approach fix, but once there, the proper frequency must be selected on the VLOC window (right side of screen) and the CDI output set to "VLOC."



The GTN 6XX can be set to automatically switch the external CDI output from GPS to VLOC as you intercept the final approach course (if used with a KAP140/KFC225 autopilot, you will need to manually enable outputs. Refer to the instructions in the "Enabling Autopilot Outputs for the King KAP140/KFC225" section). When the ILS approach is activated and the correct ILS frequency is active in the VLOC window, the GTN 6XX automatically switches to VLOC within 1.2 NM left or right of the final approach course. This switch can take place anywhere from 2.0 to 15.0 NM from the FAF.

The illustration shows multiple locations along the approach path and the CDI selection that you can expect: GPS or VLOC. Within the area of the shaded box, the automatic switch from GPS to VLOC should occur.

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**NOTE**: If you attempt to intercept the approach course at a distance less than 2.0 NM from the FAF, the GTN 6XX does not automatically switch the CDI to VLOC. In this case, touch the **CDI** key to manually switch from GPS to VLOC.



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selection can also be changed manually by touching the CDI key. **RNAV Approach Procedures** 6.12

The GTN 6XX allows for flying LNAV/VNAV, LNAV, LNAV +V, LPV, LP, and LP +V approaches according to the published chart.

The automatic switch from GPS to VLOC is not immediate, but instead occurs gradually to prevent abrupt CDI changes when coupled to an autopilot. The CDI

	Phase of flight Annunciation	Description	Minimums
	L/VNAV	Lateral Navigation/Vertical Navigation. RNAV non- precision approach with vertical guidance.	Published LNAV/ VNAV minimums.
	LNAV	Lateral Navigation. RNAV non-precision approach.	Published LNAV minimums.
	LNAV + V	Lateral Navigation with Advisory Vertical Guidance. RNAV non-precision LNAV approach with advisory vertical guidance. The glidepath is typically denoted by a light dashed line on the vertical profile (Jeppeson only) with an associated glidepath angle (usually in the 3.00 degree range) and is provided to assist the pilot in maintaining a constant vertical glidepath, similar to an ILS glideslope.	Published LNAV minimums.
	LPV	Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance (LPV) approach. RNAV precision approach.	Published LPV minimums.
	LP	LP indicates Localizer Performance with no vertical guidance.	Published LP minimums.
5	LP +V	LP +V indicates Localizer Performance with advisory vertical guidance. This annunciation is available in software v6.00 and later. This advisory guidance follows the same nature as set by the LNAV +V as shown above.	Published LP minimums.

Table 6-3 RNAV Approach Annunciations

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#### 6.12.1 Flying the LPV Approach

 Within 31 NM of the destination, the GTN switches from en route mode to terminal mode and the CDI scale transitions from 2.0 to 1.0 NM, full scale deflection.

As you approach the IAF, a waypoint message appears on the bottom of the screen.

- As the distance (DIST) to the IAF approaches zero, the message is replaced by a turn advisory that counts down 10 seconds prior to the turn.
- 4. As you approach the FAF, the GTN will begin to automatically rescale in an angular fashion. This will allow the LPV approach to be flown in an identical fashion to a standard ILS. At 2.0 NM from the FAF, CDI scaling is tightened from 1.0 NM to the angular full scale deflection (typically the angular full-scale deflection is 2.0°, but will be as defined for the approach).
- Sixty seconds prior to reaching the FAF, the unit will check the 5. required Horizontal Alarm Limit (HAL) and Vertical Alarm Limit (VAL) to ensure the GPS position integrity is within limits to complete the LPV precision approach. In the event the HAL or VAL limits are exceeded, the approach will be downgraded to a non-precision approach indicated by "LNAV" on the moving map, a message that the approach is downgraded ("APPROACH DOWNGRADE - GPS approach downgraded. Use LNAV minima."), and the glideslope indicator will be flagged. You may continue the approach using LNAV non-precision minimums if there are LNAV minimums for this approach. In the rare event the GPS integrity cannot meet the non-precision HAL limits, the unit will send a message to the pilot to abort the approach ("ABORT APPROACH - GPS approach no longer available."). The unit will revert to terminal limits to support navigation to the missed approach when the message is acknowledged. After the aircraft has passed the FAF, a loss of WAAS integrity will cause the approach to abort instead of downgrade.
- 6. Capture the glideslope as you would an ILS glideslope.

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- As you cross the FAF, the destination sequences to the MAP (e.g., "RW31," the runway threshold). With the needle on the external CDI (or HSI) centered, fly toward the MAP, observing the altitude minimums published on the approach plate.
- When viewing the Map page, you'll note that the final course segment is displayed in magenta (the active leg of the flight plan always appears in magenta).
- As you approach the MAP, a waypoint message appears on the bottom of the screen
- 10. Once the unit crosses the MAP (defined as the runway end waypoint), sequencing will be suspended. Prepare the aircraft for missed approach operation. Touch the **Unsuspend** key to sequence to the Missed Approach procedure.
- 11. Fly the guidance provided by the unit to the MAHP and hold.

#### 6.12.2 Flying the LP Approach

An LP approach is flown similarly to an LNAV approach, except the precision is greater as it utilizes the SBAS accuracy. It has similar lateral accuracy as an LPV approach. Angular scaling is similar to a localizer approach. Most LP approaches have step down altitudes associated with them. The approach still results in an MDA and missed approach point.

If the approach is indicated as LP +V, advisory vertical guidance will be provided. This does not change how the approach should be flown, and the pilot is still responsible for descending to the correct altitude at each step down. The approach still results in an MDA and missed approach point.

- 1. Within 30 NM of the destination, the GTN switches from en route mode to terminal mode and the CDI scale transitions from 2.0 to 1.0 NM, full scale deflection.
- As you approach the IAF, a turn direction message appears on the bottom of the screen.
- As the distance (DIST) to the IAF approaches zero, the message is replaced by a time to turn advisory that counts down 10 seconds prior to the turn.
- As you approach the FAF, the GTN will begin to automatically rescale in an angular fashion. This will allow the LP approach to be flown in the same fashion as a standard localizer approach. At 2.0 NM from the FAF, CDI scaling is tightened from up to either 2° or 0.3 NM, full scale deflection, whichever is smaller.



Sixty seconds prior to reaching the FAF, the GTN will check the required Horizontal Alarm Limit (HAL) to ensure the GPS position integrity is within limits to complete the LP non-precision approach. In the event the HAL limits are exceeded, the approach will be downgraded, when available, indicated by "LNAV" on the moving map, otherwise the approach will be aborted. A message will note that the approach is downgraded and the NAV indicator will be flagged until the message is viewed. You may continue the approach using LNAV non-precision minimums if there are LNAV minimums for this approach. In the rare event the GPS HAL limits cannot meet non-precision limits, the GTN will notify the pilot with a message to abort the approach. The GTN will revert to terminal limits of 1.0 NM to support navigation to the missed approach. If the approach is indicating an LP +V, it is possible that the advisory vertical guidance could be removed without annunciation due to the vertical guidance not being within tolerances. This does not constitute a downgrade, and the approach can still be flown to LP minimums.

6. As you cross the FAF, the destination sequences to the MAP. With the needle on the external CDI (or HSI) centered, fly toward the MAP, observing the altitude minimums dictated by the approach plate.

- When viewing the Map page, you'll note that the final course segment is displayed in magenta (the active leg of the flight plan always appears in magenta).
- 8. As you approach the MAP, a waypoint message ("Arriving at Waypoint") appears on the bottom of the screen.
- At the MAP initiate the missed approach, if necessary. Once the GTN crosses the MAP, sequencing will be suspended. Prepare the aircraft for missed approach operation. Touch the **Unsuspend** key to sequence to the Missed Approach procedure.



**NOTE**: For missed approaches with heading legs, fly manually until the first active course leg is reached.

10. Fly the guidance provided by the GTN to the MAHP and hold.

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# 6.13 Visual Approach Procedures



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.30 and later. Not all airports in the database support visual approaches.

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The GTN generates visual approaches, providing advisory horizontal and optional vertical guidance for the selected runway. Advisory guidance aids in the performance of a stabilized approach and ensures the aircraft is in line with the destination runway.

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There are three different methods for loading and activating visual approaches.

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**Method 1**: Select the **Visual** key on the map. When the aircraft is within 10 NM of the destination airport the **Visual** key displays. For information about key configuration, refer to "Visual Approach Selector".

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Figure 6-25 Visual Approach Key Flying Near Destination

**Method 2**: Select the **Visual** key located on the left edge of the screen. This key appears when a visual approach supported airport is selected on the map during pan mode.



Figure 6-26 Visual Approach Key When Selecting Airport



For both methods, pressing the **Visual** key prompts a list of available visual approaches. Once selected, the visual approach immediately loads and becomes active.

**Method 3**: Visual approaches load from the PROC – Approach page or the Airport Info - Procedures tab (similar to published instrument approaches). For information on how to use this page, refer to section 6.4.

After a visual approach loads, a confirmation pop-up prompts, detailing the glidepath angle (GPA) and threshold crossing height (TCH) when vertical guidance is available. When unavailable it reads, "NO VERTICAL GUIDANCE."



Vertical Guidance Available



Vertical Guidance Unavailable

Figure 6-27 Visual Approach Configuration Pop-up

The availability of vertical guidance advisories for visual approaches is dependent on terrain and obstacle obstructions along the approach path. If no known obstructions are within the approach path, vertical guidance is provided to a maximum distance of 28 NM from the runway. If there are known obstructions further than 3 NM, but within the 28 NM maximum distance from the runway along the approach, vertical guidance is limited to the approach path portion after crossing the known obstructions. This is indicated by the shortened magenta line on the map after loading the approach. If obstructions are within 3 NM to the runway, along the approach path, advisory vertical guidance is not provided. Lateral guidance is always provided for visual approaches.

Published data is used to determine the visual approach GPA and TCH for the selected runway. If no published data is available, the default is 3° GPA and 50 FT TCH.



**NOTE**: If the GTN does not have a valid terrain database, advisory vertical quidance is not available for visual approaches.



**NOTE**: Only external CDI/VDI displays provide vertical deviation indications.

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#### 6.14 Points to Remember for All Procedures

• The GTN 6XX Map page is designed to complement your printed approach plates and vastly improve situational awareness throughout the approach. However, you must always fly an approach as it appears on the approach plate.

• The active leg (or the portion of the approach currently in use) is depicted in magenta on the Map page. As you fly the approach, the GTN 6XX automatically sequences through each leg of the approach unless "SUSP" appears at the annunciation bar at the bottom of the display. "SUSP" indicates that automatic sequencing of approach waypoints is *suspended* on the current leg and normally appears at holding patterns and upon crossing the missed approach point (MAP), for Climb to Altitude legs, and for Hold to Altitude legs.

- For roll steering autopilots: roll steering is terminated when approach mode is selected on the autopilot and is available once the missed approach is initiated.
- If Vectors-to-Final is activated while on the "FROM" side of the FAF, automatic waypoint sequencing is suspended and the SUSP annunciation will appear. Automatic waypoint sequencing will resume once the aircraft is on the "TO" side of the FAF and within full-scale deflection.
- For all procedures, make sure to check the runway, transition, and all waypoints.
- Most legs are "TO" legs on which the TO/FROM flag on the CDI indicates "TO" and the Distance field on the flight plan decreases as you navigate along the leg. However, some procedures include legs which are "FROM" legs. On these legs, the TO/FROM flag on the CDI indicates "FROM" and the Distance field on the flight plan increases as you navigate the leg. "FROM" legs are typically found on procedure turns and on some missed approach procedures.



**CAUTION:** Not all autopilots will follow guidance when on a heading leg using NAV, GPSS, or APR mode on the autopilot. Heading legs for procedures can be identified by "HDG XXX°" in white on the Flight Plan page, as well as the procedure chart indicating that the aircraft must fly a particular heading. Certain autopilots will revert to a "Roll Only" or "Wings Level" mode on these leg types and the pilot must engage the heading (HDG) mode of the autopilot and set the heading bug appropriately in order to use the autopilot on these legs.

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#### Points to Remember for Localizer or 6.15 **VOR-based Approaches**

• The default factory setting allows the CDI output to automatically switch from the GPS receiver to the LOC receiver. This may be changed to manual in some installations. If the "ILS CDI Selection" setting is changed to "Manual," you must determine when to select "GPS" or "VLOC" guidance during the approach. Remember, "VLOC" is required for the final course segment from the Final Approach Fix (FAF) to the MAP.



**NOTE:** Installations with certain autopilots, such as the KAP 140 and KFC225, do not allow automatic ILS CDI switching.





**NOTE**: GPS phase of flight annunciations (LPV, ENR, etc.) are not applicable to the external CDI (or HSI) when VLOC is active.

• If the CDI output has not automatically switched from GPS to ILS upon reaching the FAF, you must manually switch to the VLOC receiver by touching the CDI key. Verify that "VLOC" is displayed.

• Automatic switching of CDI output is available for ILS, localizer, SDF and LDA approaches. Automatic CDI switching is <u>not</u> available for backcourse approaches or VOR approaches.

- When flying an approach with the autopilot-coupled, you must monitor system functions at all times and verify that the autopilot and external CDI (or HSI) switch to the VLOC receiver with sufficient time to capture and track the approach course. Switching to "VLOC" late in the approach may not provide the autopilot enough time to respond and intercept the approach course prior to the FAF (depending upon the performance characteristics of your autopilot and aircraft).
- When an ILS or VOR approach is first selected or executed, the frequency is automatically checked. If the frequency is incorrect, you will receive a message and you must place the correct ILS or VLOC frequency in the active frequency field.

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• When flying a localizer-based approach (other than backcourse) with automatic CDI switching enabled:

- 1. "GPS" guidance may be used while flying outbound and on the initial portion of the procedure turn.
- 2. "VLOC" guidance is used on the remainder of the approach from the time you turn inbound on the procedure turn.
- 3. The localizer frequency must be active to use "VLOC" guidance at the MAP.



- 1. You may select "VLOC" guidance at any point on the approach prior to reaching the FAF.
- 2. The localizer frequency must be active to use "VLOC" guidance.

# 6.16 Enabling Autopilot Outputs for the King KAP140/KFC225

Autopilot outputs for the King KAP140/KFC225 autopilots are activated manually by the pilot after being prompted during the approach procedure. After enabling outputs, the GTN 6XX will provide guidance information consistent with what the autopilot expects (i.e., angular CDI scaling and glideslope capture for an LPV or other vertically guided GPS approach).



Figure 6-28 Prompt To Activate Autopilot Outputs



# 7 WAYPOINT INFO

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The Waypoint Info function allows you to view information about the selected waypoint. The Waypoint Info page can be reached from the Home page, selected from a flight plan, or selected from the Nearest page.

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Figure 7-1 Waypoint Info Page

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Ref Wpt - Rad - Dis Temporary? Lat/Lon Radial/Radial Radial/Dist Lat/Lon Position Type Comment Preview Name View All -Name Delete Edit Select NDB Preview Select VRP Preview Select VOR Select INT Preview Metars
Forecast
TAF Runways
Runway
PCL
Frequencies Procedures Wx Data Preview **NOTAMS** 

Figure 7-2 Waypoint Info Functional Diagram

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# 7.1 Waypoint Selection



1. Touch the **Waypoint Info** key and then touch the desired waypoint type (Airport, INT, VOR, etc).



2. Touch the waypoint identifier.



3. The waypoint identifier selection page will be shown and the waypoint identifier field will be active for selection. Touch the required keys on the alphanumeric keypad to select the desired waypoint identifier and then touch the **Enter** key.



Figure 7-3 Waypoint Ident Selection

4. The selected waypoint will be the selected Airport Identifier.



Figure 7-4 Waypoint Ident Selection Result

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# 7.2 Airport

The Airport page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the airport.

#### 7.2.1 Info

The upper part of the page shows the airport identifier and type, name, city and region, the latitude/longitude coordinates of the airport, and the bearing (and direction arrow) and distance to the airport from your present position. The center area shows the airport elevation, fuel availability, and time zone.



- 1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Airport** key.
- 2. Touch the **Info** key to display available information for the airport.



Figure 7-5 Waypoint Info Airport Page

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#### 7.2.2 **Preview**

The Waypoint Info Airport Preview page provides detailed information about the selected airport.



Touch the **Preview** key to view a map of the airport and surrounding area.

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Use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the Preview map.

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Touch to Zoom

Figure 7-6 Waypoint Info Airport Map Page

You may touch the map window and while pressing the display drag your finger to move the map view.

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#### 7.2.3 Procedures



1. Touch the **Procedures** key to view details about procedures for the selected airport.



Figure 7-7 Waypoint Info Airport Procedures Page

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- 2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional procedures, as needed.
- 3. Touch one of the procedure keys to select it for the Procedures function.



Figure 7-8 Waypoint Info Airport Arrival Information

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### 7.2.4 Runways



Pilot-Controlled Lighting Frequency Touch to Place in Standby

Figure 7-9 Waypoint Info Airport Runway Information Page



1. Touch the **Runways** key to view information about the available runways for the selected airport. The runway identifiers, surface type, lighting with Pilot Controlled Lighting (PCL) frequency, runway size, and traffic pattern direction are shown.



2. Touch the **Runway** key to select a runway from the list. Touch the desired runway to select it.



Figure 7-10 Waypoint Info Airport Runway Selection



3. Touch the **PCL** key to load the PCL frequency into the Com Standby location.

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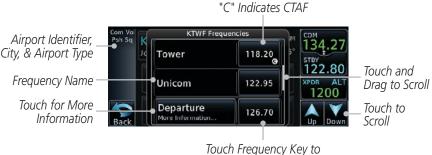
## 7.2.5 Frequencies



1. Touch the **FREQ** key to view details about available frequencies for the selected airport.



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional frequencies, as needed. A "C" symbol in a white circle will appear next to frequencies that also function as the Common Traffic Advisory Frequency (CTAF).



Load into Com Standby

Figure 7-11 Waypoint Info Airport Frequency List Page

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- Touch the **Frequency** key next to the frequency name to load it as the Com or Nav standby frequency, depending on frequency type.
- 4. Some frequencies have more information available and will indicate that below the frequency name.



Figure 7-12 Waypoint Info Airport Frequency More Information

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#### 7.2.6 Weather (WX) Data



 Touch the **WX Data** key on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view textual METARs, City Forecast, and TAF weather information available for the selected airport.

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Figure 7-13 Waypoint Info Airport Weather Page



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the Weather page information.

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# 7.2.7 NOTAM Pages



1. Touch the **NOTAMs** key on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view NOTAMs available for the selected airport.



Figure 7-14 Waypoint Info Airport NOTAMs Page



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional information, as needed.

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**Helipads** 7.2.8

> Touch the **Helipads** key on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view any information available for the selected helipad. Helipad information may not be complete or consistent due to the data available from the 3rd party sources.



Figure 7-15 Helipad Waypoint Info

#### Nearest VRPs 7.2.9

1. Touch the **NRST VRPs** tab on the Airport Waypoint Info page to view a list of the visual reporting points that are located near the selected airport.



Figure 7-16 Waypoint Info Airport NRST VRPs Page

2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to view additional information, as needed.

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# 7.3 Intersection (INT)

The Intersection page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the intersection. The top left area of the page displays the Intersection identifier and region. The top center area shows the latitude/longitude coordinates of the Intersection and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the Intersection from your present position.

Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

The center area of the page shows a map with the Intersection in the center.



1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Intersection** key.



Figure 7-17 Waypoint Info - Intersections



Touch **Preview** and then use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You may touch the map window and while lightly pressing the display, drag your finger to move the map view. Foreword

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#### **7.4 VOR**

The VOR page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the VOR. The top left area of the page displays the VOR identifier, name, city and state, and region. The top center area shows the latitude/longitude coordinates of the VOR and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the VOR from your present position. The top right area shows the frequency in a key. Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

The center area of the page shows a map with the VOR in the center.

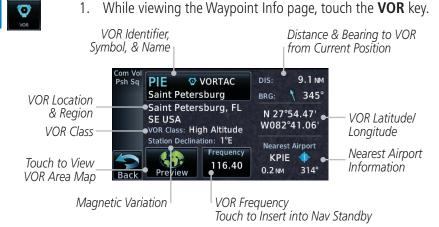


Figure 7-18 Waypoint Info - VORs

- 2. Touch **Preview** and then use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You may touch the map window and while lightly pressing the display, drag your finger to move the map view.
- 3. Touch the **Frequency** key next to load it as the Nav standby frequency.

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#### **7.5 VRP**



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.20 or later.



**NOTE**: Visual Reporting Point database coverage is not available in all regions.

The VRP (Visual Reporting Point) page of the Waypoint Info function provides information about the VRP. The top area shows the latitude/longitude coordinates of the VRP and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the VRP from your present position. Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list. The center area of the page shows a map with the VRP in the center.



1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **VRP** key.



Figure 7-19 Waypoint Info - Visual Reporting Point



Use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You can touch the map window and while lightly pressing the display, drag your finger to move the map view. Foreword

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#### **7.6** NDB

The NDB page of the Waypoint Info function provides a variety of detailed information about the NDB. The top left area of the page displays the NDB identifier, name, city and state, and region. The top center area shows the latitude/longitude coordinates of the NDB and the bearing (with direction arrow) and distance to the NDB from your present position. The top right area shows the frequency in a key.

Select another Waypoint by touching the **Waypoint Identifier** key, entering the characters for the desired name with the alphanumeric keypad, and then touching the **Enter** key. You may also search through the list by touching the **Find** key and then choosing from the existing list of waypoints by touching the desired waypoint from the list.

The center area of the page shows a map with the NDB in the center.

1. While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **NDB** key.



Figure 7-20 Waypoint Info for NDBs

2. Touch **Preview** and then use the **In** and **Out** keys to zoom in and out on the map. You may touch the map window and while pressing the display lightly drag your finger to move the map view.

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# 7.7 User Waypoints



**NOTE**: User airport feature is available in software v6.50 and later.

In addition to the airport, VOR, NDB and intersection information contained in the navigation database, the GTN 6XX allows you to store up to 1,000 user-defined waypoints. The User Waypoint page displays the waypoint name (up to six characters long), location, and elevation (user airports only).

To minimize nuisance terrain alerting when landing at airports not in the navigation database, user waypoints may be configured as user airports. User airports display on both the Waypoint Info and Nearest Airport pages.



Figure 7-21 Waypoint Info for a User Waypoint

# 7.7.1 Select User Waypoint by Name



1. While viewing the User Waypoint page, touch the User Waypoint Name.



2. Use the keypad to select the characters for the name and then touch **Enter**.

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Select User Waypoint from a List 7.7.2

> While viewing the Waypoint Info page, touch the **User WPT** key.

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Touch the **View List** key and then use the **Up** and **Down** keys to view the waypoints on the list.

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Figure 7-22 Waypoint Info User Waypoint List

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#### 7.7.3 **Edit User Waypoint**



Touch the key for the desired information and make changes as needed.

# 7.7.4

# **Delete User Waypoint**

- Select the desired User Waypoint and touch the **Delete** key.
- Touch the **OK** key to confirm deleting the selected waypoint. 2.

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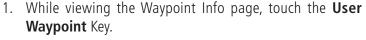
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#### 7.7.5 **Delete All User Waypoints**





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Touch the View List key and then touch the Menu key to open the User Waypoints Menu.

User Waypoints Menu

Filter Delete All AII Touch to Filter Touch to Delete Waypoints to Delete All User Waypoints

Figure 7-23 User Waypoints Menu



Touch the **Filter** key to select which type of user waypoints 3. to delete: All, Basic, or Mark On Target.



Touch the **Delete All** key to delete all of the user waypoints.

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# 7.8 Create Waypoint

User waypoints are created from the Create User Waypoint page. To create a new user waypoint, simply enter its name (identifier) and position, or reference another waypoint by radial and distance.

Touch to Set as User Airport



Figure 7-24 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint

- 1. From the Waypoint Info page, touch the **Create Wpt** key.
- 2. Touch the **User Identifier** key.
- 3. Use the keypad to type the waypoint name (up to six characters) and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 7-25 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Name

- 4. If desired, touch the **Airport** key to make the waypoint a user airport.
- 5. Touch the **Comment** key to add a short comment for the new waypoint.
- Touch the **Position** key and then **LAT/LON**, **Radial/ Radial,** or **Radial/Distance** to assign the type. Refer to the following instructions for more detail.

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Figure 7-26 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type



If desired, touch the **Temporary?** key to create the waypoint for only temporary use. Temporary waypoints will be removed when the power is cycled.



8. For user airports, touch the **Elevation** key and specify airport elevation.



9. When finished with all selections, touch the **Create** key to create the new waypoint.

# 7.8.1 Mark On Target



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v4.00 and later.

If an external Mark On Target (MOT) switch is installed, pressing that switch will result in the creation of a User waypoint called MOTxxx at the point in space where the MOT switch was pushed. The waypoints are created in increasing numeric order up to number 999, at which point they will start replacing existing waypoints at the beginning of the list.

When a Mark on Target waypoint is created, it may not be immediately visible on the moving map page because the ownship icon will be directly on top of the waypoint. Creation of the waypoint can be verified by changing zoom scales on the map or viewing the User Waypoints page.

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# Waypoint Location Based on LAT/LON

 From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Position** key and then the **LAT/LON** key. Next, touch the latitude/longitude value key.

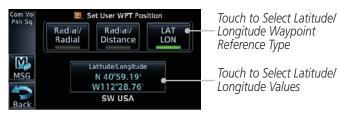


Figure 7-27 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type - Latitude/Longitude



2. The latitude/longitude coordinate values will be highlighted. Touch the LAT or LON key to toggle selection of the hemisphere values and highlight the selected value. The Large knob may also be used for cursor movement and characters selected with the Small knob. Use the Large knob to backspace or move the cursor to the left.



Figure 7-28 Waypoint Info - Set Latitude/Longitude Coordinates



3. Touch the desired hemisphere keys to select the desired values. After selecting the hemisphere value, the cursor will advance to the first character of the adjacent numeric value for selection. Even when the hemisphere values are highlighted, touching a valid numeric key will always place the cursor at the first numeric value.



Enter

Create

4. When finished with the latitude/longitude selections, touch the **Enter** key.

5. When finished with all selections, touch the **Create** key to create the new waypoint.

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# 7.8.3 Waypoint Location Based on Two Radials



 From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Position** key and then the **Radial/Radial** key.

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Figure 7-29 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type - Radial/Radial

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2. Touch a **Ref Wpt** key and use the alphanumeric keypad to select the desired identifier.

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3. Touch the upper **Radial** key and use the numeric keypad to select the desired value.

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4. Touch the **Enter** key.

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5. When finished with all selections, touch the **Create** key to create the new waypoint.

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Radial/ Distance

# 7.8.4 Waypoint Location Based on Radial and Distance

1. From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Position** key and then the **Radial/Distance** key.

Touch to Select Radial/Distance Waypoint Reference Type



Figure 7-30 Waypoint Info - Create User Waypoint Type - Radial/Distance

- From the Create User Waypoint page, touch the **Ref Wpt** key and use the alphanumeric keypad to select the desired identifier.
- 3. Touch the **Radial** key and use the numeric keypad to select the desired value.
- 4. Touch the **Distance** key and use the numeric keypad to select the desired value.
- 5. Touch the **Enter** key.
- 6. Touch the **Create WPT** key to save the new waypoint.

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# 7.9 Import User Waypoints (Datacard)

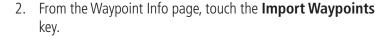


**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v5.10 and later.

The GTN can import user generated waypoints from a file on the datacard. The created waypoints will be at the latitude and longitude specified in the file with the specified name and comment. This function overwrites any existing user waypoints with the same name.

When a user waypoint file is on the datacard, a key will be available on the Waypoint Info page for importing user waypoints.

1. Insert a datacard with the User waypoints into the GTN.



3. Touch **OK** to acknowledge the pop-up to import all of the user waypoints in the file.



Figure 7-31 Start User Waypoint Import

4. The pilot is informed of the status of the user waypoint import via one of the following system messages.

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Foreword	Message	Description
Getting Started	USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints were imported successfully.	All user waypoints were imported successfully.
Audio & Xpdr Ctrl	USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed.	User waypoint import failed due to improper file format.
Com/Nav FPL	USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed. User waypoint database is full.	User waypoint catalog is full and the requested user waypoints could not be imported.
Direct-To	USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints imported successfully - existing waypoints reused.	User waypoints imported and existing waypoints are used instead of creating duplicate waypoints. This occurs when
Proc	, 3 ,,	a waypoint to be imported is within 0.001° latitude and longitude of an
Wpt Info		existing user waypoint (roughly a few hundred feet, depending on latitude).
Мар	Table 7-1 User Wayp	oint Import Messages
Traffic	For more detail on importing user w	raypoints, visit <u>flyGarmin.com.</u>
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# 8 MAP

The Map page is used to provide situational awareness in flight. The Map page can display the following information:

- Airports, NAVAIDS, airspace, airways, land data (highways, cities, lakes, rivers, borders, etc.) with names
- Wind direction and speed
- Icons for enabled map features
- Aircraft icon (with the nose representing present position)
- Nav range ring

- Flight plan legs
- Topography scale
- Topography data
- NEXRAD (or Precip) Weather (Opt.)
- Terrain Overlay
- Traffic Overlay
- Fuel range ring (software v6.00 or later)
- Track vector (software v6.20 or later)

Active Flight Map Menu 1800 FT 351° Options Plan Leg North Indicator Aircraft Symbol Map Orientation (Present Position) Back to Range Keys Previous Page Touch to Zoom In and Out Nav Range Ring Map Scale

Figure 8-1 Map Page Description



**NOTE:** The electronic map is an aid to navigation and is designed to facilitate the use of authorized government charts, not replace them. Land and water data is provided only as a general reference. The accuracy of the land and water data is not suitable for use as a primary source of navigation and should only be used to supplement official government charts and notices.



The following information describes the ownship symbol behavior in a helicopter that does not have a source of magnetic heading information connected to the GTN.

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When greater than 15 knots ground speed the map is oriented either north up with ownship oriented to its current track or track up. When less than 15 kts ground speed, the directional ownship icon is replaced with a non-directional icon because it can't be determined if the rotorcraft is going sideways or backwards. The map will continue to orient to the current track if the map is selected for Track Up. If the map is oriented to track up, then below 5 kts ground speed the map orientation will "latch" to the last valid track prior to the ground speed going below 5 kts. The map will reorient when the ground speed again exceeds 5 kts. The position of the ownship icon over the map is always the current GPS position of the aircraft.



Figure 8-2 Map Page Functional Diagram

# GARMIN.

# 8.1 Map Menu

The Map Menu provides the ability to modify and control the information displayed on the Map page.

• Map Overlays are selected to overlay various types of information over the base map.

• Map Setup modifies the display of other map features.

- Map User Fields determines whether or not the fields in the corners of the Map page are displayed and the data shown in each corner.
- Map Detail lets you control the amount of information displayed at different map ranges.
- Restore Defaults lets you start all over again with the default values for Map User Fields.



**NOTE:** Changes made in the Map Menu take effect immediately on the map display.



Map Overlay Selections

 From the Home page, touch Map to reach the Map page, and then touch the Menu key.



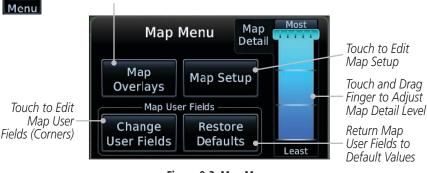


Figure 8-3 Map Menu

- 2. Touch the key for the desired option to access its settings.
- 3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Map page. Any changes made will be retained until changed.

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#### Map Overlays 8.1.1

Map Overlays are layers of information that are referenced to geographic location and are overlayed on the base map. A green bar will appear below the Map Overlay key text when the overlay is selected, except for Airways and NEXRAD.

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**NOTE**: Map overlay keys do not turn on or activate equipment necessary for the overlay to function. Map overlay keys may remain available even if the information necessary for the overlay is not available. For example: the Radar overlay key is available even if the radar is turned off.

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**NOTE**: Map overlays for Stormscope or Traffic are prevented from being overlaid on the main map without a heading source or while User Navigation Angles are selected.

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#### **Overlay Priority** 8.1.1.1

The data overlayed on the map is displayed according the following priorities (from highest to lowest):

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1 - Traffic 10 - Cell Movement		19 - AIREPS	28 - NEXRAD
2 - Ownship	11 - Lightning	20 - City Forecast	29- Cloud Tops
3 - Flight Plan	12 - METARs	21 - Surface Analysis	30 - IR Satellite
4 - TAWS Alerts	13 - Winds Aloft	22 - Airspace	31 - SafeTaxi
5 - Stormscope	14 - SIGMETs	23 - Waypoints	32 - Terrain
6 - Obstacles	6 - Obstacles 15 - AIRMETs		33 - Base Map
7 - Fuel Range Ring	16 - Cyclone Warning	25 - Turbulence	34 - Topo
8 - TFRs	17 - County Warning	26 - Icing Potential	
9 - Freezing Levels	18 - PIREPs	27 - Echo Tops	

Table 8-1 Data Overlay Priority



### 8.1.1.2 Topo

The Topo Data option selects whether the colored topographical features are displayed. Traffic, Land Data, Terrain, and Obstacles will still be displayed even with Topo Data turned off.



1. While viewing the Map Menu, touch **Map Overlays** key, and then the **TOPO** Map Overlay key to toggle the Topo setting.



Topo Map Overlay Off

Topo Map Overlay On

Figure 8-4 Topo Map Overlay Selections

When the Topo Map Overlay is toggled off, all topographic color features are removed.

# 8.1.1.3 Airways

The Airways option allows you to select the airways that are shown on the Map page. All, Low only, and High only Airways may be selected. When Off is selected, airways will not be shown.



 While viewing the Map Menu, touch Map Overlays key, and then the Airways Map Overlay key to select the Airways viewed. Selections are: Off, Low, High, and All.



Figure 8-5 Airways Map Overlay

Low Airways are shown as gray lines. High Airways are shown as green lines. Foreword

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#### 8.1.1,4 Terrain

The Terrain Data option selects whether Terrain Data is shown on the Map page. Terrain and NEXRAD weather may not be displayed at the same time. Selecting one will disable the other. A Terrain icon will indicate that the Terrain overlay has been selected. Terrain overlay colors may or may not be shown depending on the altitude of the aircraft.



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1. While viewing the Map Menu, touch **Map Overlays** key, and then the **Terrain** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of Terrain data.



Red Terrain - At or Within 100 ft below Aircraft Altitude

Yellow Terrain - Between 100 ft and 1,000 ft below current aircraft altitude

Icon Shows Terrain Overlay is Active

Figure 8-6 Terrain Map Overlay

The colors of the terrain are referenced to your aircraft altitude.

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# 8.1.1.5 NEXRAD (Optional)

The NEXRAD menu option allows the display of NEXRAD Precip weather information overlayed on the Map page. Terrain and NEXRAD Precip weather may not be displayed at the same time. Selecting one will disable the other. NEXRAD Precip weather is an optional feature that requires the installation of a GDL 69/69A, GDL 88, GTX 345, or GSR 56 and an appropriate Weather subscription. Only one weather source can be displayed at a time (i.e., FIS-B and XM cannot be displayed on the map simultaneously. Refer to the Weather section for more detail.



While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **NEXRAD** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of NEXRAD weather data.



Figure 8-7 NEXRAD Map Overlay

# 8.1.1.6 Stormscope® (Optional)

The WX-500 Stormscope Weather Mapping Sensor is a passive weather avoidance system that detects electrical discharges associated with thunderstorms within a 200 NM radius of the aircraft. The Stormscope measures relative bearing and distance of thunderstorm-related electrical activity and reports the information to the display. Stormscope and XM Lightning are mutually exclusive.



**NOTE**: The Stormscope map overlay is only displayed if valid aircraft heading information is available. Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for a detailed description of the Stormcope WX-500.

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While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Stormscope** Map Overlay key to show the menu for selecting a Stormscope radar weather data display mode: Cell, Strike, Off, or Clear Strikes. Touch the desired function.

Stormscope data displays on the Map page. Refer to section 11.2 for more details



Icon Shows Stormscope Overlay is Active

Figure 8-8 Stormscope Map Overlay

#### 8.1.1.7 Traffic (Optional)

The Traffic Map Overlay option selects whether Traffic data is shown on the Map page. A Traffic icon will indicate that the Traffic overlay has been selected. Traffic may or may not be shown depending on the other aircraft's location and equipment. Refer to section 9 for more detail.



While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Traffic** Map Overlay key to toggle the view of Traffic data.



Icon Shows Traffic Overlay is Active

Icon Shows Aircraft is Receiving TIS Traffic from Ground Stations when a GDL 88 is Connected (GTN software v5.11 or earlier)

Figure 8-9 Traffic Map Overlay

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# 8.1.2 Map Setup

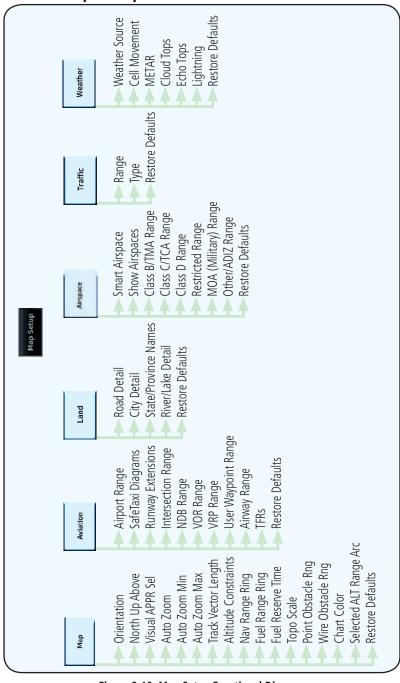


Figure 8-10 Map Setup Functional Diagram

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The Map page is customized by selecting groups from the Map Menu. The Map Menu groups include choices for Map, Aviation, Land, Airspace, Traffic, and Weather groups depending on the installed equipment of a given aircraft. Each group has a list of options that vary with the group.

1. While viewing the Map page, touch the **Menu** key. Then, touch the **Map Setup** key. The Map Setup page will be displayed.

Map Setup



Figure 8-11 Map Setup Page

- Touch the desired Map Setup Group tab (Map, Aviation, Land, Airspace, Traffic, or Weather) to display the set of group options.
- Touch the desired group key. A list of options for the selected 3. group will be shown. (i.e., Map - Orientation, North Up Above, Auto Zoom, etc.) Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys as needed to scroll through the list.
- Touch the key for the selected option.
- Touch the **Restore Defaults** key to return to the original default values for the selected option.



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# 8.1.2.1 Map

The Map option defines the behavior and display of information on the Map page such as: Orientation, North Up Above, Auto Zoom, Nav Range Ring, Topo Scale, Obstacle Range, and Restore Defaults. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Feature	Selection
Orientation	North Up, <b>Track Up</b> , Heading Up
North Up Above	Off, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, <b>40 NM</b> , 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM, 250 NM
Visual APPR Selector	Off, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, <b>10 NM</b> , 15 NM,25 NM
Auto Zoom	Off, <b>On</b>
Auto Zoom Min	250 ft, 400 ft, 500 ft, 750 ft, 1000 ft, 1500 ft, 2500 ft, 0.5 NM, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, <b>1.5 NM</b> , 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM, 250 NM, 400 NM
Auto Zoom Max	250 ft, 400 ft, 500 ft, 750 ft, 1000 ft, 1500 ft, 2500 ft, 0.5 NM, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, <b>25 NM</b> , 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM, 250 NM, 400 NM
Track Vector Length	OFF, 30 SEC, <b>60 SEC</b> , 2 MIN, 5 MIN, 10 MIN, 20 MIN
Altitude Constraints	Off, Selected Only, <b>Selected &amp; Active</b> , All
Nav Range Ring	Off, <b>On</b>
Fuel Range Ring	Off, On
Fuel Reserve Time	30 MIN, <b>45 MIN</b> , 60 MIN, 90 MIN
Topo Scale	Off, On
Point Obstacle Range	Off, 4 NM, <b>5 NM</b> , 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM
Wire Obstacle Range	Off, 1 NM, <b>1.5 NM</b> , 2.5 NM
Selected ALT Range Arc	Off, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings  Table 8-2 Man Setup Man Options

Table 8-2 Map Setup Map Options

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# **Map Orientation**

The Map Orientation selection sets the orientation of the Map page. Selections are North Up, Track Up, and Heading Up. A Map Orientation label is shown below the North indicator (reference to True North) in the top left corner of the Map page.



Figure 8-12 Map Setup Map Orientation

# North Up Above

The North Up Above option allows you to select the map range where at and above the selected value the Map Orientation will automatically change to North Up as a default. For example, with the 500 NM value selected in the figure below, when the map range is 500 NM or more, the map orientation will automatically become North Up.



Figure 8-13 North Up Above Range Selection

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## Visual Approach Selector

This option allows you to select the range at which the Visual Approach Selector becomes active. When the aircraft is within a specified distance of the destination airport, the **Visual** key automatically appears in the bottom left corner of the map. Any values displaying in this area are obscured while the key is active. To disable this feature, select OFF.

For visual approach procedures, refer to section 6.13.



Figure 8-14 Visual Approach Key

#### Auto Zoom

Touch to Select

Visual Approach for Destination

With a valid flight plan, the Auto Zoom feature will automatically change the Map page range depending on the distance to the next waypoint in the flight plan. If enabled, it will also automatically zoom to the SafeTaxi zoom range when the aircraft is on the ground. Auto Zoom can be overridden at any time by manually zooming with the **In** and **Out** keys. The Auto Zoom Min selection sets the minimum range that the display will Zoom in. The Auto Zoom Max value sets the maximum range the display will Zoom out.

Auto Zoom is re-enabled once one of the following conditions is met:

- A waypoint is sequenced
- The aircraft transitions from "on ground" to "in air"
- A point is reached where the Auto Zoom range matches the manual override range (known as auto-sync) and will be noted as "Auto" above the map range value on the map page
- Auto Zoom is toggled off and back on in the Map Setup page



- 1. While viewing the Map Setup Map selection, touch the Auto Zoom key to toggle it On or Off.
- 2. When Auto Zoom is On the Auto Zoom Min and Max values will be used.



**NOTE:** Rotorcraft use a Local Auto Zoom function where Auto Zoom will remain at the 1,500 ft zoom scale until the rotorcraft is above 400 ft GSL or 40 kts.

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Selected Minimum

Auto Zoom Range

#### Auto Zoom Min

Set the limit that the display will zoom in automatically.

Select Min Auto Zoom Range 1<sub>NM</sub>

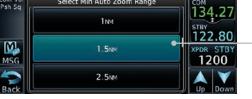


Figure 8-15 Map Setup Minimum Auto Zoom Range

#### Auto Zoom Max

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Set the limit that the display will zoom out automatically.



Figure 8-16 Map Setup Maximum Auto Zoom Range

#### Track Vector

**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v6.20 and later.

When turned on, the track vector is depicted as a cyan line extending from the nose of the aircraft in the direction of movement. The length of the track vector represents the path the aircraft will follow if the present speed and direction are maintained for the time configured in the Track Vector Length setting.



Figure 8-17 Track Vector

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### Altitude Constraints

To View a Constraint Value, Select the

Associated Waypoint



#### **NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.50 and later.

Enabling this feature displays altitude constraints from the flight plan. The active constraint is the altitude to which VNAV is currently providing guidance. For more information about altitude constraints, refer to section 4.3.3.

Active Altitude Constraint



Figure 8-18 Altitude Constraints

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### Nav Range Ring

When turned on, the Nav Range Ring option will show a ring with a compass rose oriented to magnetic north around your present position on the Map page.



Figure 8-19 Nav Range Ring

# Fuel Range Ring



NOTE: This feature is available in software v6.00 and later.

When interfaced with a fuel computer, the GTN can display a fuel range ring which shows an estimate of the remaining flight distance at the current fuel consumption rate and ground speed. If either fuel quantity or fuel flow sensor data is not received, the GTN will use the Fuel on Board or Fuel Flow values on the Utilities – Fuel Planning page. If both fuel quantity and fuel flow are not received by the GTN, the Fuel Range Ring will be removed. A dashed green circle indicates the selected range to reserve fuel. A solid yellow circle indicates the total endurance range.

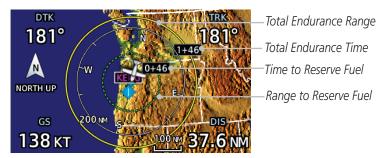


Figure 8-20 Fuel Range Ring

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#### TOPO Scale

The Topo Scale option selects whether the elevation scale for topographical features on the Map page is displayed. The scale will be located on the left side of the display.

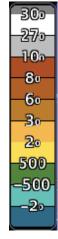


Figure 8-21 Map Page Topo Scale

# Point Obstacle Range

The Point Obstacle Range option selects whether the Point Obstacle Data is shown on the Map page at and below the selected Point Obstacle range. Map ranges above this value will not show the Point Obstacle Data. An obstacle with an asterisk indicates a group of the same obstacle type.

Unlighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1,000 ft AGL)	Lighted Obstacle (Height is less than 1,000 ft AGL)	Unlighted Obstacle (Height is greater than 1,000 ft AGL)  Lighted Obstacl (Height is greater 1,000 ft AGL)	
$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	<b>* * *</b>	<b>Ĭ</b> XX	* * *

Table 8-3 Navigation Map Point Obstacle Icons by Elevation

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Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line
X	<b>†</b>	*\	

Table 8-4 Obstacle Icon Types

Color	Description
None	Lines are removed when they are more than 2,000 ft below the aircraft.
White	Lines are white when they are within 2,000 ft below the aircraft.
Amber	Lines are amber when they are within 1,000 ft below the aircraft.
Red	Lines are red when they are within 100 ft below or above the altitude of the airplane.

Table 8-5 Fixed Wing Color Scheme for Obstacles and Wires

Color	Description
None	Lines are removed when they are more than 500 ft below the rotorcraft.
White	Lines are white when they are within 500 ft below the rotorcraft.
Amber	Lines are amber when they are within 250 ft below the rotorcraft.
Red	Lines are red when they are at or above the altitude of the rotorcraft.

**Table 8-6 Rotorcraft Color Scheme for Obstacles and Wires** 

Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk. The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

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1. While viewing the Map function, touch the **Menu** key.

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Touch the Map Setup key and then with the Map tab highlighted drag the list down or use the Down key to show the Obstacle Range.

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Com/Nav



Touch to Select Obstacle Range

Figure 8-22 Map Setup For Obstacle Range

Direct-To

Obstatle Range 4um 3. Touch the **Point Obstacle Range** key and select the maximum range where obstacles will be displayed.

Select Obstacle Display Range

4NM

5NM

5NM

5NM

7.5NM

7.5NM

Figure 8-23 Select Obstacle Display Range



Figure 8-24 Navigation Map Point Obstacles

\* The icon on the left shows that the point obstacle overlay is active. The icon on the right shows that the wire obstacle overlay is active. These icons are available in software v5.12 or later.

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4. Touch an obstacle on the map and the elevation will be shown. If there are nearby or overlayed objects (obstacle, airspace, airport, etc), touch the **Next** key to step through the nearby objects.



Figure 8-25 Point Obstacle Detail

Back

5. Touch the **Back** key to return to the normal map view.

## Wire Obstacle Range

The Wire Obstacle Range option selects whether the power lines are shown on the Map page at and below the selected Wire Obstacle range. Map ranges above this value will not show the Wire Obstacle Data.



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v5.10 and later and requires the use of obstacle databases that contain wire obstacle data.



Figure 8-26 Wire Obstacles

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# Selected Altitude Range Arc



**NOTE**: Requires a Garmin Display Unit (GDU). This feature is available in software v6.60 and later.

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Enabling the Selected ALT Range Arc setting places a cyan arc in front of the aircraft symbol. This arc represents the location at which the aircraft is expected to reach the selected altitude.



Figure 8-27 Selected ALT Range Arc

# Restore Defaults

Returns values to the original factory settings.

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#### 8.1.2.2 **Aviation**

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n <b>bold</b> type.	
Feature	Selection
Airport Range	Off, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, <b>25 NM</b> , 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM, 150 NM
Heliports (Optional)	Off, <b>On</b>
SafeTaxi Diagrams	Off, 1000 ft, 1500 ft, 2500 ft, 0.5 NM, 0.75 NM, <b>1 NM</b> , 1.5 NM
Runway Extensions	Off, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, <b>5 NM</b>
Intersection Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, <b>4 NM</b> , 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
NDB Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, <b>5 NM</b> , 7.5 NM, 10 NM
VOR Range	Off, <b>10 NM</b> , 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
VRP Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, <b>4 NM</b> , 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM
User Wpt Range	Off, 0.75 NM, 1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, <b>5 NM</b> , 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
Airspace Detail	None, Least, Less, <b>Normal</b> , More, Most
Airway Range	2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, <b>25 NM</b>
TFR	Off, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

The Aviation group selection from the Map Setup page menu allows you to customize the display of Active Flight Plan, Active Flight Plan Waypoints, Airport size range, SafeTaxi information, Runway Extensions, Intersection/NDB locations, VOR locations, Airspace Detail, and TFR icons on the Map page. The feature will be shown at map ranges of the selected value and lower. The options for each feature are shown in the following table. The default values are shown

**Table 8-7 Map Setup Aviation Options** 



**NOTE:** The term "intersection range" means any GPS waypoint included in the navigation database, and includes waypoints that may not be intersections of two VOR radials.



Airport Size	Size Criteria	Display Criteria
Small	Longest runway length is less than 5,000 feet, unless it has a tower frequency, in which case it is a Medium Airport.	Small airports and heliports are displayed on the map when the Map Range is less than or equal to 1/4 times the Airport Range Setting.
Medium	Longest runway length is less than 8,100 feet but greater than or equal to 5,000 feet or less than 8,100 feet and has a tower frequency.	Medium airports are displayed on the map when the Map Range is less than or equal to 1/2 times the Airport Range Setting.
Large	Longest runway length is greater than or equal to 8,100 feet.	Large airports are displayed on the map when the Map Range is less than or equal to the Airport Range Setting.

**Table 8-8 Airport Display Range Setting** 



**NOTE**: The Airport Range Setting of "Off" means airports are never displayed. Heliports are displayed on the map page if the Heliport Display Setting is "On" and the Map Range is less than or equal to 1/4 times the Airport Range Setting.

### 8.1.2.3 Land

The Land Data option selects whether detailed land features, such as Freeways, National Highways, Local Roads, Cities, States/Provinces, and Rivers/Lakes are displayed. Topo features, traffic, terrain, and obstacles will still be displayed, even with Land Data turned off. The options for each feature are shown in the following table. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Feature	Selection	
Road Detail	None, Least, Less, <b>Normal</b> , More, Most	
City Detail	None, Least, Less, <b>Normal</b> , More, Most	
State/Province Names	Off, <b>On</b>	
River/Lake Detail	None, Least, Less, <b>Normal</b> , More, Most	
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings	

**Table 8-9 Map Setup Land Options** 

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#### **Airspace** 8.1.2.4

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The Airspace viewing range options select whether the Airspaces are shown on the Map and at and below the selected map ranges. Smart Airspace selection filters the display of airspace appropriate for aircraft altitude. The following table depicts airspace features and map ranges. Default values are shown in hold tyma

'	<b>bold</b> type.	
Com/Nav	Feature	Selection
FPL	Airspace Label Range	Off, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, <b>25 NM</b> , 40 NM, 50 NM
Direct-To	Smart Airspace	Off, On
Proc	Show Airspaces	<b>All</b> , Below 18000 ft, Below 15000 ft, Below 12000 ft, Below 9000 ft, Below 6000 ft, Below 3000 ft
Wpt Info	Class B/TMA Range	Off, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, <b>75</b> NM, 100 NM
Мар	Class C/TCA Range	Off, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, <b>15 NM</b> , 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
Traffic	Class A/D Range	Off, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, <b>10 NM</b> , 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
Terrain	Restricted Range	Off, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, <b>100 NM</b>
Weather Nearest	MOA (Military) Range	Off, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, <b>15 NM</b> , 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, 100 NM
Services/ Music	Other/ADIZ Range	Off, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, 25 NM, 40 NM, 50 NM, 75 NM, <b>100 NM</b>
Utilities	Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

**Table 8-10 Map Setup Airspace Options** 

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### **Airspace Labels**

The Airspace Label feature shows the United States airspace system altitude limits up to a selected range.



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v5.10 and later when configured by the installer.

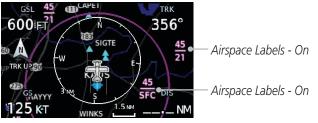


Figure 8-28 Display of Airspace Labels

## **Smart Airspaces**

Garmin's Smart Airspace™ feature aids visual clarity on-screen by deemphasizing airspace that's well above or below the aircraft's current altitude. The vertical separation is 1,000 feet at sea level and the vertical separation will gradually increase to 2,000 feet until the aircraft reaches 10,000 feet. Anything above 10,000 feet keeps the 2,000 feet vertical separation.



**NOTE:** Smart Airspace only changes the depiction of the airspace on the moving map display. It does not alter the Airspace Alerts that can be set on the System-Alerts portion of the system.

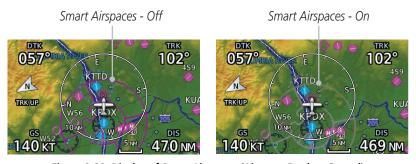


Figure 8-29 Display of Smart Airspaces (Airspace Borders Grayed)

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OTHER(ADIZ Range

To control the display of European airway airspaces:

 While viewing the Map Setup Airspaces option, touch the Other/ADIZ Range key and select a value.

2. Select **Off** for the Other/ADIZ Range to turn off the display of airway airspaces.

TRKUP

A TO TRK UP



Airway Airspaces - Off

Airway Airspaces - On

Figure 8-30 Selecting the Display of European Airway Airspaces

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#### 8.1.2.5 **Airway Range**

The Airways viewing range option selects whether the Airways are shown on the Map and at and below the selected map ranges for Low and High Airways. When Off is selected, the information will not be shown.



While viewing the Map function, touch the **Menu** key. 1.

Map Setup

2. Touch the **Map Setup** key and then with the **Aviation** tab highlighted drag the list down or use the Down key to show the Airway Range.



Figure 8-31 Map Setup For Airway Range





Figure 8-32 Select Airway Display Range



Touch the **Airways** key to select the desired Airways (Off, Low, High, or All).



Figure 8-33 Navigation Map Airways

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Low Airway

High Airway (Green)

(Gray)

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#### 8.1.2.6 Traffic (Optional)

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The Traffic group selection from the Map Setup Page Menu allows you to customize the display of traffic on the Map page. The Traffic function requires the installation of the appropriate traffic device. Only one traffic source can be configured for the GTN and this traffic source will be overlaid on the main map. Coverage follows the airplane. In the Navigation Map page setup you can select the maximum range at which traffic symbols are shown. Once outside of the selected range, traffic will be decluttered. The default values are shown in **bold** type.

Traffic Selection	Display Result
Range	1 NM, 1.5 NM, 2.5 NM, 4 NM, 5 NM, 7.5 NM, 10 NM, 15 NM, <b>25 NM</b>
Traffic	All Traffic, Alerts & Advisories, Alerts Only
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-11 Map Page Traffic Display Options

#### 8.1.2.7 Weather (Optional)

The Weather group selection from the Map Setup page menu allows you to customize the overlay of the available weather information on the Map page. Weather is an optional feature that requires an external weather source, which must be selected to allow the overlay.

Feature	Selection
Weather Source	SiriusXM, Connext, or FIS-B
Cell Movement	Off, On
METAR	<b>Off</b> , On
Cloud Tops	<b>Off</b> , On
Echo Tops	<b>Off</b> , On
Lightning	Off, On
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings

Table 8-12 Map Setup SiriusXM Weather Options

**NOTE**: Map overlay keys may remain available even if the information necessary for the overlay is not available. For example: the Radar overlay key is available even if the radar is turned off.



Feature	Selection	
Weather Source	SiriusXM, Connext, or FIS-B	
METAR	<b>Off</b> , On	
IR Satellite	<b>Off</b> , On	
Lightning	<b>Off</b> , On	
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings	
Connext Settings	Selectable Connext Settings	

**Table 8-13 Map Setup Connext Weather Options** 

Feature	Selection		
Weather Source	SiriusXM, Connext, or FIS-B		
METAR	<b>Off</b> , On		
Restore Defaults	Returns values to original factory settings		

Table 8-14 Map Setup FIS-B Weather Options

### 8.1.3 Change User Fields

The Change User Fields selection allows you to configure the Data, Function, and Page field type shown in each of the four corners of the Map page. The information shown in each field may be selected from a list after *Change User Fields* is selected.



1. While viewing the Map page, touch the **Menu** key.



Figure 8-34 Map Menu

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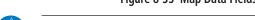
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Change Oreword User Fields 2. From the Map Menu screen, touch the **Change User Fields** key.

Touch to Select 136.97 344° 4000 FT Data Field (TRK Currently Shown) 118.00 Configure User Fields M XPDR1STBY 1200 MSG Touch to Select Data Field 0кт NM (DIS Currently Shown)

Figure 8-35 Map Data Fields Selection



**NOTE**: Map Data Field Types that use the term "Destination" refer to the missed approach point (if an approach is loaded) or the final airport in the flight plan.

**NOTE:** In software v5.13 and earlier, ETE to Destination is not available when a procedure is loaded and there are waypoints in the En Route section of the flight plan.

**NOTE:** Only the bottom right corner data field on the Map page can be configured for a Page or Function. The other three corner data fields are for Data items only.

3. Touch the corner data field key you want to select. Touch the **Data, Function,** or **Page** keys to select the User Field type. A list of information types will be displayed.



Figure 8-36 Map Data Field Type Selections

4. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys or touch the display and drag your finger to scroll through the list. Touch the desired item to select it or touch the **Back** key to cancel selection.

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Map Data Field Type				
ACTV WPT - Active Waypoint	MSA - Minimum Safe Altitude			
B/D APT - BRG/DIS from Dest APT <sup>1</sup>	NAV/COM - Active NAV/COM FREQ			
BRG - Bearing to Current Waypoint	OAT (static) - Static Air Temperature			
DIS - Distance to Current Waypoint	OAT (total) - Total Air Temperature			
DIS to Dest - Distance to Destination <sup>2</sup>	RAD ALT - Radar Altimeter			
DTK - Desired Track	Time - Current Time			
ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude	Time to TOD - Time to Top of Descent			
ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival	TKE - Track Angle Error			
ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination	TRK - Track			
ETE - Estimated Time Enroute	Trip Timer - Timer Display			
ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination	VOR/LOC - Tuned VOR/LOC Info			
Fuel Flow - Total Fuel Flow	VSR - Vertical Speed Required			
GS - GPS Ground Speed	Wind - Wind Speed and Direction			
GSL - GPS Altitude	XTK - Cross Track Error			
Generic Timer - Timer Display	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field			

### Table 8-15 Map Data Field Types of Information

Note 1: B/D APT is the straight line distance.

Note 2: Dist to DEST is the distance along the flight plan.

Function Field Type				
CDI - Course Deviation Indicator	OBS/Suspend/Unsuspend Button			
Flap Override - Flap Override <sup>1</sup>	On Scene - "On Scene" Mode Toggle			
GPWS Inhibit - GPWS Inhibit 1	TAWS Inhibit - TAWS Inhibit			
G/S Inhibit - G/S Inhibit <sup>1</sup>	Gen Timer - Generic Timer Control			
HTAWS RP Mode - HTAWS RP Mode <sup>2</sup>	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field			

Table 8-16 Map Function Field Types of Information

Note 1:	With TAWS-A enabled
Note 2:	With HTAWS enabled

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Map Page Field Type					
Blackout Mode	Utilities - Utilities Page				
DFLT NAV - Default Navigation	Checklist - Checklist Page				
Flight Plan - Flight Plan Page	Fuel PLAN - Fuel Planning Page				
Map - Map Page	SCHED MSG - Scheduled Messages				
Nearest - Nearest Page	Trip PLAN - Trip Planning Page				
NEAR APT - Nearest Airport Page	VCALC - VCALC Page				
PROC - Procedures Page	User FREQ - User Frequencies				
Approach - Approach Page	WPT INFO - Waypoint Information				
Arrival - Arrival Page	Weather - Weather Page				
Departure - Departure Page	CNXT WX - Connext WX Page				
Backlight - Backlight Page	FIS-B WX - FIS-B Weather Page				
Services - Services Page	Stormscope - Stormscope Page				
Traffic - Traffic Page	SiriusXM WX - Sirius XM WX Page				
Terrain - Terrain Page	OFF - Do Not Display Page Field				

Table 8-17 Map Page Field Types of Information

### 8.1.4 Map Detail

The Map Detail feature allows four levels of decluttering to remove map information. Level 0 shows the most detail and level 3 shows the least detail.

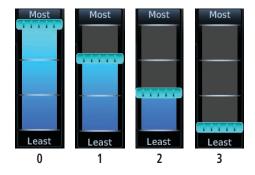


Figure 8-37 Map Detail (Declutter) Levels

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- 1. While viewing the Map page, touch the **Menu** key.
- 2. While viewing the Map Menu, touch the **Map Detail** scale and slide your finger to adjust the level. Features marked with a are shown at the indicated Map Detail (Declutter) Level.

Feature	0	1	2	3	Feature	0	1	2	3
River/Lake Names	•				TRSA	•	•		
Land/Country Text	•				ADIZ	•	•		
Large City	•				Alert Areas	•	•		
Medium City	•				Caution Areas	•	•		
Small City	•				Danger Areas	•	•		
Small Town	•				Warning Areas	•	•		
Freeways	•				Large Airports	•	•	•	
Highways	•				Medium Airports	•	•	•	
Roads	•				Restricted Areas	•	•	•	
Railroads	•				Prohibited Areas	•	•	•	
Political Boundaries	•				MOAs	•	•	•	
User Waypoints	•	•			Runway Labels	•	•	•	
VORs	•	•			Lightning Strike Data	•	•	•	
NDBs	•	•			NEXRAD Data	•	•	•	
Intersections	•	•			Traffic Symbols	•	•	•	
Class B Airspace	•	•			Traffic Labels	•	•	•	
Class C Airspace	•	•			Water Detail	•	•	•	•
Class D Airspace	•	•			Active FPL Legs	•	•	•	•
Tower	•	•			Airways	•	•	•	•

Table 8-18 Features Shown at Each Map Detail Level

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8.2 Map Panning

Selected

Item Info

Next Item

Waypoint or

In the Map page function, panning allows you to move the map beyond its current limits without adjusting the map scale. The panning function is selected by simply touching the Map display. The In and Out keys at the lower right corner of the page control the map range. Touching the display momentarily switches the display to Map Pan Mode. While in Map Pan Mode, touch the display gently and drag your finger to pan around the map.

1. Touch the Map page display.

Pan Mode Annunciation and Coordinates of Map Center Psh Sq 145° 16.9NM 136.97 Selected Airspace Waypoint Info or Wpt Highlighted **KBTV** Menu 118.20 Aircraft Present Next **Position** MSG Graphically Edit FPL

Touch to Edit Flight Plan

Figure 8-38 Map Panning With Airspace Highlighted

If you touch an item on the display (waypoint, airspace, obstacle) there may be other items very close that are difficult to see at a given zoom level. Touch the **Next** key to annunciate and highlight the next item. Each touch of the **Next** key steps to another item near the map pointer.



Figure 8-39 Map Panning With Next Airspace Shown



**NOTE**: It is possible that multiple airspaces can be stacked vertically and be difficult to visually identify them. Touching the **Next** key will step through the airspaces.

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 Touch the Airspace Info (Item) key for more information about the selected item. Touch the Back key to return to the Map Panning display.

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4. While pressing your finger gently against the display, drag your finger across the display to scroll the display in the direction of your finger movement. The map pointer crosshair location is based on where your finger touches the display, but after dragging your finger the map pointer will be centered on the map when your finger is lifted from the display.

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Direct-To

Pan Mode Annunciation Coordinates of Map Pointer



Map Pointer

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Map

Figure 8-40 Map Panning With Map Pointer



**NOTE:** Pressing the Direct-To key will use the map pointer location as the destination.

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5. Touch the **Back** key to return to the normal map display.

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## 8.3 Map Controls

While in the Map page function, several controls are available to manage the view and display of information. The **In** and **Out** keys at the lower right corner of the page control the map range. Touching the display momentarily switches the display to Map Pan Mode.

While in any of the Map function pages, touching the display starts Pan Mode. Options are available to create a waypoint at the map pointer position and to graphically edit the flight plan.

### 8.3.1 Pan Map Mode

The Pan Map Mode allows you to move the map display to view the surrounding area.

- 1. Touch the Map page display.
- 2. Refer to the description in section 8.2 for details on using this feature. Touch the **Back** key to return to the normal Map display.

### 8.3.2 Create Waypoint

The Create Waypoint function will create a User Waypoint at the map pointer location when that location is not an already named object, such as an airport or airspace.

- 1. In Pan Mode, touch the **Create Waypoint** key.
- 2. Follow the directions in section 7-8.



Figure 8-41 Create User Waypoint While Map Panning

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### 8.3.3 Graphically Edit Flight Plan Mode

The Edit Flight Plan Mode allows making quick changes to the active flight plan directly on the display. The process is simply touching the display to start Map Pan Mode, touching the **Graphically Edit FPL** key, dragging the desired leg to a new waypoint or airway, and touching the **Done** key. When graphically editing the active flight plan leg, the active leg course and TO Waypoint will be added to the flight plan as a Direct-To. At any point, a step may be removed by touching the **Undo** key or the whole process ended by touching the **Cancel** key. The **Undo** key will remove up to nine steps.



**NOTE:** It is not possible to graphically add an intermediate waypoint between the current position and a direct-to waypoint unless that waypoint is in the flight plan. Garmin recommends deleting any flight plan prior to graphically editing a Direct-To waypoint.

### 8.3.3.1 Adding a Waypoint Within an Existing Flight Plan



 Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.



Figure 8-42 Edit Flight Plan Mode

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2. Touch and hold the desired leg of the flight plan and drag the flight plan leg to a new waypoint to add a waypoint to the active flight plan. The leg may also be dragged to an airway. The leg being edited will turn cyan.



Figure 8-43 Drag Selected Leg to New Waypoint

3. Touch the **Done** key to accept the new flight plan leg or **Undo** to maintain the existing flight plan.



Figure 8-44 Completed Flight Plan with New Waypoint

4. The aircraft will now navigate according to the new flight plan.



Figure 8-45 Aircraft Navigates on Edited Flight Plan to New Waypoint



**NOTE:** In software v6.21 and earlier, graphically editing a flight plan cancels the parallel track function.

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#### 8.3.3.2 Adding a Waypoint to the End of an Existing Flight Plan



 Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.

2. Touch a waypoint that you want to add to the end of the flight plan.

Done

3. Touch the **Done** key to accept the changes and return to the Map page.

Started

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#### 8.3.3.3 Removing a Waypoint from an Existing Flight Plan



1. Touch the Map page display. The Map Mode selection keys will appear. Touch the **Graphically Edit FPL** key.

2. Touch waypoint, or airway, on the flight plan that you want to remove.

3. Drag the flight plan line away from the waypoint, or airway, and release the line. The waypoint will be removed from the flight plan.



4. Touch the **Done** key to accept the changes and return to the Map page.

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#### Creating a Flight Plan Without an Existing Flight Plan



2. Touch a waypoint on the map to set the first waypoint in the flight plan. If there are several nearby waypoints, touch the desired waypoint to select it.



Figure 8-46 Select the Desired Waypoint From Multiple Waypoints

- Touch a waypoint, or airway, on the map for the next waypoint, or airway, in the flight plan. Continue adding waypoints, or airways, as needed.
- 4. Touch the **Done** key to accept the changes and return to the Map page.



### 8.4 CDI (GTN 650 only)

The GTN 650's **CDI** key is used to select data that is sent from the GPS or VLOC receiver to the external CDI (or HSI). CDI selection is available on the Default Navigation page. When the external CDI (or HSI) is connected to the GPS receiver, "GPS" is shown on the annunciation bar. When the external CDI (or HSI) is being driven by the VLOC receiver, "VLOC" appears instead.



**NOTE:** The VLOC receiver must be selected for display on the external CDI/HSI for approaches which are not approved for GPS. Refer to the ILS example "ILS Approaches (GTN 650 Only)" for more information.



**NOTE**: GPS phase of flight annunciations (LPV, ENR, etc.) are not applicable to the external CDI (or HSI) when VLOC is active.



**NOTE:** The internal on-screen CDI information is based on GPS data and cannot be used for primary navigation.



**NOTE:** If the unit is not configured for a CDI key, then the "activate GPS missed approach" will only resume automatic waypoint sequencing. The user must switch to GPS navigation, if desired, by using their external source selection method (this is typical an EFIS system).

 The navigation source is shown in the center of the annunciation bar at the lower part of the display.



Figure 8-47 Navigation Source Selection



2. Touch the **CDI** key to toggle between sources.

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### 8.5 **OBS**

The **OBS** key is used to select manual or automatic sequencing of waypoints. OBS selection is available on the Default Navigation page. Touching this key selects OBS mode, which retains the current "active to" waypoint as your navigation reference even after passing the waypoint (i.e., prevents sequencing to the next waypoint). Touching the **OBS** key again returns to normal operation, with automatic sequencing of waypoints. Whenever OBS mode is selected, you may set the desired course To/From a waypoint using the pop-up window on the GTN 6XX or with the external OBS selector on your HSI or CDI.

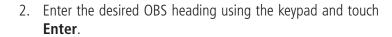
For leg types that do not support OBS, this key will be shown as a SUSP key. This key will then also function as an Unsuspend key for legs that auto-suspend, such as holds, missed approaches, etc.

**NOTE:** In dual GTN installations with crossfill on, the OBS course will only be updated real time on the GTN that is receiving the new OBS course. The course will be transferred to the other GTN when OBS is exited.

1. Touch the **OBS** key to enable the OBS function.



Figure 8-48 OBS Course Selection



3. The OBS heading will be shown in the flight plan annunciation above the CDI in the lower portion of the display. The OBS function annunciation will show.

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## 8.6 Map Symbols

Various symbols are used to distinguish between waypoint types. The identifiers for any on-screen waypoints can also be displayed. Special-use and controlled airspace boundaries appear on the map, showing the individual sectors in the case of Class B, Class C, or Class D airspace. The following symbols are used to depict the various airports and NAVAIDs on the Map page.

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
0	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Non-Serviced, Primary runway shown	•	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Serviced, Primary runway shown
0	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Non-Serviced	<b>\Q</b>	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Serviced
R	Restricted (Private) Airfield	?	Unknown Airport
•	Heliport	<b>(2)</b>	NDB
	Intersection		Locator Outer Marker
<b>(</b>	VOR	0	VOR/DME
<b>(c)</b>	VORTAC		DME
4	TACAN	<b>(</b>	TOD/BOD
	User Waypoint	0	User Airport
	ATK	<b>(A)</b>	VRP

Table 8-19 Map Symbols

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### 8.7 SafeTaxi®

SafeTaxi® is an enhanced feature that gives greater map detail when zooming in on airports. The airport display on the map reveals runways with numbers, taxiways with identifying letters/numbers, airport Hot Spots, and airport landmarks including ramps, buildings, control towers, and other prominent features. Resolution is greater at lower map ranges (zooming in). When the aircraft location is within the screen boundary, including within SafeTaxi ranges, an airplane symbol is shown on any of the navigation map views for enhanced position awareness.

Designated Hot Spots are recognized at airports with many intersecting taxiways and runways, and/or complex ramp areas. Airport Hot Spots are outlined to caution pilots of areas on an airport surface where positional awareness confusion or runway incursions happen most often. Hot Spots are defined with a magenta circle or outline around the region of possible confusion.

Taxiway Identification Taxiway Detail



Aircraft Position

Figure 8-49 SafeTaxi Depiction on the Navigation Map Page

### 8.7.1 Using SafeTaxi®

Any map page that displays the navigation view can also show the SafeTaxi® airport layout within the maximum configured range.

During ground operations the aircraft's position is displayed in reference to taxiways, runways, and airport features. The nose of the ownship symbol, not the center, depicts the current location of the aircraft.



**NOTE:** Do not use SafeTaxi functions as the basis for ground maneuvering. SafeTaxi adoes not comply with the requirements of AC 120-76C and is not qualified to be used as an airport moving map display (AMMD). SafeTaxi is to be used by the flight crew to orient themselves on the airport surface to improve pilot situational awareness during ground operations.

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### 8.7.2 Hot Spot Information

Hot Spots can contain more information about the area that can be displayed when shown. To view more information touch the Hot Spot on the moving map.



Figure 8-50 SafeTaxi Hot Spot Detail and Outline

### 8.7.3 SafeTaxi® Cycle Number and Revision

The SafeTaxi database is revised every 56 days. SafeTaxi is always available for use after the expiration date. When turning on the GTN 6XX, the Power-up page indicates whether the databases are current, out of date, or not available. The Power-up page shows the SafeTaxi database is current when the "SafeTaxi Expires" date is shown in white. When the SafeTaxi cycle has expired, the "SafeTaxi Expires" date appears in yellow. The message "unknown" appears in white if no SafeTaxi data is available on the database card.

The SafeTaxi Region, Version, Cycle, Effective date and Expires date of the database cycle can also be found on the System - System Status page. SafeTaxi information appears in white and yellow text. The EFFECTIVE date appears in white when data is current and in yellow when the current date is before the effective date. The EXPIRES date appears in white when data is current and in yellow when expired. SafeTaxi REGION NOT AVAILABLE appears in white if SafeTaxi data is not available on the database card.

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## 8.8 Flight Plan Depiction

When a flight plan is present, it will be depicted on the GTN maps.

Flight plan leg colors are used to indicate past, active, or future flight plan segments. A thin light gray line indicates a previous flight plan segment. A bold magenta line indicates an active flight plan segment for which the navigator is providing guidance. A bold white line indicates future flight plan segments. Missed approach procedures are depicted with a thin white line to indicate that they are an upcoming segment of the flight plan, but will not become navigable without the pilot specifically activating the missed approach procedure.

Flight plan labels are white boxes with black borders and black text to indicate they are fixes in the flight plan. If the waypoint is the ative waypoint in the flight plan, the border and text are magenta.

All holding patterns and procedure turns are depicted with the same coloration as all other flight plan segments. Entries are depicted with segmented arrows to indicate which direction in which the course guidance will be given. This is used for both hold entry and procedure turn course reversals. Once a hold becomes active the entry guidance is removed from the map and only the active hold is depicted.

Headings to fly are depicted as directional arrows with spaces between them and the label "Vectors" or "MANSEQ" to indicate what the pilot might expect while flying the heading depicted. "MANSEQ" is "Manual Sequencing" abbreviated and denotes that the procedure is complete upon reaching that heading and that no other guidance will be given from the navigator without pilot interaction.

The following illustrates the flight plan segments as presented on the GTN maps.

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GTN provides guidance in the hold at WIGAN intersection.



Figure 8-51 Active Hold

In this case the teardrop entry for the hold at WIGAN is being depicted. Upon reaching the holding fix inbound, the entry arrows will be removed from the map and the dotted holding pattern will become active with magenta arrows.



Figure 8-52 Holding Pattern Entry

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The active flight plan leg is WARIC to WHATE as indicated by the magenta line to the magenta labeled waypoint.

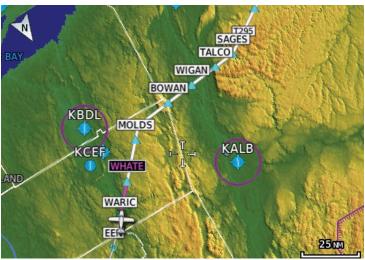


Figure 8-53 Active and Future Flight Plan Segments

The active leg is the course to OCITY intersection. After OCITY the flight plan depicts a turn to 100° for vectors.



Figure 8-54 Active Leg to Vectors



Previous legs are light gray, active leg is magenta.

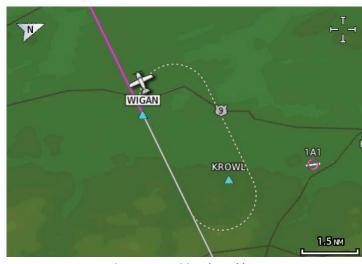


Figure 8-55 Exiting the Hold

The leg outbound from LOS is active and indicates a procedure turn. When inbound from the procedure turn the inbound segment will become active and LSO will still be the active waypoint.



Figure 8-56 Active Procedure Turn

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A flight plan along T295 with previous, the active leg, and the future legs depicted.



Figure 8-57 Past, Active, and Future Flight Plan Segments

Active Heading Leg

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Figure 8-58 Active Heading Leg (Vectors)



Active Flight Plan Leg



Figure 8-59 Active Flight Plan Leg

The active flight plan leg inbound to a holding pattern at WIGAN intersection.



Figure 8-60 Active Flight Plan Leg Prior to Holding Pattern

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### **TRAFFIC**

The Traffic function displays available traffic information depending on your installed equipment to assist in situational awareness. The features and operation depend on the capabilities and options of each type of traffic system.

Audio &

**NOTE:** The reference point for the ownship is the nose of the ownship aircraft symbol (either miniature aircraft or triangle). The reference point for all traffic icons is the center of the depicted traffic.

Com/Nav



From the Home page, touch the **Traffic** key.

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FPL

Use the active areas on the display and the Menu options to set up the Traffic display.

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#### 9.1 **Traffic Pop-Up**

When the GTN 6XX is displaying any page (other than the Traffic page) and a traffic alert becomes active, the Traffic Warning pop-up will be displayed.

Traffic



**NOTE:** The traffic pop-up will not appear when your aircraft is on the ground.

Terrain

The traffic pop-up will appear on pages other than the Traffic page when a traffic alert occurs.

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Figure 9-1 Traffic Pop-Up On the Map Page



Touch the **Go to Traffic** key to view the Traffic page.



Touch the Close key to close the pop-up. The pop-up will 3. return if the traffic alert persists.

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OR



### 9.2 Traffic Test

The Traffic Test function is only available on some traffic systems. The aircraft must be on the ground and Traffic Status must be in Standby.



1. Touch the **Test** key to activate the test function in the Traffic equipment.





Figure 9-2 Traffic Test Mode

2. The unit will return to normal operation mode after the test process is successfully completed.

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## 9.3 TIS (Optional)



**WARNING**: The Traffic Information Service (TIS) is intended for advisory use only. TIS is intended to help the pilot locate traffic visually. It is the responsibility of the pilot to see and maneuver to avoid traffic.

Audio &



**NOTE:** TIS is available only when the aircraft is within the service volume of a TIS-capable terminal radar site. Aircraft without an operating transponder are invisible to both Traffic Advisory Systems (TAS) and TIS. Aircraft without altitude reporting capability are shown without altitude separation data or climb descent indication.

Com/Nav



**NOTE:** TIS and Traffic Advisory System (TAS) may not both be configured at the same time.

Direct-To



**NOTE:** GDL 88 equipped aircraft only: When the radio tower symbol is crossed out, the aircraft is not a participant in the TIS-B system — i. e. not visible to other TIS-B clients. The GDL 88 will, however, continue to receive available TIS-B and FIS-B ground station up-links and continue to display TIS-B and FIS-B data along with available ADS-B and ADS-R data.

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**NOTE:** Except for GDL 88 or GTX 345 equipped aircraft, TIS, and Traffic Advisory System (TAS) may not both be displayed at the same time.

Terrain



**NOTE:** For more information about the GDL 88, refer to the "GDL 88 ADS-B Transceiver Pilot's Guide." For information about the GTX 345, refer to the "GTX 335/345 Pilot's Guide."

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Traffic Information Service (TIS) is designed to help in detection and avoidance of other aircraft. TIS uses the Mode S transponder for the traffic data link. TIS receives traffic information from ground stations, and is updated every five seconds. The GTN 6XX displays up to eight traffic targets within a 7.5 NM radius, from 3,000 feet below to 3,500 feet above the requesting aircraft.

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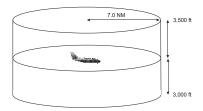


Figure 9-3 TIS Coverage Volume (not to scale)



### 9.3.1 TIS Symbology

Traffic is displayed according to TCAS symbology using three different symbols.

TIS Symbol	Description			
Non-Threat Traffic				
Traffic Advisory (TA)				
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale			

Table 9-1 TIS Traffic Symbols

Traffic Advisories (TA) alert the crew to intruding aircraft. When traffic meets the advisory criteria for the TA, a solid yellow circle symbol is generated. A Non-threat Advisory, shown as an open white diamond, indicates that an intruding aircraft is at greater than ±1200 feet relative altitude or the distance is beyond five NM. A Traffic Advisory that is beyond the selected display range is indicated by a half TA symbol at the edge of the screen at the relative bearing of the intruder.

TIS also provides a vector line showing the direction in which the traffic is moving, to the nearest 45°. Traffic information for which TIS is unable to determine the bearing (non-bearing traffic) is displayed in the center of the Traffic page or in a banner on maps other than the Traffic Map page on which traffic can be displayed.

The altitude difference between the requesting aircraft and other intruder aircraft is displayed above/below the traffic symbol in hundreds of feet. If the other aircraft is above the requesting aircraft, the altitude separation appears above the traffic symbol with a "+" sign; if below, the altitude separation appears below. Altitude trend is displayed as an up/down arrow (for speeds greater than 500 fpm in either direction) to the right of the target symbol. Traffic symbols for aircraft without altitude reporting capability appear without altitude separation or climb/descent information.

Always remember that TIS cannot alert you to the presence of aircraft that are not equipped with transponders, nor can it alert you to aircraft that may be nearby, but obscured from the ground surveillance radar by interfering terrain.

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#### 9.3.2 **Traffic Page**

The Traffic Map Page is configured to show surrounding TIS traffic data in relation to the aircraft's current position and altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading.

The traffic mode is annunciated in the upper left corner of the Traffic Map page. When the aircraft is on the ground, TIS automatically enters Standby Mode. Once the aircraft is airborne, TIS switches from Standby to Operating Mode and the GTN 6XX begins to display traffic information.

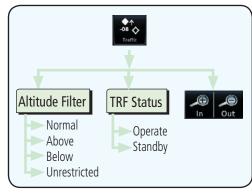


Figure 9-4 Traffic Page Functional Diagram



Figure 9-5 Traffic Page

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### 9.3.3

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Page From the Home page, touch the **Traffic** key.

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Operate

Confirm TIS is in Operating Mode. 2.

Com/Nav



Touch the **Traffic Status** key to toggle between Operate and Standby mode.

#### **Altitude Display** 9.3.4

**Altitude Mode** 

Below

Normal

Above

Direct-To

While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Operate** key to begin displaying traffic. "Operate" is displayed in the Traffic Status field

Proc



Selected

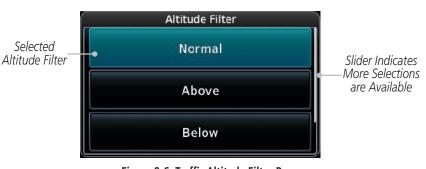
The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, 2. Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the BELOW, NORMAL, ABOVE, or UNRESTRICTED keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.

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**Displayed Traffic Range** 

-9,900 ft to 2,700 ft

-2,700 ft to 2,700 ft

-2.700 ft to 9.900 ft

Figure 9-6 Traffic Altitude Filter Page

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Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown	
Table 9-2 Display	yed Traffic Range	



#### 9.3.5 TIS Limitations



**NOTE:** This section on TIS Limitations is not comprehensive. Garmin recommends the user review the TIS Limitations section of the Aeronautical Information Manual, Section 1-3-5.

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TIS is NOT intended to be used as a collision avoidance system and does not relieve the pilot of responsibility to "see and avoid" other aircraft. TIS should not be used for avoidance maneuvers during IMC or other times when there is no visual contact with the intruder aircraft. TIS is intended only to assist in visual acquisition of other aircraft in VMC. No recommended avoidance maneuvers are provided for, nor authorized, as a direct result of a TIS intruder display or TIS advisory.

Direct-To

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While TIS is a useful aid to visual traffic avoidance, it has some system limitations that must be fully understood to ensure proper use. Many of these limitations are inherent in secondary radar surveillance. In other words, the information provided by TIS will be no better than that provided to ATC. TIS will only display aircraft with operating transponders installed.

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TIS relies on surveillance of the Mode S radar, which is a "secondary surveillance" radar similar to the Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS). TIS operation may be intermittent during turns or other maneuvering. TIS is dependent on two-way, "line-of-sight" communication between the aircraft and the Mode S radar. Whenever the structure of the client aircraft comes between the transponder antenna (usually located on the underside of the aircraft) and the ground-based radar antenna, the signal may be temporarily interrupted. Other limitations and anomalies associated with TIS are described in the AIM, Section 4-5-6.



Garmin is not responsible for Mode S geographical coverage. Operation of the ground stations is the responsibility of the FAA. Refer to the Aeronautical Information Manual for a Terminal Mode S Radar Site Map covering the U.S.



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**NOTE:** TIS will be unavailable at low altitudes in many areas of the U.S., particularly in mountainous regions. Also, when flying near the "floor" of radar coverage in a particular area, intruders below the client aircraft may not be detected by TIS.

TIS information is collected one radar scan prior to the scan during which the uplink occurs. Therefore, the surveillance information is approximately five seconds old. In order to present the intruders in a "real time" position, the TIS ground station uses a "predictive algorithm" in its tracking software. This algorithm uses track history data to extrapolate intruders to their expected positions consistent with the time of display in the cockpit. Occasionally, aircraft maneuvering will cause this algorithm to induce errors in the display. These errors primarily affect relative bearing information and traffic target track vector (it will lag); intruder distance and altitude will remain relatively accurate and may be used to assist in "see and avoid." Some of the more common examples of these errors follow:

- When client or intruder aircraft maneuvers excessively or abruptly, the tracking algorithm may report incorrect horizontal position until the maneuvering aircraft stabilizes.
- When a rapidly closing intruder is on a course that crosses the client aircraft course at a shallow angle (either overtaking or head on) and either aircraft abruptly changes course within 0.25 NM, TIS may display the intruder on the opposite side of the client than it actually is.

These are relatively rare occurrences and will be corrected in a few radar scans once the course has stabilized.

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#### 9.3.6 TIS Alerts

When the number of Traffic Advisories (TAs) on the Traffic Map page increases from one scan to the next, the following occur:

• A single "Traffic" voice alert is generated.

• A TRAFFIC Annunciation appears at the bottom of the display, flashing for 5 seconds and remaining displayed until no TAs are detected in the area.

To reduce the number of nuisance alerts due to proximate aircraft, the "Traffic" voice alert is generated only when the number of TAs increases. For example, when the first TA is displayed, a voice and visual annunciation are generated. As long as a single TA remains on the display, no additional voice alerts are generated. If a second TA appears on the display or if the number of TAs initially decreases and then subsequently increases, another voice alert is generated.

A "Traffic Not Available" (TNA) voice alert is generated when the TIS service becomes unavailable or is out of range.

Traffic may not be displayed in the radar coverage area due to the following:

- Radar site TIS Mode S sensor is not operational or is out of service.
- Traffic or requesting aircraft is beyond the maximum range of the TIS-capable Mode S radar site.
- Traffic or requesting aircraft is above the radar site in the cone of silence and out of range of an adjacent site.
- Traffic or requesting aircraft is below radar coverage. In flat terrain, the coverage extends from about 3,000 feet upward at 55 miles. Terrain and obstacles around the radar site can further decrease radar coverage in all directions.
- Traffic does not have an operating transponder.

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### 9.3.7 TIS System Status

The GTN 6XX performs an automatic test of TIS during power-up. If TIS passes the test, TIS enters Standby Mode on the ground or Operating Mode in the air. If TIS fails the power up test, an annunciation is shown in the center of the Traffic Map page. Contact a service center or Garmin dealer for corrective action for a failure message.

Traffic Page Annunciation	Description		
No Data	Data is not being received from the transponder		
Failed	The transponder has failed		
Unavailable	TIS is unavailable or out of range		

Table 9-3 TIS Failure Annunciations

The Traffic mode is annunciated in the bottom left corner of the Traffic page. When the aircraft is on the ground, TIS automatically enters Standby Mode. Once the aircraft is airborne, TIS switches to Operating Mode and traffic information is displayed. The mode can be changed manually using the **Traffic Status** key.

Traffic Status	Traffic Mode Annunciation (Traffic On Map Page)	Traffic Display Enabled Icon (Other Maps)
TIS Operating	Operate	<b>◆</b> ↑
TIS Standby	Standby	<b>※</b>
TIS Failed*	TIS Fail	<b>※</b>

<sup>\*</sup> Contact a service center or Garmin dealer for corrective action

Table 9-4 TIS Modes Shown on the Map Page

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The annunciations that indicate the status of traffic information appear in a banner at the bottom center of maps on which traffic can be displayed.

Traffic Status
Banner
Annunciation

The displayed data is not current (6 to 12 seconds since last message).
The quality of displayed traffic information is reduced when this message is displayed.

Traffic Removed

Traffic may exist within the selected display range, but it is not displayed.

Table 9-5 TIS Traffic Status Annunciations

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**TAS (Optional)** 9.4

NOTE: TIS and Traffic Advisory System (TAS) may not both be configured at the same time.

TAS data comes from a TAS unit such as a Garmin GTS 800 or 820, Skywatch 497, KTA 810, or other unit.

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Refer to the appropriate Traffic Advisory System's Pilot's Guides for a detailed discussion of the respective traffic advisory system.

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The type of traffic systems that is installed is described by the Traffic page keys. If a Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is configured, a TRF Status and ALT **Filter** key will be displayed.

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**NOTE**: Pilots should be aware of TAS system limitations. TAS systems require transponders of other aircraft to respond to system interrogations. If the transponders do not respond to interrogations due to phenomena such as antenna shading or marginal transponder performance, traffic may be displayed intermittently, or not at all. Aircraft without altitude reporting capability are shown without altitude separation data or climb descent indication. Pilots should remain vigilant for traffic at all times.

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WARNING: The Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is intended for advisory use only to aid the pilot in visually acquiring traffic. No avoidance maneuvers should be based solely upon TAS traffic information. It is the responsibility of the pilot in command to see and maneuver to avoid traffic.

A Traffic Advisory System (TAS) enhances flight crew situational awareness

by displaying traffic information for transponder-equipped aircraft. The TAS

also provides visual and aural traffic alerts including voice announcements to

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When the TAS is in Operating Mode, the unit interrogates the transponders of intruding aircraft while monitoring transponder replies. The TAS uses this information to derive the distance, relative bearing, and if reported, the altitude and vertical trend for each aircraft within its surveillance range. The TAS then calculates a closure rate to each intruder based on the projected Closest Point of Approach (CPA). If the closure rate meets the threat criteria for a Traffic Advisory (TA), visual and aural alerting is provided.

assist in visually acquiring traffic.



## 9.4.1 TAS Symbology

Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is designed to help in detection and avoidance of other aircraft. TAS uses an on-board interrogator-processor to detect traffic. Only aircraft with operating transponders will be detected. Traffic is displayed according to TCAS symbology using four different symbols.

TAS Symbol	Description	
<b>♦</b>	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 NM and greater than 1,200 ft vertical separation)	
<b>♦</b>	Proximity Advisory (PA) (intruder is within 5 NM and less than 1,200 ft vertical separation)	
	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)	
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale	

Table 9-6 TAS Intruder Symbol Description



Figure 9-7 Intruder Type, Altitude, and Vertical Trend

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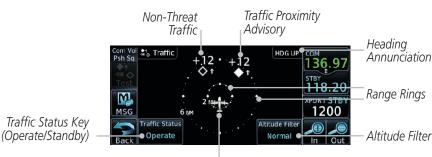
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### **Displaying and Operating Traffic** 9.4.2 (TAS Systems)

The unit must be in operating mode for traffic to be displayed. The ability to switch from standby to operating mode on the ground is especially useful for scanning the airspace around the airport before takeoff.



Ownship Position

Figure 9-8 Traffic Page

#### 9.4.2.1 Switching from Standby Mode to Operating Mode

The Traffic page shows surrounding TAS traffic data in relation to the aircraft's current position and altitude without basemap clutter. Aircraft orientation is always heading up unless no valid heading is received. The Traffic Status is shown in the lower left corner and the Altitude Filter is shown in the lower right corner.

Traffic Status Operate

Standby

ltitude Filter Normal

- While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Traffic Status** key to select **Operate**.
- To switch to Standby Mode from the Traffic page, touch the **Traffic Status** key to select **Standby**.
- The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value.
- mode. Standby is displayed in the Traffic mode field.
- Touch the **Traffic Status** key to place the system in the Standby

**NOTE:** Not all TAS systems can be set to "Standby" mode while in the air.

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## 9.4.2.2 Range Ring

Touching the **In** and **Out** keys will zoom in and out in preset steps depending on the installed equipment as shown in the following table.

Traffic Device	Map Ranges
Garmin GTS 800, Skywatch (SKY497 /SKY889)	2 NM, 6 NM, 12 NM
Garmin GTS 820 and 850, Honeywell KTA 810 TAS, KTA 910 TAS, KMH 820 IHAS, KMH 920 IHAS, and Avidyne TAS 620 (Ryan 9900BX)	2 NM, 6 NM, 12 NM, 24 NM, 40 NM

Table 9-7 Available Traffic Range Ring Steps

## 9.4.3 Altitude Display

## Changing the altitude display mode:



1. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Traffic Status** key to begin displaying traffic. "TAS OPERATING" is displayed in the Traffic Status field.



 Touch the Altitude Filter key to change the altitude filter value. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the BELOW, NORMAL, ABOVE, or UNREST (unrestricted) keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.



Figure 9-9 Traffic Altitude Filter Page

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Altitude Mode

Below
-9,900 ft to 2,700 ft

Normal
-2,700 ft to 2,700 ft

Above
-2,700 ft to 9,900 ft

Unrestricted

All Traffic Shown

Table 9-8 Displayed Traffic Range

## 9.4.4 Traffic System Status



**NOTE:** Refer to the equipment documentation for information on the self-test and operating modes.

The Traffic Status is indicated in the upper right corner of the Traffic page.

Mode	Traffic Mode Annunciation (Traffic Page)	Traffic Display Enabled Icon (Other Maps)
TAS Self-test Initiated	Test	*
TAS Operating	Operate	<b>◆</b> ↑
TAS Standby	Standby	<b>※</b>
TAS Failed	TAS Fail	<b>※</b>

#### Table 9-9 TAS Modes

If the unit fails, an annunciation as to the cause of the failure is shown in the center of the Traffic page.

Traffic Page Annunciation	Description
No Data	Data is not being received from the TAS unit
Data Failed	Data is being received from the TAS unit, but the unit is self-reporting a failure
Failed	Incorrect data format received from the TAS unit

Table 9-10 TAS Failure Annunciations

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## 9.5 ADS-B Traffic

ADS-B technology is an important part of the FAA's Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen), allowing for enhanced safety, efficiency, and the ability of the system to handle greater numbers of aircraft. ADS-B In allows a properly-equipped aircraft to access FAA broadcast services such as TIS-B and FIS-B. With ADS-B Out, the avionics transmit an aircraft's precise location, as well as specific information about that aircraft, to ground stations and other aircraft.

If more than one target is occupying the same area of the screen, the GTN will combine the two traffic targets into one traffic group. The group symbol maintains the iconology of the highest priority traffic target in the group and indicates a grouped symbol by the presence of an asterisk to the left of the grouped traffic target.

Traffic targets displayed on the dedicated traffic page may be selected in order to obtain additional information about a traffic target or to view all targets in a grouped target. When a grouped target is selected, the **Next** key on the dedicated traffic page will cycle through all targets located in close proximity to where the screen has been touched.

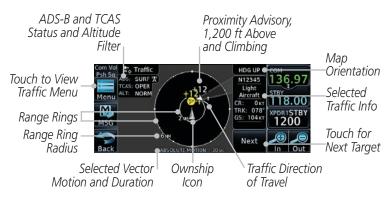


Figure 9-10 ADS-B Traffic Page



**NOTE:** The "Next" key on the dedicated traffic page will cycle through all targets located in close proximity to where the pilot has touched the screen.

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**Symbol Description** Basic Non-Directional Traffic  $\Diamond$ Basic Directional Traffic Basic Off-scale Selected Traffic Com/Nav Proximate Non-Directional Traffic • Proximate Directional Traffic Direct-To Proximate Off-scale Selected Traffic Non-Directional Alerted Traffic Wpt Info Off-Scale Non-Directional Alerted Traffic Directional Alerted Traffic Off-Scale Directional Alerted Traffic Non-Directional Surface Vehicle

## Table 9-11 ADS-B Traffic Symbols

Directional Surface Vehicle



**NOTE**: Color of basic and proximate traffic is dependent on configuration (cyan or white) and airborne/on-ground status of target (target is brown when on the ground, see the surface vehicles).

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## 9.5.1 Traffic Applications - SURF, AIRB, etc.

The GTN ADS-B traffic display is capable of running in two "modes:" Airborne Situational Awareness (AIRB) and Surface Situation Awareness (SURF).

AIRB is in operation in the en route environment, outside of five NM from and 1,500 feet above the nearest airport.

SURF is in operation within the terminal environment (within five NM and less than 1,500 feet above field elevation). When SURF is running, and the zoom scale on the traffic display is less than two NM, the airport environment (including taxiways and runways) is displayed in addition to traffic. This is to aid in situational awareness of runway occupancy/availability, etc.

Due to the varying precision of the data received via ADS-B, ADS-R, and TIS-B, all traffic targets may not be depicted on the traffic display. Because higher data precision is required for display in the SURF environment, some targets eligible for AIRB will not be displayed while SURF is active. Individual eligibility for AIRB and SURF is depicted in the selected traffic data on the Traffic page.

## 9.5.2 ADS-B Traffic Menu

The Traffic Menu allows control of the traffic information display.

Select TCAS Status: Operate and Standby Traffic Menu Touch to Perform Toggle ADS-B ADS-B **TCAS** Traffic Display Traffic Test Display Operate Select Altitude Filter Select Motion Vector Motion Vector Altitude Filter **Vector Duration** Normal, Above, Absolute, Relative, Off Absolute 30 SEC Normal Below, Unrestricted Select Vector Duration: 30 sec, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min

Figure 9-11 ADS-B Traffic Menu

### 9.5.2.1 ADS-B Display



Touching **ADS-B Display** toggles the display of ADS-B traffic and ADS-B traffic alerting.

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#### 9.5.2.2 **TCAS Status**

This shows the current status of the TCAS system. The modes reported by the traffic device are "Operate" while in the air and "Standby" while on the ground. This control allows the pilot to manually select the TCAS Status.

Touch the **TCAS Status** key to toggle the TCAS Status.

#### 9.5.2.3 Test

The Traffic Test function is only available on some TAS traffic systems. The aircraft must be on the ground and traffic system must be in Standby.



- Touch the **Test** key to activate the test function in the Traffic equipment.
- The unit will return to normal operation mode after the test process is successfully completed.

#### 9.5.2.4 **Motion Vector**

When Absolute Motion Vectors are selected, the vectors extending from the traffic targets depict the target reported track and speed over the ground. When Relative Motion Vectors are selected, the vectors extending from the traffic targets display how the traffic target is moving relative to your aircraft. These vectors are calculated using the traffic targets track and ground speed and your aircraft's track and ground speed. These two values are combined to depict where the traffic target is moving purely with respect to your aircraft and give a forecast of where the traffic target will be, relative to your aircraft, in the near future.

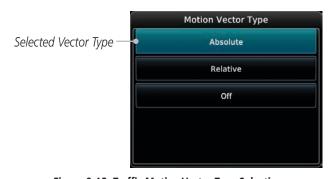


Figure 9-12 Traffic Motion Vector Type Selection



**NOTE:** Absolute motion vectors are colored either white or cyan. Relative motion vectors are always green. The annunciation on the bottom of the dedicated traffic page indicates which vector type is selected and their length.

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ADS-B and TCAS Status and Altitude Filter Мар Touch to View \* Traffic HDG UP Orientation ADS. SURF 以 Traffic Menu N12345 TCAS: OPER Light ALT: NORM Traffic Motion Aircraft Selected KONP CR: Traffic Info Vector (White) TRK: 134° GS: 104 KT MSG Selected AIRB/SURF Touch for Vector Motion Next Target and Duration

Figure 9-13 Absolute Motion (White Vectors)

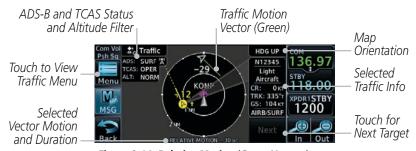


Figure 9-14 Relative Motion (Green Vectors)



Figure 9-15 Comparison of Absolute and Relative Motion Vectors With a Single Target

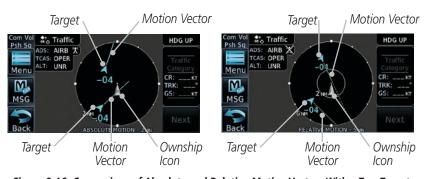


Figure 9-16 Comparison of Absolute and Relative Motion Vectors With a Two Targets

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### 9.5.2.5 Vector Duration

The Vector Duration selection sets the time that the vector will show the calculated distance and direction of the traffic target. A longer duration will result in a longer vector.

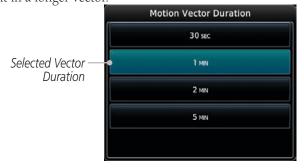


Figure 9-17 Traffic Motion Vector Duration Selection

### 9.5.2.6 Altitude Filter

- The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. Touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value.
- Select the desired altitude filter by touching the BELOW, NORMAL, ABOVE, or UNRESTRICTED keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.



Figure 9-18 Traffic Altitude Filter Page

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Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9,900 ft to 2,700 ft
Normal	-2,700 ft to 2,700 ft
Above	-2,700 ft to 9,900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-12 Displayed Traffic Range

### 9.5.2.7 On Scene Mode

When a GDL 88 (with software v3.00, or later) or GTX 345 is installed with a GTN in a helicopter, the GTN provides controls for enabling/disabling "On Scene" mode. "On Scene" mode decreases traffic alerts when operating near other helicopters (e.g., news reporting).



1. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Menu** key.



2. Touch the **On Scene** key to enable/disable On Scene mode.

## 9.5.3 Rotorcraft Traffic Page Orientation



**NOTE**: Rotorcraft Traffic Page Orientation functionality is available in software v5.12 or later.

When flying at low speeds in a helicopter, heading may not always be closely aligned with track (it could easily be up to 180 degrees different). If the GTN is interfaced with a heading source, the ADS-B traffic page will remain fixed with the ownship heading pointed up. However, if heading is not being received by the GTN, the display of ADS-B traffic will be unavailable.

When one of the following conditions is true, the ADS-B traffic page will be unavailable and a "Display Unavailable" banner will be displayed.

- Ownship directionality is invalid (no valid heading or track)
- GPS ground speed is less than 15 knots and ownship heading is not available

While the traffic display is unavailable due to these conditions, traffic alerts will be provided in a non-bearing textual form at the top of the traffic page.

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9.6

RYAN TCAD 9900BX with the GDL 88

**NOTE**: When a TCAD is connected to a GTX 345, the available controls will appear as described for TCAS in "ADS-B Traffic Menu"

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl Ryan TCAD is a system that provides audio and visual alerts for traffic near your aircraft. The information from this system can be interfaced through the GTN series. Operating instructions and details on the modes of operation are described in the Ryan TCAD operator's handbooks.

Com/Nav

• TCAS-like symbols are used in the 9900BX.

Direct-To • Altitud

- $\bullet \ \ Altitude \ modes \ are \ available \ (normal, \ look \ up, \ look \ down, \ unrestricted).$
- Ranges are manually controlled for the current shield.
- Traffic display range selections:
  - Ryan 9900BX 1 NM, 2 NM, 2 and 6 NM, 6 and 12 NM, and 12 and 24 NM.

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9.6.1 Ryan TCAD Description



**NOTE**: Refer to the Ryan TCAD Pilot's Guide for a detailed description of the Ryan TCAD System.

Weather

The Ryan TCAD (Traffic and Collision Alert Device) is an on-board air traffic display used to identify potential collision threats. TCAD computes relative altitude and range of threats from nearby Mode C and Mode S-equipped aircraft. TCAD will not detect aircraft without operating transponders or those that are beyond radar coverage. TCAD, within defined limits, creates a "shield" of airspace around the aircraft that detected traffic cannot penetrate without triggering an alert.

. .

**TA:** Traffic Advisory. This is traffic with 500 feet, or less, of altitude separation that is converging or maintaining altitude separation.

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**PA:** Proximity Advisory. This is traffic with 500 feet of altitude separation that is not a TA.

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**TRFC:** Other traffic.

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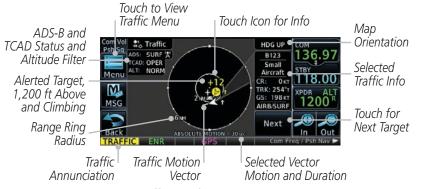


Figure 9-19 Traffic Page for Ryan TCAD with GDL 88

#### 9.6.2 Altitude Mode

The GDL 88 has four altitude display modes: Normal (±2,700 feet, Above (-2,700 feet to +9,900 feet), Below (-9,900 feet to +2,700 feet), and Unrestricted (±9,900 feet). The GDL 88 continues to track up to 30 intruder aircraft within its maximum surveillance range, regardless of the altitude display mode selected.

The selected altitude display mode is displayed in the upper left-hand corner of the Traffic page.

The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Altitude Filter** key to change the altitude filter value. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNRESTRICTED** keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude mode field.

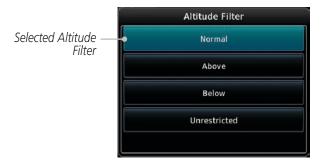


Figure 9-20 Traffic Altitude Filter Selection

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Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9,900 ft to 2,700 ft
Normal	-2,700 ft to 2,700 ft
Above	-2,700 ft to 9,900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-13 Displayed Traffic Range

## 9.6.3 TCAD Control Menu

The TCAD Control Menu allows control over the settings for the TCAD Traffic display.



Figure 9-21 TCAD Traffic Menu

1. While viewing the Traffic menu, touch the **TCAD Control** key.



Figure 9-22 TCAD Control Menu

2. Touch the desired key from the menu to make any settings.

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### 9.6.3.1 Traffic Audio

Traffic Audio

1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Traffic Audio** key.

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Audio &



Bar Graph Showing Volume Level
Figure 9-23 TCAD Traffic

Com/Nav



2. Touch the arrow keys to raise or lower the TCAD Traffic Audio level. The selected volume will be shown as a percentage value and graphically with a bar graph.

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FPI



3. Touch the  ${\bf Back}$  key to return to the TCAD Control menu.

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### 9.6.3.2 Field Elevation



1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Field Elevation** key.

Map



Figure 9-24 TCAD Traffic Field Elevation Selection



2. With the **Use DEST APT** key deactivated (no green bar), touch the **Field Elevation** key to manually select the Field Elevation for traffic reporting. Use the keypad to select the elevation value.

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3. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **Field Elevation** key.

System



 Touch the **Use DEST APT** key to automatically use the field elevation of the destination airport of the active flight plan for traffic reporting.

Messages



**NOTE:** Activating the Use DEST APT feature automatically uses the elevation for the current destination airport for the TCAD. If no destination airport is present in the GTN system, the TCAD will not receive a field elevation and therefore not automatically enter approach mode.

Appena



Enter\_

Ground Mode

9.6.3.6

Approach Mode

9.6.3.3

### Baro

While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **BARO** key to manually select the barometric pressure.

- Use the keypad to select the barometric pressure value. 2.
- Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **BARO** key.

Com/Nav

9.6.3.4

## Operate

- While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Operate** key to activate TCAD traffic.
- Touching the **Operate** key toggles TCAD traffic operation on and off

#### 9.6.3.5 **Ground Mode**

- While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Ground** key to activate Ground Mode TCAD traffic.
- Touching the **Ground** key toggles Ground Mode on and off.

## Approach Mode

- While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Approach** key to activate Approach Mode TCAD traffic.
- Touching the **Approach** key toggles Approach Mode on and off

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## 9.7 TCAD 9900B Operation

The TCAD 9900B provides a passive system that uses transponder replies from other aircraft to acquire traffic information.



Figure 9-25 Traffic Page for Ryan TCAD 9900B

Symbol		Description
Imminent Traffic (Traffic within ±500 feet AND 1.0 NM; OR no altitude AND within 1.0 NM)	Non-Imminent Traffic	
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	Traffic Closing Vertically
$\Leftrightarrow$	$\Leftrightarrow$	Traffic Diverging Vertically
		Traffic not Closing or Diverging Vertically

Table 9-14 9900B TCAD Symbols

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## 9.7.1

29.92 IN

## Select Local Barometric Pressure

While viewing the TCAD display, touch the **Baro** key to select the local barometric pressure.

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Use the keypad to select the values and touch **Enter** to save the values.

Enter Audio &

#### Select Active Shield 9.7.2

29.92 IN FPI

While viewing the TCAD display, touch the **Active Shield** key to select the Active Shield values (Departure, Enroute, or Ground).

Touch the desired setting to save the values.

## Enter Direct-To

#### TCAD 9900B Traffic Menu 9.7.3

display.

The TCAD 9900B Menu allows control over the settings for the TCAD Traffic

TCAD Control

While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Menu** key.



Figure 9-26 TCAD 9900B Traffic Menu

Touch the desired key from the menu to make any settings.

### 9.7.3.1

## Traffic Audio



While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the Traffic Audio key.



Figure 9-27 TCAD Traffic Audio

Appendix

Touch the arrow keys to raise or lower the TCAD Traffic Audio level. The selected volume will be shown as a percentage value and graphically with a bar graph.





3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the TCAD Control menu.

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### 9.7.3.2 Shield Setup

The Shield Setup function allows you to select the Shield Type (mode of operation) and the size of the shield volume that will provide alerts when entered by aircraft.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl Com/Nav

### **Approach Shield Type**

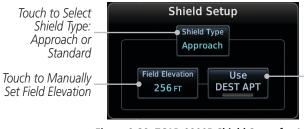


1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the Approach Shield Type.

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Touch to Automatically

— Select the Destination
Airport Field Elevation

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Traffic

Figure 9-28 TCAD 9900B Shield Setup for Approach



2. Touch the **Field Elevation** key.

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3. With the **Use DEST APT** key deactivated (no green bar), touch the **Field Elevation** key to manually select the Field Elevation for traffic reporting. Use the keypad to select the elevation value.

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Enter

Nearest Services/

4. Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the **Field Elevation** key.

tilitio

Music

5. Touch the **Use DEST APT** key to automatically use the field elevation of the destination airport of the active flight plan for traffic reporting.

System



**NOTE:** Activating the Use DEST APT feature automatically uses the elevation for the current destination airport for the TCAD. If no destination airport is present in the GTN system, the TCAD will not receive a field elevation and therefore not automatically enter approach mode.

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### En Route, Standard, or Terminal Shield Type



 While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the desired Shield Type: Enroute, Standard, or Terminal



Figure 9-29 TCAD 9900B Shield Setup for En Route, Standard, and Terminal



2. Touch the **Shield Height** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Height value. The selected value will be shown in the **Shield Range** key.



3. Touch the **Shield Range** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Range value. The selected value will be shown in the **Shield Range** key.

### 9.7.3.3 Approach Mode



- 1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Approach** key to activate Approach Mode TCAD traffic.
- 2. Touching the **Approach** key toggles Approach Mode between Set, Armed, or Active.

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## 9.8 TCAD 9900BX Operation

The TCAD 9900BX provides an active system that interrogates other aircraft to acquire traffic information.

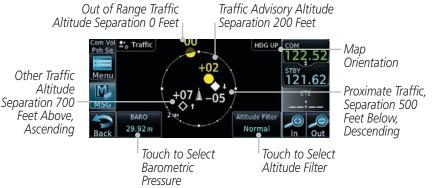


Figure 9-30 Traffic Page for Ryan TCAD 9900BX

Symbol	Description
	Traffic Advisory
<b>•</b>	Proximity Advisory
	(color may be configured as cyan)
<b>♦</b>	Other Traffic
	(color may be configured as cyan)
	Out-of-Range Traffic Advisory

Table 9-15 9900BX (TCAS) Symbols

### 9.8.1 Select Local Barometric Pressure



1. While viewing the TCAD display, touch the **Baro** key to select the local barometric pressure.



2. Use the keypad to select the values and touch **Enter** to save the values.

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## 9.8.2

Select Altitude Filter

The Altitude Filter limits the traffic displayed to the Below, Normal, Above or Unrestricted altitude block as listed in the "Displayed Traffic Range" table. The filter altitudes are relative to ownship altitude. While viewing the Traffic page, touch the Altitude Filter key to change the altitude filter value. Select the desired altitude filter by touching the Normal, Above, Below, or Unrestricted keys. The selection is displayed in the Altitude Filter field.

Altitude Filter Selected Altitude Filter Normal Above Below Unrestricted

Figure 9-31 Traffic Altitude Filter Selection

Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range
Below	-9,900 ft to 2,700 ft
Normal	-2,700 ft to 2,700 ft
Above	-2,700 ft to 9,900 ft
Unrestricted	All Traffic Shown

Table 9-16 Displayed Traffic Range

#### TCAD 9900BX Traffic Menu 9.8.3

The TCAD 9900BX Menu allows control over the settings for the TCAD Traffic display.

System

TCAD Control

While viewing the Traffic page, touch the **Menu** key.

Select Shield Select Approach Traffic Menu Mode: Set, Armed, Setup Approach Mode Traffic Audio Shield Setup or Active Set Traffic Audio Volume Toggle Ground **Ground Mode** Mode On or Off

Figure 9-32 TCAD 9900BX Traffic Menu

Touch the desired key from the menu to make any settings.

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### 9.8.3.1 Traffic Audio



. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Traffic Audio** key.

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Figure 9-33 TCAD Traffic Audio



2. Touch the arrow keys to raise or lower the TCAD Traffic Audio level. The selected volume will be shown as a percentage value and graphically with a bar graph.



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3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the TCAD Control menu.

1.4

## 9.8.3.2 Shield Setup

The Shield Setup function allows you to select the Shield Type (mode of operation) and the size of the shield volume that will provide alerts when entered by aircraft.

# Traffic

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## **Approach Shield Type**



1. While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the Approach Shield Type.

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Figure 9-34 TCAD 9900BX Shield Setup for Approach



2. Touch the Field Elevation key.

Symbol

 With the Use DEST APT key deactivated (no green bar), touch the Field Elevation key to manually select the Field Elevation for traffic reporting. Use the keypad to select the elevation value.

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Touch the **Enter** key to accept the selected value. The selected value will be shown in the Field Elevation key.

DEST APT

Touch the **Use DEST APT** key to automatically use the field elevation of the destination airport of the active flight plan for traffic reporting.



**NOTE:** Activating the Use DEST APT feature automatically uses the elevation for the current destination airport for the TCAD. If no destination airport is present in the GTN system, the TCAD will not receive a field elevation and therefore not automatically enter approach mode.

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## En Route, Standard, or Terminal Shield Type

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While viewing the TCAD Control menu, touch the **Shield Type** key and touch the desired Shield Type: Enroute, Standard, or Terminal

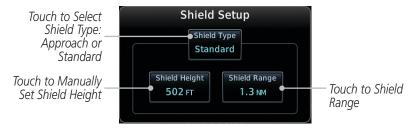


Figure 9-35 TCAD 9900BX Shield Setup for En Route, Standard, and Terminal

500 FT

Touch the **Shield Height** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Height value. The selected value will be shown in the Shield Range key.

1.0 NM

Touch the **Shield Range** key and use the keypad to select the Shield Range value. The selected value will be shown in the Shield Range key.

9.8.3.3 Approach Mode **Approach Mode** 

- While viewing the Traffic menu, touch the **Approach** key to activate Approach Mode TCAD traffic.
- Touching the **Approach** key toggles Approach Mode between Set, Armed, or Active.

9.8.3.4 **Ground Mode** 

Appendix Approach Mode

- While viewing the Traffic menu, touch the **Ground** key to activate Ground Mode TCAD traffic.
- Touching the **Ground** key toggles Ground Mode between On and Off.

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## 9.9 TCAS II



**NOTE**: This feature is available with software v6.30 and later.



**WARNING**: Traffic information shown on system displays is provided as an aid in visually acquiring traffic. Traffic avoidance maneuvers are based upon TCAS II Resolution Advisories, ATC guidance, or positive visual acquisition of conflicting traffic.



**WARNING**: Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic information within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from other aircraft, traffic may be present but not represented on the displays.



**NOTE**: If the installed TCAS II traffic system is not a GTS 8000, refer to the applicable documentation for system-specific information.

A Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System II (TCAS II), such as the GTS 8000, improves flight safety by monitoring nearby airspace for aircraft flying with operating transponders. The TCAS II system provides traffic information to the displays. If separation from other aircraft is within certain limits, the system issues Traffic Advisories (TAs) assisting the flight crew in the visual acquisition of traffic, or Resolution Advisories (RAs) providing recommended vertical guidance maneuvers to resolve traffic conflicts.

## 9.9.1 TCAS II Theory of Operation

When the TCAS II system is operating in TA/RA or TA Only Mode, the system interrogates the transponders of other aircraft in the vicinity, and monitors for their replies. Based on successive replies, the system tracks the range, bearing, and (if reported) the altitudes of other aircraft. For each detected aircraft transponder, the system calculates time to, and separation at, the closest point of approach (CPA) around the potential collision area surrounding own aircraft. Based on CPA time, own aircraft altitude, and selected TCAS II system mode, the system determines if a TA or RA should be issued for a detected intruder.

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Altitude (Feet*)	TA Time to CPA (Seconds)	RA Time to CPA (Seconds)
0 - 1,000	20	RA not issued below 1,000 feet
1,000 - 2,350	25	15
2,350 - 5,000	30	20
5,000 - 10,000	40	25
10,000 - 20,000	45	30
20,000 and above	48	35

<sup>\*</sup> System uses pressure altitude except when Radar Altitude is available. Radar Altitude takes precedence over pressure altitude reporting.

#### Table 9-17 Altitude-based TCAS II TA/RA Alert Thresholds

The TCAS II system categorizes detected traffic into four groups of increasing collision threat potential:

- Other Traffic (OT), displayed as a hollow white diamond, is not currently a threat.
- **Proximate Traffic** (PT), displayed as a filled white diamond, is not currently a threat, but is within 6 nm and ±1,200 feet of the own-aircraft altitude.
- **Traffic Advisory** (TA), displayed as a filled yellow circle, indicates traffic is within 20-48 seconds of a potential collision area. If a Traffic Map is shown, and the TA traffic is beyond the selected map range, the system displays a half-TA symbol at the edge of the map at the approximate relative bearing of the TA traffic. If TA traffic subsequently meets the criteria for an RA, the system will issue an RA.
- **Resolution Advisory** (RA), displayed as a filled red square, indicates traffic is within 15-35 seconds of a potential collision area. If a Traffic Map is shown, and the RA traffic is beyond the selected map range, the system displays a half-RA symbol at the edge of the map positioned at the approximate relative bearing to the RA traffic.



Symbol	Description
<b>♦</b>	Other Non-threat Traffic
<b>♦</b>	Proximity Advisory
	Traffic Advisory (TA)
	Off-scale Traffic Advisory
	Resolution Advisory (RA)
N.	Off-scale Resolution Advisory

Table 9-18 TCAS II Traffic Symbol Description

### 9.9.2 TCAS II with ADS-B

When the GTS 8000 TCAS II is in operating mode, it interrogates Mode-S transponder data while automatically receiving ADS-B position and velocity information directly from a comparably equipped aircraft target. The system attempts to match (or "correlate") the two surveillance data sources to increase the preciseness of its target location. When a correlation is made, the system displays the traffic information for the source determined to be the most accurate. Any traffic that is not correlated (i.e., only detected by one system but not the other) is also displayed for the flight crew. This may occur, for example, if another aircraft is beyond the surveillance range of the TCAS II, but the GTS 8000 is still receiving position and velocity information from other ADS-B equipped aircraft. The traffic correlation feature improves the accuracy of the traffic displayed, while reducing the occurrence of displaying a single target twice.



NOTE: Aircraft that are surveilled by ADS-B In only will not trigger a TCAS resolution advisory.

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9.9.3

When the TCAS II unit issues a TA or RA, the following occur:

**TCAS II Alerts** 

- A 'TRAFFIC' annunciation appears in the annunciator bar of the GTN, flashes for 5 seconds and remains displayed until no TAs or RAs are detected in the surveillance area.
  - RA 'TRAFFIC' annunciations are white text with red backgrounds.
  - TA 'TRAFFIC' annunciations are black text with yellow backgrounds.
  - If a TA and RA occur simultaneously, only the red and white RA 'TRAFFIC' annunciation is shown.
- If the GTN is not displaying the traffic page, the system displays a traffic alert pop-up.
- During a TA event, the system issues a single "Traffic, Traffic" voice alert each time the system detects a new TA threat.
- During an RA event, voice alert(s) provide vertical guidance to resolve the traffic conflict.
  - The Vertical Speed Indicator displays a range of vertical speeds to fly to or avoid as applicable.
  - Additional voice alerts occur if the RA status changes and when the aircraft is clear of the conflict.

If the traffic system cannot determine the bearing of a Traffic or Resolution Advisory, the alert will be displayed as a traffic alert banner outlined in the following table:

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Description
<ul> <li>Warning banner displayed when system unable to determine bearing of Resolution Advisory (RA) and extreme pilot vigilance is required.</li> </ul>
Banner indicates distance in nm and altitude separation in hundreds of feet.
<ul> <li>If altitude trend is available, banner indicates altitude trend up <up> for climbing and down <dn> for descending traffic.</dn></up></li> </ul>
• Caution banner displayed when system unable to determine bearing of Traffic Advisory (TA) and pilot vigilance is required.
Banner indicates distance in nm and altitude separation in hundreds of feet.
If altitude trend is available, banner indicates altitude trend up <up> for climbing and down <dn> for descending traffic.</dn></up>

Table 9-19 TCAS II No-Bearing Alert Banners

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9.9.3.1 Resolution Advisories

Resolution Advisories (RAs) are TCAS II recommended vertical guidance maneuvers to be flown to resolve a traffic conflict. If the targeted threat aircraft is also TCAS II equipped, the two traffic systems use Mode S data link interrogations to generate complimentary responses to the RAs. During an RA event, the system monitors the performance and status of the aircraft response. It may command an increase/decrease vertical speed, and/or reverse climb/descend commands until the aircraft is clear of the conflict.

RAs are categorized in two resolution types, preventive and corrective:

**Preventive Resolutions** 

Preventive RAs are issued when the aircraft's present vertical speed will resolve a traffic conflict. The system displays a range of vertical speed avoidance limits. These limits are displayed to help the pilot from climbing or descending into conflicting traffic.

**Corrective Resolutions** 

Corrective RAs are issued when the aircraft's present vertical speed *will not* resolve a traffic conflict. The VSI indicates a range of vertical speeds to be avoided, while the current vertical speed appears in white with a red background. For advisory, the VSI indicates a green "fly to" vertical speed range that needs to be flown to resolve the RA conflict. In some cases, the TCAS II system logic determines it will be necessary to cross through the intruder aircraft's altitude to resolve the traffic conflict.

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The following tables illustrate Preventive Advisories, Corrective Advisories, and TCAS II Voice Alerts:

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Preventive RA Type	Required Vertical Speed (fpm)	
Do Not Climb	< 0	
Do Not Climb > 500 fpm	< 500	
Do Not Climb > 1,000 fpm	< 1,000	
Do Not Climb > 2,000 fpm	< 2,000	
Do Not Descend	> 0	
Do Not Descend > 500 fpm	> -500	
Do Not Descend > 1,000 fpm	> -1,000	
Do Not Descend > 2,000 fpm	> -2,000	
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Table 9-20 Preventative RA Types with Required Vertical Speeds

Corrective RA Type	Required Vertical Speed (fpm)	
Climb	1,500 to 2,000	
Crossing Climb		
Crossing Maintain Climb	1,500 to 4,400	
Maintain Climb		
Reduce Descent	0	
Descend	- 1,500 to - 2,000	
Crossing Descend		
Crossing Maintain Descend	-1,500 to -4,400	
Maintain Descend		
Reduce Climb	0	

Table 9-21 Corrective RA Types with Required Vertical Speeds

Alert Type	Voice Alert	
TA	"Traffic, Traffic"	
Climb RA	"Climb, Climb"	
Descend RA	"Descend, Descend"	
Altitude Crossing Climb RA	"Climb, Crossing Climb, Climb, Crossing Climb"	
Altitude Crossing Descend RA	"Descend, Crossing Descend, Descend, Crossing Descend"	
Reduce Climb RA	"Level Off, Level Off"	
Reduce Descend RA	"Level Off, Level Off"	
RA Reversal to Climb RA	"Climb - Climb NOW, Climb - Climb NOW"	
RA Reversal to Descend RA	"Descend - Descend NOW, Descend - Descend NOW"	
Increase Climb RA	"Increase Climb, Increase Climb"	
Increase Descent RA	"Increase Descent, Increase Descent"	
Maintain Rate RA	"Maintain Vertical Speed, Maintain"	
Altitude Crossing, Maintain Rate RA (Climb and Descend)	"Maintain Vertical Speed, Crossing Maintain"	
Preventive RA	"Monitor Vertical Speed"	
RA Removed	"Clear of Conflict"	

Table 9-22 TCAS II Voice Alerts

## 9.9.4 TCAS II System Test

The TCAS II system test is initiated from the traffic menu. During a TCAS II system test, the system displays a traffic test pattern on the Traffic Page. A Resolution Advisory (RA) alert annunciation will be displayed with the vertical speed indicator indicating not to descend nor climb greater than 2,000 feet per minute. The system test takes approximately eight seconds to complete.

Condition	Voice Alert	
System Test Passed	"TCAS Two System Passed"	
System Test Failed	"TCAS Two System Failed"	

Table 9-23 GTS 8000 System Test Voice Alerts

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## 9.9.5 TCAS II Operation

To display TCAS II traffic, the system must be in TA ONLY or TA/RA Mode. These modes can be accessed from the transponder control panel or the Traffic Page Menu.

The Traffic Map is the principal map page for viewing TCAS II traffic data. Traffic data is displayed in relation to the aircraft's current position and altitude, without basemap clutter. Aircraft orientation is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. The map range is adjustable from 2 to 40 nm. Its scale is indicated by the map range rings.

The traffic operating mode and altitude display mode are annunciated in the upper left corner of the Traffic Map Page.



Figure 9-36 TCAS II Traffic Map Page



NOTE: The GTS 8000 TCAS II system automatically selects TA ONLY Mode when the aircraft is below 1,000' AGL. After landing, the GTS 8000 automatically selects STANDBY Mode. If the installed TCAS II traffic system is not a GTS 8000, refer to the applicable documentation for system-specific automatic traffic mode selections.

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## 9.9.5.1 Altitude Display

The flight crew can select the volume of airspace in which Other Non-Threat and proximity traffic is displayed. TAs and RAs outside of these limits will always be shown. This airspace can be selected by pressing the **Altitude Filter** button on the traffic page.

Altitude Mode	Displayed Traffic Range (feet)	
Below	-9,900 to 2,700	
Normal	-2,700 to 2,700	
Above	-2,700 to 9,900	
Unrestricted	-9,900 to 9,900	

Table 9-24 Displayed Traffic Range

## 9.9.5.2 Traffic System Status

The traffic mode is annunciated in the upper left corner of the Traffic Map pane. If the traffic system fails, or is in test mode, an annunciation is shown in the center of the Traffic Map.

Operating Mode	Traffic Page Annunciation	Traffic Page Banner
TCAS II Self-Test Initiated (TEST)	Test	Test Mode
Traffic and Resolution Advisory (TA/RA)	TA/RA	N/A
Traffic Advisory Only	TA Only	N/A
TCAS II System Standby	STBY	N/A
TCAS II System Failed	Fail	Failed or No Data

Table 9-25 TCAS II Modes

## 9.9.5.3 External Display

If an external traffic display is being controlled by the GTN, it will be commanded to match the display settings on the GTN (traffic range and altitude filter). In a dual GTN installation, GTN #1 will control the external display. The traffic range on the external display will be set to the nearest range to the selected range on the GTN.

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## 10 TERRAIN

# **10.1** Terrain Configurations



**NOTE:** Obstacles are removed from the Terrain and TAWS pages at ranges greater than 10 NM.

During power-up of the GTN 6XX, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed along with a disclaimer. At the same time, the Terrain system self-test begins. A failure message is issued if the terrain test fails.

Garmin provides the following terrain awareness solutions within the GTN 6XX environment.

Alerting functions are designed to increase situational awareness and help reduce controlled flight into terrain (CFIT).

Terrain Type	Features
(H)Terrain Proximity	Standard terrain function displaying relative elevations on moving map
TTOXITIITY	Does not provide aural or visual alerts
	Basic terrain alerting function
(H)Terrain	Provides aural and visual alerts
Alerting	Does not meet TSO-C151c or TSO-C194 requirements for certification
HTAWS	Optional terrain alerting function for rotorcraft
ПІАТО	Satisfies TSO-C194 requirements for certification
	Optional TSO-C151c Class A terrain alerting system
TAWS-A	Provides aural and visual alerts when terrain and obstacles are within a given altitude threshold from the aircraft
TAWS-B	Optional TSO-C151c Class B terrain alerting system
IAVV3-D	Provides aural and visual alerts

**Table 10-1 Terrain Configurations** 

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# 10.2 GPS Altitude for Terrain

GPS altitude is derived from satellite measurements. To require an accurate 3-D fix (latitude, longitude, altitude), a minimum of four operating satellites must be in view of the GPS receiver antenna.

The terrain system uses GPS altitude and position data to:

- Create a 2-D image of surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the aircraft's position and altitude
- Calculate the aircraft's flight path in relation to surrounding terrain and obstacles
- Predict hazardous terrain conditions and issue alerts

### 10.2.1 GSL Altitude & Indicated Altitude

The GTN converts GPS altitude data to GSL altitude (i.e., the geometric altitude relative to MSL) for use in terrain functions. All Terrain page depictions and elevation indications are in GSL.

Variations between GSL altitude and the aircraft's corrected barometric altitude (or indicated altitude) are common. As a result, Terrain page altitude data may differ from current altimeter readings. Both GSL altitude and indicated altitude represent height above MSL, but differ in accuracy and reliability.

Altitude Type	Features
	Highly accurate and reliable geometric altitude source
GSL	Does not require local altimeter settings to determine height above MSL
	Not subject to pressure and temperature variations
	Affected primarily by satellite geometry
	Barometric altitude source corrected for pressure variations
Indicated	Requires frequent altimeter setting adjustment to determine height above MSL
	Subject to local atmospheric conditions
	Affected by variations in pressure, temperature, and lapse rate

Table 10-2 GSL and Indicated Altitude Features

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# **GARMIN**

#### **General Database Information** 10.3

Garmin TAWS and HTAWS use terrain and obstacle information supplied by government and private sources. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content. However, the displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive. Pilots must familiarize themselves with the appropriate charts for safe flight.



**NOTE:** The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government and private agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

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#### **Database Versions** 10.3.1

The version and area of coverage of each terrain/obstacle database is shown on the System-System Status page. Databases are checked for integrity at power-up. If a database is found to be missing and/or deficient, the TAWS/HTAWS system fails the self-test and displays the TAWS/HTAWS system failure message.

**HTAWS Database Requirements** 10.3.2

To function properly, HTAWS requires the use of databases specific to helicopters and HTAWS. The databases required are:

- 2.5 arc-second Terrain Database
- Helicopter Obstacle Database
- Helicopter Navigation Database

#### 10.3.3 **Database Updates**

For information on how to update databases, refer to section 18.2.

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# 10.3.4 Terrain Database Areas of Coverage

The fixed-wing terrain database provides worldwide coverage. The following describes the area of coverage available in each helicopter terrain database. Regional definitions may change without notice.

Database	Coverage Area
Americas - North	Latitudes: 0° to N90° Longitudes: W180° to W30°
Americas - South	Latitudes: N30° to S90° Longitudes: W180° to W30°
Atlantic - North	Latitudes: 0° to N90° Longitudes: W30° to E90°
Atlantic - South	Latitudes: N30° to S90° Longitudes: W30° to E90°
Pacific - North	Latitudes: 0° to N90° Longitudes: E60° to E180°
Pacific - South	Latitudes: N30° to S90° Longitudes: E60° to E180°

### Table 10-3 Terrain Database Coverage

**NOTE:** Because of higher resolution helicopter terrain data, the world-wide data won't fit on the terrain database card. Therefore, data is regionalized. If you have the wrong region database for your present position, then you get the message that terrain is unavailable for the current location and a crosshatched pattern on the terrain display.

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### 10.3.5 Obstacle Database Areas of Coverage

The following describes the area of coverage available in each database. Regional definitions may change without notice.

Database	Coverage Area
United States (US)	Limited to the United States plus some areas of Canada, Mexico, Caribbean, and the Pacific.
US/Europe	Alaska, Austria, Belgium, Canada*, Caribbean*, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hawaii, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico*, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States
* Indicates partial of	coverage

Table 10-4 Obstacle Database Coverage



**NOTE:** It is very important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the Obstacle Database.

Obstacle databases created for GTN software v5.10 or later include all power lines or only HOT lines depending on the type of obstacle database installed. Hazardous Obstacle Transmission (HOT) Lines are those power lines that are co-located with other FAA-identified obstacles. The installed obstacle database type can be verified on the System Status page. Power line data is available for the contiguous United States as well as small parts of Canada and Mexico.

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# 10.4 Terrain Proximity

Garmin Terrain Proximity is a non-TSO-C151c-certified terrain awareness system provided as a standard feature of GTN 6XX to increase situational awareness and help reduce controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). Terrain may be displayed on the Map and Terrain pages.

Terrain Proximity uses information provided from the GPS receiver to provide a horizontal position and altitude. GPS altitude is derived from satellite measurements. GPS altitude is converted to a Mean Sea Level (MSL)-based altitude (GSL altitude) and is used to determine Terrain alerts. GSL altitude accuracy is affected by factors such as satellite geometry, but it is not subject to variations in pressure and temperature that normally affect pressure altitude devices. GSL altitude does not require local altimeter settings to determine MSL altitude. Therefore, GPS altitude provides a highly accurate and reliable MSL altitude source to calculate terrain and obstacle alerts.

Terrain Proximity utilizes terrain and obstacle databases that are referenced to mean sea level (MSL). Using the GPS position and GSL altitude, Terrain Proximity displays a 2-D picture of the surrounding terrain and obstacles relative to the position and altitude of the aircraft. In this manner, Terrain Proximity can provide advanced alerts of predicted dangerous terrain conditions.

Terrain Proximity requires the following to operate properly:

- The system must have a valid 3-D GPS position solution.
- The system must have a valid terrain/obstacle database.

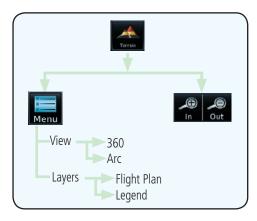


Figure 10-1 Terrain Proximity Page Functional Diagram

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# 10.4.1 Displaying Terrain Proximity

The Terrain page is in the Terrain function.

1. Touch the **Terrain** key on the Home page.

Yellow Terrain is Between 100 ft and 1,000 ft Below the Aircraft Altitude Terrain Page Title Heading Annunciation Obstacles Aircraft GSL Value 1500FT (GPS Derived) Menu 122.80 Range Red Terrain is Above or Rings Within 100 ft Below the Aircraft Altitude Terrain Scale Active Flight Terrain Type Plan Leg

Figure 10-2 Terrain Page

2. Touch the **Menu** key for options.

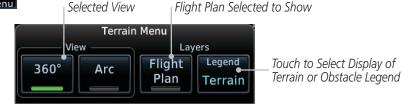


Figure 10-3 Terrain Menu Options

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#### Terrain Page 120° Arc or 360° Rings 10.4.1.1

Select the 120° Arc or 360° rings overlay for the Terrain page with either the **360** or **Arc** keys from the Menu.



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While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



Touch the **360°** or **Arc** key.



Yellow Terrain is Between 100 ft and 1,000 ft Below the Aircraft Altitude

Heading Annunciation

Aircraft GSL Value

(GPS Derived)

Red Terrain is

Above or Within

100 ft Below the Aircraft Altitude



Terrain Scale Icon shows point obstacle overlay is active (software

*v*5.12, or later)

Icon shows wire obstacle overlay is active (software *v*5.12, or later)

Figure 10-4 Terrain 120° Arc View

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#### Display Flight Plan on Terrain Page 10.4.1.2

Select the display of the active flight plan on the Terrain page.



Touch the **Flight Plan** key to toggle the display of the active flight plan on or off.

#### **Display Terrain or Obstacle Legend** 10.4.1.3

Select the display of the Terrain or Obstacle Legend on the Terrain page.



Touch the **Legend** key to select the display of the Terrain or Obstacle Legend.

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### 10.4.2 Terrain Limitations

Terrain Proximity displays terrain and obstructions relative to the altitude of the aircraft. The displayed alerts are advisory in nature only. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. However, all obstructions may not be available in the database and data may be inaccurate. Terrain information should be used as an aid to situational awareness. Never use this information for navigation or to maneuver to avoid obstacles.

Terrain Proximity uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. The displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive.



**NOTE:** The data contained in the Terrain Proximity databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness.



**NOTE:** TERRAIN, TAWS-A, TAWS-B, HTAWS, or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY functionality will be available via the Terrain page, depending on the installed hardware and configuration. HTAWS or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY are available in software v4.00, or later. TAWS-A is available in software v5.00, or later.

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10.5 Terrain Alerting

Getting Started Terrain alerting functions increase situational awareness and help reduce controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). Visual and aural annunciations alert the pilot when terrain and obstacles are within the given altitude threshold from the aircraft.

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# 10.5.1 Terrain Alerting Requirements

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- A valid terrain/obstacle database
- A valid 3-D GPS position solution

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# 10.5.2 Terrain Alerting Limitations

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**NOTE:** The data contained in the databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

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Terrain alerting uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. Terrain information is based on terrain elevation information in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content.

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# 10.5.3 Using Terrain Alerting

During unit power-up, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed. At the same time, the terrain system self-test begins, and one of the following aural messages is generated:

- "Terrain System Test OK"
- "Terrain System Failure"

On the Map page, terrain and obstacles with heights greater than 200 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) display in yellow and red. The GTN 6XX adjusts colors automatically as the aircraft altitude changes.

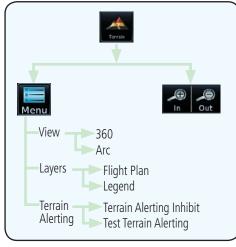


Figure 10-5 Terrain Alerting Page Functional Diagram

# 10.5.4 Displaying Terrain Alerting Data

Terrain uses yellow (caution) and red (warning) to depict terrain and obstacles alerts relative to aircraft altitude. Colors are adjusted automatically as the aircraft altitude changes. The colors and symbols shown below are used to represent terrain, obstacles, and threat locations. Obstacles are removed when more than 2,000 ft below the aircraft.

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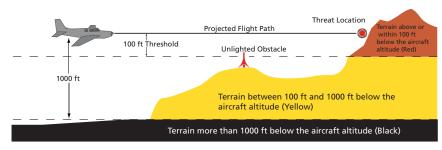


Figure 10-6 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation for Terrain Proximity

	Unlighted	Obstacle	Lighted	Obstacle	Threat		Terrain/	
	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	Location Indicator	Terrain Color	Obstacle Location	Alert Level
	^		*	*		Red	Terrain/ Obstacle at or within 100 ft below current aircraft altitude	WARNING (Red)
Obstacle Symbol	٨		*	*	0	Yellow	Terrain/ Obstacle between 100 ft and 1,000 ft below current aircraft altitude	CAUTION (Yellow)
	۵	IJ	*	类		White	Terrain/ Obstacle between 1,000 ft and 2,000 ft below current aircraft altitude	

Table 10-5 Terrain/Obstacle Colors and Symbology

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line
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Table 10-6 Obstacle Icon Types

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Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

# 10.5.5 Terrain Page

Terrain information is displayed on the Map and Terrain pages. The Terrain page is specialized to show terrain, obstacle, and threat location data in relation to the aircraft's current altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Flight plan information (airports, VORs, and other NAVAIDs) included in the flight plan are displayed for reference. If an obstacle and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest threat location on the Terrain page.

Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. If orientation is not heading up, it will be track up. Two views are available relative to the position of the aircraft: the 360° default display and the radar-like ARC (120°) display. Map range is adjustable with the **In** and **Out** keys from 1 to 200 NM, as indicated by the map range rings (or arcs).

# 10.5.5.1 Terrain Page Layers



1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



Figure 10-7 Terrain Menu



2. Touch the **Flight Plan** key to toggle the display of the active flight plan.

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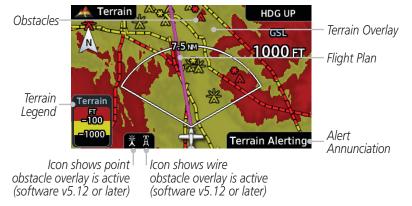


Figure 10-8 Flight Plan and Legend Shown On Terrain Page



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3. Touch the **Legend** key and select a legend for display on the Terrain page. Options include terrain, obstacle, and off.

### 10.5.5.2 Terrain Page View

Select the 120° Arc or 360° rings overlay for the Terrain page with either the **360°** or **Arc** keys from the Menu.



1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



2. Touch the **360°** or **Arc** key.



## 10.5.5.3 Terrain Alerting Selections

An inhibit function allows you to manually inhibit aural terrain alerts. After cycling power, terrain alerting functions will no longer be inhibited.



1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



2. Touch the **Terrain Inhibit** key to toggle the inhibiting of terrain alerts.



3. Touch the **Test Terrain** key to perform an internal test of the terrain alerting system. This function is not available when the aircraft is in the air.



### 10.5.6 Terrain Alerts

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within terrain alerting software algorithms. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. Alert types are shown in the Terrain Alerts Summary with corresponding annunciations and aural messages.

When an alert is issued, annunciations appear on the Terrain page. If the page is not displayed at the time, a pop-up alert appears over the page being viewed.



Figure 10-9 Terrain Alert Pop-Up

### To acknowledge the pop-up alert:



Touch the **Go to Terrain** key (accesses the Terrain page)

OR



Touch the **Close** key to remove the pop-up alert

If the pilot takes no action, the pop-up will be removed when the alert is no longer active.

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### 10.5.6.1 Terrain Alerting Colors and Symbology

Color and symbols are also associated with terrain alerts. The three alert levels and their associated text coloring as well as any associated symbology are shown in the following table.

Alert Level	Annunciator Text	Threat Location Indicator	Example Visual Annunciation
Warning	White text on red background		PULL UP
Caution	Black text on yellow background	<u> </u>	TERRAIN
Informational	Black text on white background	Not Applicable	TER INHB

Table 10-7 Terrain Alert Colors and Symbology

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
FLTA Terrain Warning (RTC-W, ITI-W)	PULL UP	"Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"* or "Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up"
FLTA Obstacle Warning (ROC-W, IOI-W)	PULL UP	"Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up"* or "Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"
FLTA Wire Warning (ILI-W, RLC-W)	PULL UP	"Wire Ahead Pull Up, Wire Ahead Pull Up"
FLTA Terrain Caution (RTC-C, ITI-C)	TERRAIN	"Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead" * or "Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain"
FLTA Obstacle Caution (ROC-C, IOI-C)	OBSTCL	"Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"* or "Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"
FLTA Wire Caution (ILI-C, RLC-C)	WIRE	"Wire Ahead"
Premature Descent Alert Caution (PDA)	TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
Voice Call Out (VCO-500)	None	"Five-Hundred"

<sup>\*</sup> Alerts with multiple messages are configurable at installation and are installation-dependent. Alerts for the default configuration are indicated with asterisks.

### Table 10-8 Alerts Summary

### 10.5.6.2 Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance

**Reduced Required Terrain Clearance (RTC), Reduced Required Line Clearance (RLC),** and **Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC)** alerts are issued when the aircraft flight path is above terrain, yet is projected to come within the minimum clearance values in the FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values table. When an RTC, RLC, and/or a ROC alert is issued, a threat location indicator is displayed on the Terrain page.

**Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI), Imminent Line Impact (ILI),** and **Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI)** alerts are issued when the aircraft is below the elevation of a terrain or obstacle cell in the aircraft's projected path. ITI, ILI, and IOI alerts are accompanied by a threat location indicator displayed on the Terrain page. The alert is annunciated when the projected vertical flight path is calculated to come within minimum clearance altitudes in the following table.

Eliabt Dhaca	Minimum Cleara	nce Altitude (feet)
Flight Phase	Level Flight	Descending
En Route	700	500
Terminal	350	300
Approach	150	100
Departure	100	100

Table 10-9 FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values

During final approach, FLTA alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is below 200 feet AGL while within 0.5 NM of the approach runway or below 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the runway threshold.

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### 10.5.6.3 Premature Descent Alerting

A Premature Descent Alert (PDA) is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the normal approach path to a runway.

PDA alerting begins when the aircraft is within 15 NM of the destination airport and ends when the aircraft is either 0.5 NM from the runway threshold or is at an altitude of 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the threshold. During the final descent, algorithms set a threshold for alerting based on speed, distance, and other parameters.

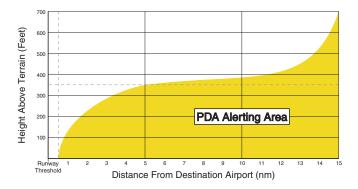


Figure 10-10 PDA Alerting Threshold

PDA and FLTA aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited. Discretion should be used when inhibiting terrain alerts and the system should be enabled when appropriate. When terrain alerting is inhibited, the alert annunciation "TER INHB" is shown.

### 10.5.6.4 Inhibiting/Enabling PDA/FLTA Alerting

Inhibit mode deactivates the PDA/FLTA aural and visual alerts. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting terrain alerts and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. Only the PDA and FLTA alerts are disabled in the inhibit mode. After cycling power, the terrain alerting function will no longer be inhibited.

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Figure 10-11 Terrain Alerting Inhibited Annunciation



While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.

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Touch the **Terrain Inhibit** key to inhibit or enable terrain alerting (choice dependent on current state). A green bar in the key indicates the inhibit function is active.

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#### **Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)** 10.5.6.5

Terrain provides aural advisory alerts as the aircraft descends, beginning at 500 feet above the terrain, as determined by the radar altimeter (if greater than 5 NM from the nearest airport) or 500 feet above the nearest runway threshold elevation (if less than 5 NM from the nearest airport). Upon descent to this altitude, the terrain system issues the aural alert message "Five-hundred."

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#### **Terrain Not Available Alert** 10.5.6.6

Terrain requires a 3-D GPS position solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the position solution become degraded or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "TER N/A" is generated in the annunciation window and on the Terrain page. The aural message "Terrain Not Available" is generated. When the GPS signal is reestablished and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the aural message "Terrain Available" is generated (when the aircraft is airborne).

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#### **Terrain Failure Alert** 10.5.6.7

Terrain continually monitors several system-critical items such as database validity, hardware status, and GPS status. If the terrain/obstacle database is not available, the aural message "Terrain System Failure" is generated along with a "TER FAIL" annunciation.



#### **Terrain System Status** 10.5.7

During power-up, the terrain system conducts a self-test of its aural and visual annunciations. This test can also be manually initiated. An aural alert is issued at test completion. Terrain system testing is disabled when ground speed exceeds 30 knots.

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
Terrain Available	None	"Terrain Available"
Terrain System Test in Progress	TER TEST	None
Terrain System Test Pass	None	"Terrain System Test OK"
Terrain N/A	TER N/A	Terrain Not Available
Terrain Alerting is Disabled	TER INHB	None
Terrain System Test Fail	TER FAIL	"Terrain System Failure"

**Table 10-10 Terrain System Test Status Annunciations** 

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# 10.6 TAWS-B (Optional)

TAWS (Terrain Awareness and Warning System) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). TAWS provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are within the given altitude threshold from the aircraft.

TAWS satisfies TSO-C151c Class B requirements for certification. Class B TAWS is required for all Part 91 turbine aircraft operations with six or more passenger seats and for Part 135 turbine aircraft operations with six to nine passenger seats (FAR Parts 91.223, 135.154).

# 10.6.1 TAWS-B Requirements

- A valid terrain/obstacle database
- A valid 3-D GPS position solution

### 10.6.2 TAWS-B Limitations



**NOTE:** The data contained in the TAWS databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

TAWS displays terrain and obstructions relative to the altitude of the aircraft. Compliance with TAWS B alerts and warnings is MANDATORY. When a TAWS B "pull up" annunciation is issued, the pilot is required to pull up.

TAWS uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. Terrain information is based on terrain elevation information in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content, per TSO-C151c.

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# **10.6.3 Using TAWS-B**

During unit power-up, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed. At the same time, TAWS self-test begins, and one of the following aural messages is generated:

- "TAWS System Test OK"
- "TAWS System Failure"

TAWS information can be displayed on the Map page. Terrain and obstacles with heights greater than 200 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) are displayed in yellow and red. The GTN 6XX adjusts colors automatically as the aircraft altitude changes.

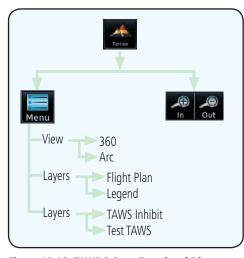


Figure 10-12 TAWS-B Page Functional Diagram

# 10.6.4 Displaying TAWS-B Data

TAWS uses yellow (caution) and red (warning) to depict terrain and obstacles alerts relative to aircraft altitude. Colors are adjusted automatically as the aircraft altitude changes. The colors and symbols shown below are used to represent terrain, obstacles, and threat locations. Obstacles are removed when more than 2,000 ft below the aircraft.

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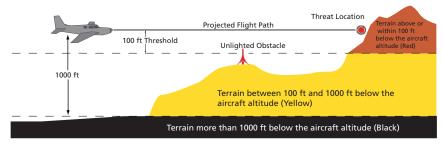


Figure 10-13 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation for Terrain Proximity

	Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle		Threat		Terrain/	
	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	Location Indicator	Terrain Color	Obstacle Location	Alert Level
	A		*	*		Red	Terrain/ Obstacle at or within 100 ft below current aircraft altitude	WARNING (Red)
Obstacle Symbol	٨		*	*	0	Yellow	Terrain/ Obstacle between 100 ft and 1,000 ft below current aircraft altitude	CAUTION (Yellow)
	۵	I.	*	*		White	Terrain/ Obstacle between 1,000 ft and 2,000 ft below current aircraft altitude	

Table 10-11 TAWS-B Terrain/Obstacle Colors and Symbology

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line
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Table 10-12 Obstacle Icon Types

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Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

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#### 10.6.5 TAWS-B Page

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TAWS information is displayed on the Map and Terrain pages. The TAWS page is specialized to show terrain, obstacle, and threat location data in relation to the aircraft's current altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Flight plan information (airports, VORs, and other NAVAIDs) included in the flight plan are displayed for reference. If an obstacle and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest threat location on the TAWS page.

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> Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. If orientation is not heading up, it will be track up. Two views are available relative to the position of the aircraft: the 360° default display and the

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radar-like ARC (120°) display. Map range is adjustable with the **In** and **Out** keys from 1 to 200 NM, as indicated by the map range rings (or arcs).

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10.6.5.1 **Terrain Page Layers** 

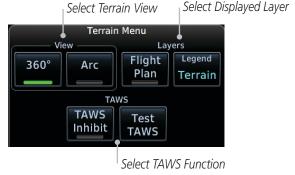
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While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



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Figure 10-14 Terrain Page TAWS-B Menu

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Touch the **Flight Plan** key to toggle the display of the active flight plan.

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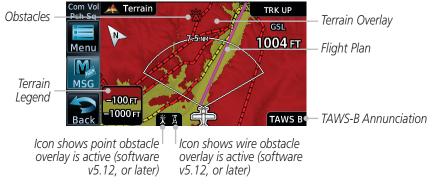


Figure 10-15 Flight Plan and Legend Shown On TAWS-B Terrain Page

### 10.6.5.2 Terrain Page View

Select the  $120^{\circ}$  Arc or  $360^{\circ}$  rings overlay for the Terrain page with either the  $360^{\circ}$  or Arc keys from the Menu.



1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



2. Touch the **360°** or **Arc** key.

### 10.6.5.3 Terrain Page TAWS-B Selections

The TAWS selections allow you to inhibit aural TAWS alerts and to send a request to the TAWS equipment to run its internal tests. After cycling power, TAWS will no longer be inhibited.



1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



Touch the TAWS Inhibit key to toggle the inhibiting of TAWS alerts

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Figure 10-16 TAWS-B Alerts Inhibited Selected

Test TAWS

3. Touch the **Test TAWS** key to test the TAWS system. This function is not available when the aircraft is in the air.



Figure 10-17 TAWS-B Test Selected

### 10.6.6 TAWS-B Alerts

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within TAWS software algorithms. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. TAWS alert types are shown in the TAWS Alerts Summary with corresponding annunciations and aural messages.

When an alert is issued, annunciations appear on the TAWS page. If the TAWS page is not displayed at the time, a pop-up alert appears on the page being viewed.

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Figure 10-18 Terrain Alert Pop-Up

### To acknowledge the pop-up alert:



Touch the **Go to Terrain** key (accesses the TAWS page)

OR



Touch the **Close** key to remove the pop-up alert

If the pilot takes no action, the pop-up will be removed when the alert is no longer active.

## 10.6.6.1 TAWS-B Alerting Colors and Symbology

Color and symbols are also associated with TAWS alerts. The three TAWS alert levels and their associated text coloring as well as any associated symbology are shown in the following table.

Alert Level	Annunciator Text	Threat Location Indicator	Example Visual Annunciation
Warning	White text on red background		PULL UP
Caution	Black text on yellow background		TERRAIN
Informational	Black text on white background	Not Applicable	TAWS INH

Table 10-13 TAWS-B Alert Colors and Symbology

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
Excessive Descent Rate Warning (EDR-W)	PULL UP	"Pull Up"
FLTA Terrain Warning (RTC-W, ITI-W)	PULL UP	"Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"* or "Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up"
FLTA Obstacle Warning (ROC-W, IOI-W)	PULL UP	"Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up" * or "Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"
FLTA Wire Warning (ILI-W, RLC-W)	PULL UP	"Wire Ahead Pull Up, Wire Ahead Pull Up"
FLTA Terrain Caution (RTC-C, ITI-C)	TERRAIN	"Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead" * or "Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain"
FLTA Obstacle Caution (ROC-C, IOI-C)	OBSTCL	"Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"* or "Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"
FLTA Wire Caution (ILI-C, RLC-C)	WIRE	"Wire Ahead"
Premature Descent Alert Caution (PDA)	TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Excessive Descent Rate Caution (EDR-C)	TERRAIN	"Sink Rate"
Negative Climb Rate Caution (NCR-C)	TERRAIN	"Don't Sink"* or "Too Low, Terrain"
Voice Call Out (VCO-500)	None	"Five-Hundred"

<sup>\*</sup> Alerts with multiple messages are configurable at installation and are installation-dependent. Alerts for the default configuration are indicated with asterisks.

Table 10-14 TAWS-B Alerts Summary

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### 10.6.6.2 Excessive Descent Rate Alert

The purpose of the **Excessive Descent Rate (EDR)** alert is to provide notification when the aircraft is determined to be descending upon terrain at an excessive rate. The parameters for the alert as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.

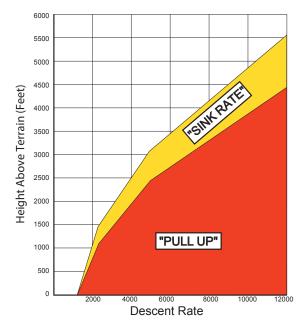


Figure 10-19 Excessive Descent Rate Alert Criteria

### 10.6.6.3 Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance

**Reduced Required Terrain Clearance (RTC), Reduced Required Line Clearance (RLC),** and **Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC)** alerts are issued when the aircraft flight path is above terrain, yet is projected to come within the minimum clearance values in the FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values table. When an RTC, RLC, and/or a ROC alert is issued, a threat location indicator is displayed on the TAWS page.

Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI), Imminent Line Impact (ILI), and Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI) alerts are issued when the aircraft is below the elevation of a terrain or obstacle cell in the aircraft's projected path. ITI, ILI, and IOI alerts are accompanied by a threat location indicator displayed on the TAWS page. The alert is annunciated when the projected vertical flight path is calculated to come within minimum clearance altitudes in the following table.

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Minimum Clearance Altitude (feet) Flight Phase **Level Flight Descending** En Route 700 500 **Terminal** 350 300 Approach 150 100 Departure 100 100

Table 10-15 FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values

During final approach, FLTA alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is below 200 feet AGL while within 0.5 NM of the approach runway or below 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the runway threshold.

### 10.6.6.4 Premature Descent Alerting

A Premature Descent Alert (PDA) is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the normal approach path to a runway.

PDA alerting begins when the aircraft is within 15 NM of the destination airport and ends when the aircraft is either 0.5 NM from the runway threshold or is at an altitude of 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the threshold. During the final descent, algorithms set a threshold for alerting based on speed, distance, and other parameters.

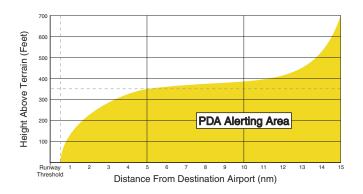


Figure 10-20 PDA Alerting Threshold

PDA and FLTA aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited. Discretion should be used when inhibiting TAWS and the system should be enabled when appropriate. When TAWS is inhibited, the alert annunciation "TAWS INHB" is shown.



### 10.6.6.5 Inhibiting/Enabling TAWS-B PDA/FLTA Alerting

TAWS also has an inhibit mode that deactivates the PDA/FLTA aural and visual alerts. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting TAWS and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. Only the PDA and FLTA alerts are disabled in the inhibit mode. After cycling power, TAWS will no longer be inhibited.



Figure 10-21 TAWS-B Alerting Disabled (TAWS Inhibited) Annunciation



1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



Touch the **TAWS Inhibit** key to inhibit or enable TAWS (choice dependent on current state). A green bar in the key indicates the TAWS is inhibited.

### 10.6.6.6 Negative Climb Rate After Take-Off Alert (NCR)

The **Negative Climb Rate (NCR) After Take-Off** alert (also referred to as "Altitude Loss After Take-Off") provides alerts when the system determines the aircraft is losing altitude (closing upon terrain) after takeoff. The aural message "Don't Sink" is given for NCR alerts, accompanied by an annunciation and a pop-up terrain alert on the display. NCR alerting is only active when departing from an airport and when the following conditions are met:

- Height above the terrain is less than 700 feet
- Distance from the departure airport is 2 NM or less
- Heading change from the departure heading is less than 110°
   The NCR alerting parameters as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.

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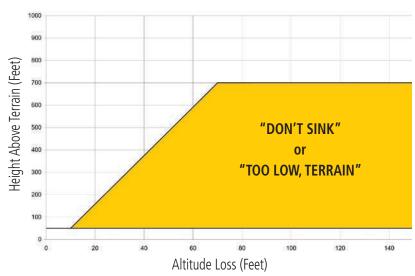


Figure 10-22 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Altitude Loss

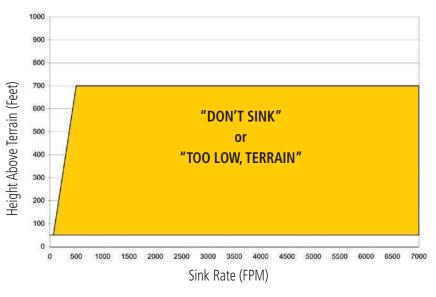


Figure 10-23 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Sink Rate

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### 10.6.6.7 Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)

TAWS-B provides aural advisory alerts as the aircraft descends, beginning at 500 feet above the terrain, as determined by the radar altimeter (if greater than 5 NM from the nearest airport) or 500 feet above the nearest runway threshold elevation (if less than 5 NM from the nearest airport). Upon descent to this altitude, TAWS-B issues the aural alert message "Five-hundred."

### 10.6.6.8 TAWS-B Not Available Alert

TAWS-B requires a 3-D GPS position solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the position solution become degraded or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "TAWS N/A" is generated in the annunciation window and on the TAWS-B page. The aural message "TAWS Not Available" is generated. When the GPS signal is re-established and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the aural message "TAWS Available" is generated (when the aircraft is airborne).

### 10.6.6.9 TAWS-B Failure Alert

TAWS continually monitors several system-critical items such as database validity, hardware status, and GPS status. If the terrain/obstacle database is not available, the aural message "TAWS System Failure" is generated along with a "TAWS FAIL" annunciation.

### 10.6.7 TAWS-B System Status

During power-up, TAWS-B conducts a self-test of its aural and visual annunciations. The system test can also be manually initiated. An aural alert is issued at test completion. TAWS System Testing is disabled when ground speed exceeds 30 knots.

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Aural Message
TAWS Available	None	"TAWS Available"
TAWS System Test in Progress	TAWS TEST	None
TAWS System Test Pass	None	"TAWS System Test OK"
TAWS N/A	TAWS N/A	TAWS Not Available
TAWS Alerting is Disabled	TAWS INHB	None
TAWS System Test Fail	TAWS FAIL	"TAWS System Failure"

Table 10-16 TAWS-B System Test Status Annunciations

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**NOTE**: TERRAIN, TAWS, HTAWS, or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY functionality will be available via the Terrain page, depending on the installed hardware and configuration, HTAWS or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY are available in software v4.00, or later.

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Garmin's Helicopter Terrain Awareness Warning System (HTAWS) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain. Garmin HTAWS is TSO-C194 authorized. Units installed in helicopters that do not have HTAWS installed will display HTerrain Proximity. This is noted by the five color terrain scale which is appropriate to the low altitude operating environment for helicopters.

**HTAWS (Optional)** 

HTAWS provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are a hazard to the aircraft.



Figure 10-24 Map Page with Terrain



NOTE: HTAWS-enabled units can be identified by going to the Terrain page and checking the lower right-corner for "HTAWS."

#### 10.7.1 **HTAWS Requirements**

- The system must have a valid 3D GPS position solution
- The system must have a valid terrain/obstacle database



#### 10.7.2 **HTAWS Limitations**



The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases NOTE: comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

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HTAWS displays terrain and obstructions relative to the flight path of the aircraft. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. However, all obstructions may not be available in the database and data may be inaccurate. Never use this information for navigation.



NOTE: Terrain databases do not consistently represent foliage. Some trees may extend above HTAWS protection limits in some operating modes.

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Terrain information is based on terrain elevation data contained in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Terrain information should be used as an aid to situational awareness. Never use it for navigation or to maneuver to avoid terrain

> Traffic Terrain

HTAWS uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content. However, the displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive.

#### 10.7.3 **Power Up**

During power-up of the unit, the terrain/obstacle database versions are displayed along with a disclaimer to the pilot. At the same time, HTAWS self-test begins. HTAWS gives the following aural messages upon test completion:

- "HTAWS System Test, OK," if the system passes the test
- "HTAWS System Failure," if the system fails the test

A test failure is also annunciated visually for HTAWS, as shown in the HTAWS Alert Summary table.

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# 10.7.4 HTAWS Page

HTAWS is shown on the Terrain page when HTAWS is available.



lcon shows point lcon shows wire obstacle overlay is active (software v5.12, or later) conshows wire obstacle overlay is active (software v5.12, or later)

Figure 10-25 Terrain/HTAWS Page

Terrain information, aircraft ground track, and GPS-derived MSL altitude are displayed on the page. The "GSL" above altitude display in the top right corner of the display reminds the pilot that altitude is GPS-derived.

The HTAWS page menu provides options to acknowledge caution alerts, reduce protection, or inhibit alerting.



Figure 10-26 HTAWS Terrain Menu

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#### 10.7.4.1 View Selection

The HTAWS page has two selectable view settings:



Figure 10-27 Terrain Page with HTAWS - 120° View

- 360° View—View from above aircraft depicting surrounding terrain on all sides.
- Arc (120°) View—View of terrain ahead of and 60° to either side of the aircraft flight path.



**NOTE**: If a heading source is available the HTAWS page will be oriented heading up. If no heading source is available the HTAWS page will be oriented track up.



Arc

 While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch MENU. Touch Arc or 360°.



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2. Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display. The HTAWS page displays the selected view. Repeat step 1 to select the alternate view, and press **Back**.

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#### 10.7.4.2 **HTAWS Inhibit**

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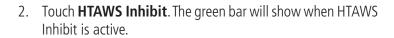
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HTAWS provides an "inhibit mode." This mode deactivates aural and visual alerts when they are deemed unnecessary by the aircrew. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting the HTAWS system and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. VCO's are not inhibited in Inhibit Mode. Refer to section 10.7.6 for more information on HTAWS alerts. When alerting is inhibited, all FLTA aural and visual alerting is suppressed. HTAWS should only be inhibited when in visual contact with terrain and when the pilot can be assured of maintaining clearance from terrain and obstacles. When conducting en route operations and operations from published airports and heliports, HTAWS should be operated in Normal mode. HTAWS configured units will always start up with HTAWS alerts uninhibited.

#### To inhibit HTAWS alerts:



While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.



Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display. The HTAWS alerts are inhibited. The **HTAWS INHB** annunciation is displayed in the terrain annunciator field whenever HTAWS is inhibited.



Inhibit

**NOTE**: When the ground speed is less than 30 knots HTAWS will automatically display the "HTAWS INHB" annunciation. This indicates that HTAWS is no longer providing protection.

This automatic "HTAWS INHB" cannot be removed by menu option selection. Menu selections for INHIBIT HTAWS and RP Mode remain. available when HTAWS is automatically inhibited due to ground speed. If the pilot selects a mode on the menu while HTAWS is auto inhibited because it is less than 30 knots then the unit will enter that mode once ground speed exceeds 30 knots. Hence, the presence of these selections on the Menu.



#### 10.7.4.3 External HTAWS Inhibit Control

An optional installation is allowed for providing an external HTAWS Inhibit switch. Pressing the external HTAWS Inhibit switch toggles the HTAWS inhibit on and off in the same manner as using the Terrain Menu selection.

## 10.7.4.4 Reduced Protection Mode

The Reduce Protection (RP) functionality allows operating with a reduction in the alerting thresholds, and suppresses visual and aural annunciation of caution alerts. Reduced protection allows low level operations and landings off airport with a minimum number of alerts while continuing to provide protection from terrain and obstacles. Reduced Protection should only be selected when operating in visual contact with the terrain as alerting times are significantly less than in normal mode. There is support for an external RP Mode switch and an external Alert Acknowledge switch.

## To toggle protection:



1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.



2. Touch the **RP Mode** key to toggle the RP mode on and off. The green bar will show when RP mode is active.



Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display. The "RP Mode" annunciation is displayed in the terrain annunciator field and in the lower right corner of the terrain page whenever protection is reduced.

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#### **HTAWS Manual Test** 10.7.4.5

Garmin HTAWS provides a manual test capability which verifies the proper operation of the aural and visual annunciations of the system prior to a flight.

## To manually test the HTAWS system:



While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.



Touch the **Test HTAWS** key.



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Touch **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display.



An aural message is played giving the test results:

- "HTAWS System Test, OK" if the system passes the test
- "HTAWS System Failure" if the system fails the test



**NOTE:** HTAWS System Testing is disabled when in the air so as not to impede HTAWS alerting.

#### 10.7.4.6 **HTAWS Legend**



While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.



Touch the **Legend** key to select the Terrain Legend, Obstacle Legend, or to turn off the legend.



Press **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display.



Figure 10-28 HTAWS Terrain and Obstacle Legends

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Color	Description
Red	Terrain is more than 250 ft above the aircraft.
Orange	Terrain is between 0 ft and 250 ft above the aircraft.
Yellow Terrain is between 250 ft and 0 ft below the aircraft.	
Green	Terrain is between 250 ft and 500 ft below the aircraft.
Black Terrain is more than 500 ft below the aircraft.	

Table 10-17 HTAWS Terrain Altitude Color Description



Figure 10-29 HTAWS Terrain Altitude Colors and Symbology

# 10.7.4.7 Flight Plan Overlay



1. While viewing the Terrain/HTAWS page, touch **MENU**.



 Touch the Flight Plan key to toggle the overlay of the active flight plan on or off. The green bar will show when the Flight Plan overlay is shown.



3. Press **Back** to return to the Terrain/HTAWS display.

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10.7.5 HTAWS Symbols

The symbols and colors in the following figures and table are used to represent obstacles and the location of terrain threats on the HTAWS page. Each color is associated with a height above terrain.

Obstacles are ALWAYS shown on the HTAWS page at 10 NM and below.



**NOTE:** If an obstacle or terrain cell and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest threat location on the HTAWS Page.

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line
X	$\uparrow$	*	

Table 10-18 Obstacle Icon Types

Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

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	Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle			
	< 1,000 ft AGL	> 1,000 ft AGL	< 1000 ft AGL	> 1000 ft AGL	Obstacle Color	Obstacle Location
			*	*	Red	Obstacle is at or above current aircraft altitude.
Obstacle Symbol	۵		**	类	Yellow	Obstacle is between 250 ft and 0 ft below current aircraft altitude.
Obstacle	<b>&amp;</b>	<u></u>	**	**	White	Obstacle is 250 ft, or more, below current aircraft altitude. Obstacles are removed when more than 500 ft below the helicopter.

Table 10-19 HTAWS Obstacle Colors and Symbology

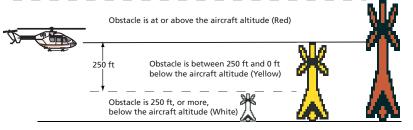


Figure 10-30 HTAWS Obstacle Altitude Colors and Symbology

Threat Location Indicator	Alert Level
	WARNING (Red)
	CAUTION (Yellow)

Table 10-20 HTAWS Alert Coloring and Symbology

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#### 10.7.6 **HTAWS Alerts**

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within HTAWS software algorithms. HTAWS alerts employ either a CAUTION or a WARNING alert severity level. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed. Aural alerts are simultaneously issued. Annunciations appear in a dedicated field in the lower left corner of the display.

Annunciations are color-coded according to the HTAWS Alert Summary table. Pop-up terrain alerts occur if an HTAWS alert is activated while not on the HTAWS page. There are two options when an alert is active.

To acknowledge the pop-up alert and return to the currently viewed page: Touch the **Close** key.

To acknowledge the pop-up alert and quickly access the HTAWS Page:

Touch the **ENT** key.



**NOTE:** To further capture the attention of the pilot, HTAWS issues aural (voice) messages that accompany visual annunciations and pop-up alerts. For a summary of aural messages, refer to the HTAWS Alert Summary table.

**NOTE**: HTAWS Caution Alerts are displayed as constant black text on a yellow background; HTAWS Warning Alerts are displayed as constant white text on a red background.

#### **Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance** 10.7.6.1

The unit will issue terrain alerts not only when the aircraft altitude is below the terrain elevation but also when the aircraft is projected to come within minimum clearance values of the terrain. This alerting, called Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance (FLTA), is also provided for obstacles.

The FLTA functionality looks ahead of the aircraft using GPS position information and the terrain and obstacle databases to provide alerts when the predicted flight path does not clear the terrain or obstacle by the required clearance. The amount of clearance required varies depending on position relative to airports and heliports, in order to reduce the occurrence of nuisance alerting.

Any threat locations are depicted on the display. There are 2 levels of severity for FLTA alerts. They are cautionary (amber) and warning (red) in nature and are described in further detail below.



FLTA CAUTION—Estimated potential impact in approximately 30 seconds after a caution pop-up alert and annunciation. FLTA caution alerts are accompanied by the aural message "Caution Terrain; Caution Terrain." Similarly, a "Caution Obstacle; Caution Obstacle" alert is also provided. The time to an alert can vary with conditions, therefore there is no guarantee of a 30 second caution alert being issued.

FLTA WARNING— Warning pop-up alerts are issued 15 seconds prior to an estimated potential impact in normal mode and approximately 10 seconds in RP Mode. FLTA warning alerts are accompanied by the aural message "Warning-Terrain, Terrain". Similarly, a "Warning - Obstacle, Obstacle" alert is also provided. The time to an alert can vary with conditions, therefore there is no guarantee of a 15/10 second warning alert being issued.

The alerts are annunciated visually through the annunciator status bar, a pop-up alert box, and the red and yellow areas on the HTAWS page. The alerts are annunciated aurally through a voice message indicating the potential threat, such as "Caution - Terrain, Terrain" or "Warning - Obstacle, Obstacle."

## 10.7.6.2 HTAWS Voice Call Out Aural Alert

The purpose of the Voice Call Out (VCO) aural alert messages are to provide an advisory alert to the pilot that the aircraft is between 500 feet and 100 feet above terrain in 100 foot increments. When the aircraft descends within the selected distance from the terrain, the aural message for the selected height above terrain is generated. There are no display annunciations or pop-up alerts that accompany the aural message. HTAWS allows an additional 50 foot VCO alert with radar altimeter input.

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#### **HTAWS Voice Call Outs Selection** 10.7.6.3

The Voice Call Out (VCO) selection is available when HTAWS is installed. The Getting VCO functionality provides a voice annunciation of the aircraft's height above terrain or the nearest airport, heliport, runway, or helipad when that threshold Audio & is first crossed. The available call outs include "Five Hundred" through "One Hundred" in one hundred foot intervals. The voice call outs can be enabled Com/Nav and disabled through the Voice Call Out selection option on the System - Audio

page. FPI

**NOTE**: VCOs are available down to 100 feet above terrain when HTAWS is installed and use GSL above terrain to generate call outs (no radar altimeter required). If a radar altimeter is interfaced to the GTN, alerts are available down to 50 feet and the height above terrain when the radar altimeter is used to generate the call outs.

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To select the voice call out choices in the System - Audio page, select the Voice Call Outs selection item and then select the desired value.

Traffic

From the Main page, touch **System** and then **Audio**.

Terrain

Touch the **Voice Callouts** key to view the Voice Callouts page.

Audio Volume Bar Graph



Figure 10-31 Select Voice Callouts from the System Audio Page

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Touch the MAX Voice Callout key to select the voice call outs.



Figure 10-32 View the Maximum Voice Call Out Range (None Selected)

4. The values above the selected value will be disabled (Off).



Figure 10-33 View the Maximum Voice Call Out Range (200 ft Selected)

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#### 10.7.6.4 HTAWS Not Available Alert

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Garmin HTAWS requires a 3-D GPS navigation solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the navigation solution become degraded, or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "HTAWS N/A" is shown in the annunciation window. When the GPS signal is re-established and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the "HTAWS N/A" annunciation is removed.

#### 10.7.6.5 HTAWS Failure Alert

HTAWS continually monitors several system-critical items, such as database validity, hardware status, and GPS status. If the terrain/obstacle database is not available, the aural message "HTAWS System Failure" is issued along with the "HTAWS FAIL" annunciation.

## 10.7.6.6 HTAWS Alert Summary

The aural alert voice gender is configurable to be either male or female. Contact your Garmin installer for further information on configuring the alert system.

HTAWS Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message	Description
<b>HTAWS FAIL</b>	None	"HTAWS System Failure"	HTAWS has failed
(HTAWS INHB)			HTAWS has been inhibited by the crew, or the aircraft ground speed is below 30 knots (automatic inhibiting).
HTAWS N/A	None	"HTAWS Not Available"	HTAWS not available.
TERRAIN	CAUTION - TERRAIN	"Caution - Terrain, Terrain"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Caution for Terrain
TERRAIN	₩ARNING - TERRAIN	"Warning - Terrain, Terrain"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Warning for Terrain



HTAWS Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message	Description
OBSTACLE	CAUTION - OBSTACLE	"Caution - Obstacle, Obstacle"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Caution for Obstacle
OBSTACLE	WARNING - OBSTACLE	"Warning - Obstacle, Obstacle"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Warning for Obstacle
RP MODE	None	None	Alerting thresholds are reduced. Visual and aural annunciation of caution alerts are suppressed.
WIRE	CAUTION - WIRE	"Wire Ahead"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Caution for Wire.
WIRE	WARNING - WIRE	"Wire Ahead Pull Up, Wire Ahead Pull Up"	Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance Warning for Power Lines.
None	None	"Five Hundred" "Four Hundred" "Three Hundred" "Two Hundred" "One Hundred" "Fifty"	HTAWS provides optional 500 ft through 100 ft (in 100 ft increments) altitude call out alerts. An additional value of 50 ft is available if a radar altimeter is installed.

Table 10-21 HTAWS Alert Summary



**NOTE:** HTAWS Caution Alerts are displayed as constant black text on a yellow background; HTAWS Warning Alerts are displayed as constant white text on a red background.

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# 10.7.7 Pilot Actions

If an HTAWS warning and associated aural are received, the pilot should immediately maneuver the rotorcraft in response to the alert unless the terrain or obstacle is clearly identified visually and determined by the pilot not to be a factor to the safety of the operation.

A HTAWS caution alert indicates terrain or obstacle nearby. If possible visually locate the terrain or obstacle for avoidance. A HTAWS warning alert may follow a HTAWS caution unless the aircraft's path towards the terrain or obstacle is changed.



**NOTE:** Display of terrain and obstacles on the display is supplemental data only. Maneuvering solely by reference to the terrain and obstacle data is not recommended or authorized.

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# 10.8 TAWS-A (Optional)



**NOTE:** TERRAIN, TAWS-A, TAWS-B, HTAWS, or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY functionality will be available via the Terrain page, depending on the installed hardware and configuration. HTAWS or HTERRAIN PROXIMITY are available in software v4.00, or later. TAWS-A is available in software v5.00, or later.



**NOTE:** The data contained in the TAWS databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

TAWS-A (Terrain Awareness and Warning System - Class A) is an optional feature to increase situational awareness and aid in reducing controlled flight into terrain (CFIT). TAWS-A provides visual and aural annunciations when terrain and obstacles are within the given altitude threshold from the aircraft.

TAWS-A satisfies TSO-C151c Class A and TSO-92c requirements for certification.

# 10.8.1 TAWS-A Requirements

- A valid terrain/obstacle/airport terrain database
- A valid 3-D GPS position solution
- Valid flap and landing gear status inputs
- A valid radar altimeter

### 10.8.2 TAWS-A Limitations

TAWS-A uses terrain and obstacle information supplied by government sources. Terrain information is based on terrain elevation information in a database that may contain inaccuracies. Individual obstructions may be shown if available in the database. The data undergoes verification by Garmin to confirm accuracy of the content, per TSO-C151c. However, the displayed information should never be understood as being all-inclusive and data may be inaccurate.

Class A TAWS incorporates radar altimeter input with the GSL altitude to provide a more accurate position reference when at lower altitudes for certain alert types, and to retain a level of ground proximity warning capability in the unlikely event of an airport, terrain or obstacle database failure.

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# 10.8.3 Displaying TAWS-A Data

TAWS-A uses yellow (caution) and red (warning) to depict terrain and obstacle (with a height greater than 200 feet above ground level, AGL) alerts relative to aircraft altitude. Depictions of obstacles more than 200 feet below the aircraft are removed. Colors are adjusted automatically as the aircraft altitude changes. The colors and symbols in Figure 10-11 and Tables 10-7 and 11-12 are used to represent terrain, obstacles, and threat locations.

Projected Flight Path

100 ft Threshold

Unlighted Obstacle

Terrain above or within 100 ft below the aircraft altitude (Red)

Terrain between 100 ft and 1000 ft below the aircraft altitude (Yellow)

Terrain more than 1000 ft below the aircraft altitude (Black)

Figure 10-34 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation for TAWS-A

Alert Level	Annunciator Text	Threat Location Indicator	Example Visual Annunciation
Warning	White text on red background		PULL UP
Caution	Black text on yellow background	<u> </u>	TERRAIN
Informational	Black text on white background	Not Applicable	TER INHB

Table 10-22 TAWS-A Alert Colors and Symbology

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line
人	$\uparrow$	*\	

Table 10-23 Obstacle Icon Types

Grouped obstacles are shown with an asterisk (as shown in the Windmill in Group example above). The color of the asterisks is tied to the relative altitude of the highest obstacle in the group, not other obstacles within that group. Obstacles are grouped when they would otherwise overlap.

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	Unlighted	Obstacle	Lighted	Obstacle	Threat		Terrain/	
	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	< 1,000 ft AGL	Location Indicator	Terrain Color	Obstacle Location	Alert Level
symbol	^		*	*		Red	Terrain/ Obstacle above or within 100 ft below current aircraft altitude	WARNING (Red)
Obstacle Symbol	٨		*	*	0	Yellow	Terrain/ Obstacle between 100 ft and 1,000 ft below current aircraft altitude	CAUTION (Yellow)

Table 10-24 TAWS-A Terrain/Obstacle Colors and Symbology

# **10.8.4 TAWS-A Page**

The TAWS-A page shows terrain, obstacle, and threat location data in relation to the aircraft's current altitude, without clutter from the basemap. Aviation data (airports, VORs, and other NAVAIDs) can be displayed for reference. If an obstacle and the projected flight path of the aircraft intersect, the display automatically zooms in to the closest potential point of impact on the TAWS-A page.

Aircraft orientation on this map is always heading up unless there is no valid heading. Two views are available relative to the position of the aircraft: the  $360^{\circ}$  default display and the radar-like ARC ( $120^{\circ}$ ) display. Map range is adjustable with the **In** and **Out** keys from 1 to 200 NM, as indicated by the map range rings (or arcs).

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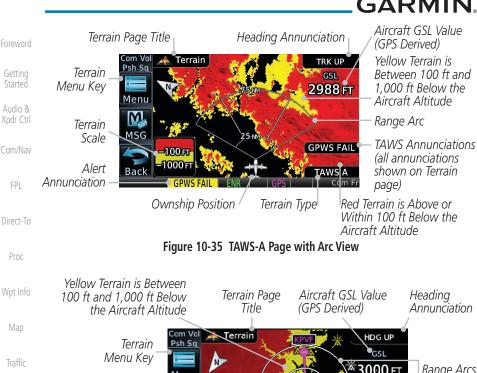
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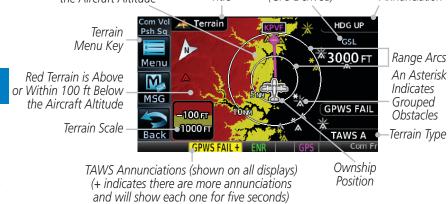


Figure 10-36 TAWS-A Page with 360° View

- While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.
- Selections are grouped by function: the Terrain Menu and Map Setup.

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Figure 10-37 TAWS-A Menu



3. Touch the **Map Setup** key and make the desired selections for the Terrain map display.



Figure 10-38 TAWS-A Map Setup Menu

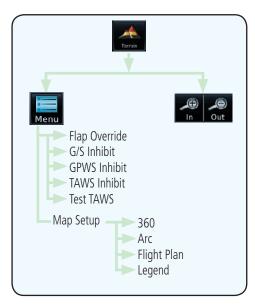


Figure 10-39 TAWS-A Page Functional Diagram

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### 10.8.5 TAWS-A Alerts

Alerts are issued when flight conditions meet parameters that are set within TAWS-A software algorithms. TAWS-A alerts employ a CAUTION or a WARNING alert severity level. When an alert is issued, visual annunciations are displayed and aural alerts are simultaneously issued. TAWS-A alert types with corresponding annunciations and aural messages are shown in Table 10-9.

When an alert is issued, annunciations appear on the display. The TAWS-A Alert Annunciation is shown on the lower left part of the display. If the TAWS-A Page is not already displayed, a pop-up alert appears while an alert is active.



## To acknowledge the pop-up alert:

Close

Touch the **Close** key (returns to the currently viewed page) **OR** 

Go to Terrain Touch the **Go to Terrain** key (accesses the TAWS-A Page)

## 10.8.5.1 TAWS-A Alert Types

TAWS-A provides the following alert types:

- Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance (FLTA) Alerting, which consists of:
  - Required Terrain Clearance (RTC) / Required Line Clearance (RLC) / Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC) Alerting
    - Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI) / Imminent Line Impact (ILI) / Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI) Alerting
- Premature Descent Alerting (PDA)
- Ground Proximity Warning System (GPWS) Alerting, which consists of:
  - Excessive Descent Rate (EDR) Alerting
  - Excessive Closure Rate (ECR) to Terrain Alerting

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- Flight Into Terrain (FIT) Alerting
- Negative Climb Rate (NCR) after takeoff Alerting
- Excessive below Glideslope/Glidepath Deviation (GSD) Alerting
- Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO) Alerting

# 10.8.5.2 TAWS-A Alerts Summary

Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Warning (RTC)	PULL UP	TERRAIN - PULL-UP * O' TERRAIN AHEAD - PULL-UP	"Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up" * or "Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"
Imminent Terrain Impact Warning (ITI)	PULL UP	TERRAIN - PULL-UP * OF TERRAIN AHEAD - PULL-UP	"Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up"* or "Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Warning (ROC)	PULL UP	OBSTACLE – PULL-UP * Of OBSTACLE AHEAD – PULL-UP	"Obstacle, Ob- stacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"* or "Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Warning (IOI)	PULL UP	OBSTACLE – PULL-UP  OF  OBSTACLE AHEAD – PULL-UP	"Obstacle, Ob- stacle; Pull Up, Pull Up"* or "Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up"
Excessive Descent Rate Warning (EDR)	PULL UP	PULL-UP	" <whoop> <whoop> Pull Up"</whoop></whoop>
Excessive Closure Rate Warning (ECR)	PULL UP	PULL-UP	" <whoop> <whoop> Pull Up"</whoop></whoop>

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message		
Imminent Line Impact Warning (ILI)	PULL UP	WIRE AHEAD - PULL-UP	"Wire Ahead, Pull Up; Wire Ahead, Pull Up" or "Wire, Wire; Pull Up, Pull Up"		
Reduced Line Clearance Warning (RLC)	PULL UP	WIRE AHEAD - PULL-UP	"Wire Ahead, Pull Up; Wire Ahead, Pull Up" or "Wire, Wire; Pull Up, Pull Up"		
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Caution (RTC)	TERRAIN	CAUTION - TERRAIN * OF TERRAIN AHEAD	"Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain"* or "Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead"		
Imminent Terrain Impact Caution (ITI)	TERRAIN	CAUTION - TERRAIN * Or TERRAIN AHEAD	"Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain" or "Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead"		
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Caution (ROC)	OBSTCL	CAUTION - OBSTACLE * Or OBSTACLE AHEAD	"Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"* or "Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"		
Imminent Obstacle Impact Caution (IOI)	OBSTCL	CAUTION - OBSTACLE * Or OBSTACLE AHEAD	"Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead"* or "Caution, Obstacle; Caution, Obstacle"		
Imminent Line Impact Caution (ILI)	WIRE	WIRE AHEAD	"Wire Ahead; Wire Ahead"* or "Caution, Wire; Caution, Wire"		

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
Reduced Line Clearance Caution (RLC)	WIRE	WIRE AHEAD	"Wire Ahead; Wire Ahead"* or "Caution, Wire; Caution, Wire"
Premature Descent Alert Caution (PDA)	TERRAIN	TOO LO₩ - TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Excessive Descent Rate Caution (EDR)	TERRAIN	SINK RATE	"Sink Rate"
Excessive Closure Rate Caution (ECR)	TERRAIN	TERRAIN	"Terrain, Terrain"
Negative Climb Rate Caution (NCR)	TERRAIN	DON'T SINK * Or TOO LOW - TERRAIN	"Don't Sink"* or "Too Low, Terrain"
Flight Into Terrain High Speed Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW - TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Flight Into Terrain Gear Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW - GEAR	"Too Low, Gear"
Flight Into Terrain Flaps Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW - FLAPS	"Too Low, Flaps"
Flight Into Terrain Takeoff Caution (FIT)	TERRAIN	TOO LOW - TERRAIN	"Too Low, Terrain"
Glide Slope Devia- tion Caution (GSD)	GLIDESLOPE	GLIDESLOPE	"Glideslope"
Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)	None	None	"Five-Hundred," "Four-Hundred,"* "Three-Hundred,"* "Two-Hundred,"* "One-Hundred"*
TAWS Available	None	N/A	"TAWS Available"
TAWS System Test in Progress	TAWS TEST	N/A	None
TAWS System Test Pass	None	N/A	"TAWS System Test OK"

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Getting Started	TAWS N/A	TAWS N/A	N/A	TAWS Not Available		
Audio & Kpdr Ctrl	TAWS Alerting is Disabled	TAWS INHB	N/A	None		
Com/Nav	TAWS System Test Fail	TAWS FAIL	N/A	"TAWS System Failure"		
FPL Direct-To Proc	Incorrect TAWS configuration, invalid/missing terrain, airport, or obstacle database, or TAWS audio fault.	TAWS FAIL **	N/A	"TAWS System Failure"		
Npt Info	No GPS position	TAWS N/A	N/A	"TAWS Not Available"		
Map Traffic Terrain	GPS position unavailable/ degraded, outside of terrain database coverage	TAWS N/A	N/A	"TAWS Not Available"		
Weather	Sufficient GPS signal reception restored	None	N/A	"TAWS Available" (aural message only in flight)		
Nearest Services/ Music Utilities System	Incorrect TAWS configuration, radar altimeter unavailable, GPS position unavailable/ degraded, TAWS audio fault	GPWS FAIL*	N/A	"GPWS System Failure"		
Messages	GPWS Inhibit	GPWS INHB	N/A	"GPWS System Failure"		

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Alert Type	Alert Annunciation	Pop-Up Alert (Except TAWS-A Page)	Aural Message
GPWS Not Available. Incorrect TAWS configuration, radar altimeter unavailable, GPS position unavailable/ degraded, TAWS audio fault.	GPWS N/A	N/A	None
Glideslope Inhibit	G/S INHB	N/A	None
FLAP Override	FLAP OVRD	N/A	None

<sup>\*</sup> Alerts with multiple messages are configurable. Alerts for the default configuration are indicated with asterisks.

## Table 10-25 TAWS-A Alerts Summary

### 10.8.5.3 Excessive Descent Rate Alert

The purpose of the **Excessive Descent Rate (EDR)** alert is to provide notification when the aircraft is determined to be descending upon terrain at an excessive rate. The parameters for the alert as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> VCO alerts are not issued if both TAWS and GPWS systems have failed or are not available

t GSD alert will be available if a valid ILS is being used for navigation, even in no valid GPS signal is being received.



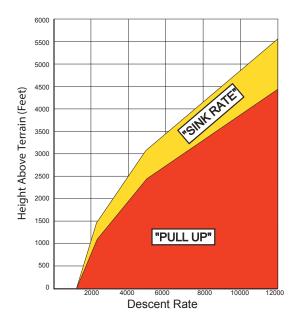


Figure 10-41 Excessive Descent Rate Alert Criteria

# 10.8.5.4 Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance

**Reduced Required Terrain Clearance (RTC) Reduced Required Line Clearance (RLC),** and **Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance (ROC)** alerts are issued when the aircraft flight path is above terrain, yet is projected to come within the minimum clearance values in the FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values table. When an RTC, RLC, and/or a ROC alert is issued, a threat location indicator is displayed on the TAWS Page.

Imminent Terrain Impact (ITI), Imminent Line Impact (ILI), and Imminent Obstacle Impact (IOI) alerts are issued when the aircraft is below the elevation of a terrain or obstacle cell in the aircraft's projected path. ITI, ILI, and IOI alerts are accompanied by a threat location indicator displayed on the TAWS Page. The alert is annunciated when the projected vertical flight path is calculated to come within minimum clearance altitudes in the following table.

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Elight Dhaca	Minimum Clearance Altitude (feet)		
Flight Phase	Level Flight	Descending	
En Route	700	500	
Terminal	350	300	
Approach	150	100	
Departure	100	100	

Table 10-26 FLTA Alert Minimum Terrain and Obstacle Clearance Values

During final approach, FLTA alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is below 200 feet AGL while within 0.5 NM of the approach runway or below 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the runway threshold.

## 10.8.5.5 Premature Descent Alerting

A Premature Descent Alert (PDA) is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the normal approach path to a runway.

PDA alerting begins when the aircraft is within 15 NM of the destination airport and ends when the aircraft is either 0.5 NM from the runway threshold or is at an altitude of 125 feet AGL while within 1.0 NM of the threshold. During the final descent, algorithms set a threshold for alerting based on speed, distance, and other parameters.

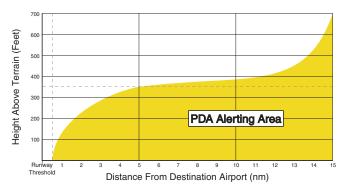


Figure 10-42 PDA Alerting Threshold

PDA and FLTA aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited. Discretion should be used when inhibiting TAWS and the system should be enabled when appropriate. When TAWS is inhibited, the alert annunciation "TER INHB" is shown

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## 10.8.5.6 Inhibiting/Enabling TAWS-A PDA/FLTA Alerting

TAWS-A also has an inhibit mode that deactivates the PDA/FLTA aural and visual alerts. Pilots should use discretion when inhibiting TAWS-A and always remember to enable the system when appropriate. Only the PDA and FLTA alerts are disabled in the inhibit mode. After cycling power, TAWS-A will no longer be inhibited.

Terrain (TAWS)
Inhibited
Annunciation

Terrain Menu

Taws Inhibit

Touch to Toggle

TAWS Inhibit

TA

"+" Indicates Multiple Annunciations

### Figure 10-43 TAWS-A Alerting Disabled (TAWS Inhibited) Annunciation

1. While viewing the Terrain page, touch the **Menu** key.



Touch the TAWS Inhibit key to inhibit or enable TAWS (choice is dependent on current state). A green bar in the key indicates the TAWS is inhibited.

### 10.8.5.7 Excessive Closure Rate Alert

The **Excessive Closure Rate (ECR)** alert provides suitable notification when the aircraft is determined to be closing upon terrain at an excessive speed for a given aircraft gear and flap configuration.

The following figures show the ECR alerting criteria for flaps in the landing configuration and for all other flight phases respectively.

ECR alerts are automatically inhibited when the aircraft is 5 NM from the nearest airport, except when FLTA is not available (causing the TAWS N/A or TAWS FAIL annunciation to be displayed), in which case ECR alerting will remain active until landing.

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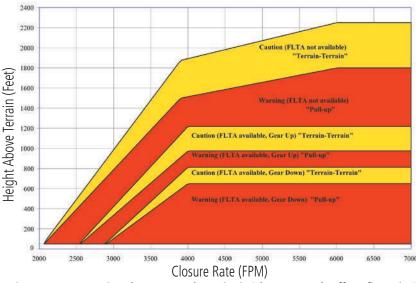
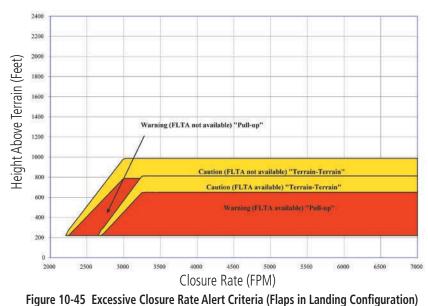


Figure 10-44 Excessive Closure Rate Alert Criteria (Flaps Up or Takeoff Configuration)



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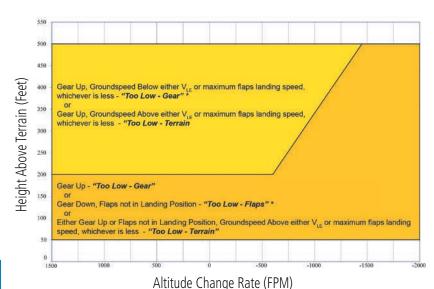
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## 10.8.5.8 Flight Into Terrain Alert

**Flight Into Terrain (FIT)** alerts occur when the aircraft is too low with respect to terrain based on landing gear status, flap position, and ground speed. FIT caution alerts are issued when flight conditions meet the criteria shown below.



\* Flap position will not trigger alert if Flap Override option is enabled; refer to the discussion below.

### Figure 10-46 Flight Into Terrain Caution Alert Criteria

To reduce nuisance FIT alerts on approaches where flap extension is not desired (or is intentionally delayed), the pilot may override FIT alerting based on the flap position, while all other FIT alerting remains in effect.



"+" Indicates Multiple Annunciations

Figure 10-47 TAWS-A Page Menu and FIT Flap Override Annunciation

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## 10.8.5.8.1 Overriding Flaps-based FIT alerting



While viewing the TAWS-A Page, touch the **MENU** key.



Touch the **Flap Override** key to toggle the override state.

When the Flaps Override option is enabled, the annunciation "FLAP O/R" is annunciated on the TAWS-A Page. If GPWS alerts are also inhibited (which include FIT), the "FLAP O/R" annunciation is not shown.

FIT alerts also occur during takeoff or go-around if the aircraft's height above ground level (as determined by the radar altimeter) is too close to rising terrain. TAWS-A will issue the aural message "Too Low - Terrain" and visual annunciations when conditions enter the caution alert area.

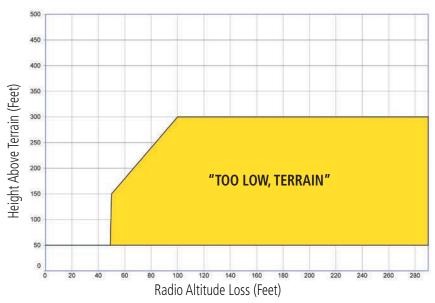


Figure 10-48 FIT Alerting After Takeoff

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# 10.8.5.9 Negative Climb Rate After Take-Off Alert (NCR)

The **Negative Climb Rate (NCR)** After Take-Off alert (also referred to as "Altitude Loss After Take-Off") provides alerts when the system determines the aircraft is losing altitude (closing upon terrain) after takeoff. The aural message "Don't Sink" is given for NCR alerts, accompanied by an annunciation and a pop-up terrain alert on the display. NCR alerting is only active when departing from an airport and when the following conditions are met:

- Height above the terrain is less than 700 feet
- Distance from the departure airport is 2 NM or less
- Heading change from the departure heading is less than 110° The NCR alerting parameters as defined by TSO-C151c are shown below.

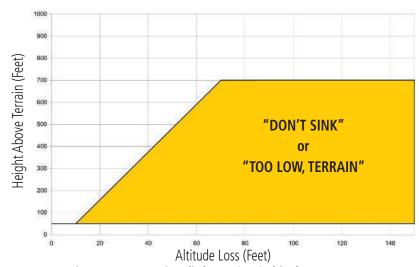


Figure 10-49 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Altitude Loss

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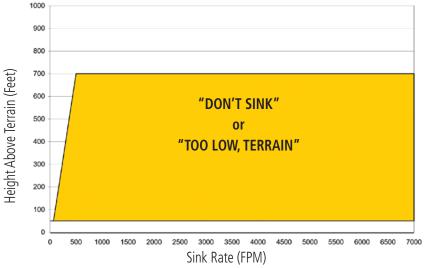
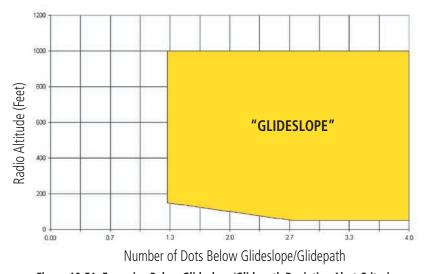


Figure 10-50 Negative Climb Rate (NCR) Sink Rate

# 10.8.5.10 Excessive Below Glideslope/Glidepath Deviation Alert

A **Glideslope Deviation** or **Glidepath Deviation (GSD)** caution alert is issued when the system detects that the aircraft is significantly below the glidepath for the selected approach.



**Figure 10-51 Excessive Below Glideslope/Glidepath Deviation Alert Criteria** GSD alerting is only active after departure and the following conditions are

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met:

- An ILS, LPV, LNAV/VNAV, or LNAV+V approach is active and vertical navigation indications are being displayed.
- Aircraft is below 1,000 feet AGL.
- Gear is configured for landing.

When a GSD caution alert occurs on an ILS approach, the aural and visual annunciation "GLIDESLOPE" is issued. If a GSD caution alert occurs on an LPV, LNAV/VNAV, or LNAV+V approach, the aural and visual annunciation "GLIDESLOPE" is issued.

## 10.8.5.10.1 Inhibiting Glideslope Deviation (GSD) Alerts



**NOTE**: The G/S Inhibit function should be activated when flying a localizer backcourse approach to prevents nuisance GSD alerts. GSD alerts are inhibited independent from all other FLTA, PDA, and GPWS alerts.



1. While viewing the TAWS-A Page, touch the **MENU** key.



Touch the G/S Inhibit key to inhibit or enable glideslope or glidepath alerts (choice dependent on current state).



**NOTE**: The G/S Inhibit function will only be active for a single approach and the inhibit function will not remain active for subsequent approaches. When G/S alerts are inhibited, they are only inhibited for a single approach. To inhibit G/S alerts on the next approach, the G/S Inhibit function must be activated again between the first and second approaches.



**NOTE**: Glidslope Deviation alerts will not be available if the G/S INHB function is activated.

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## 10.8.5.11 Inhibiting GPWS Alerts (EDR, ECR, FIT, and NCR)



NOTE: The "Inhibit GPWS" function only affects GPWS alerts (EDR, ECR, NCR, and FIT). Alerting for FLTA, PDA, and GSD is controlled independently from the GPWS alerts listed below.

EDR, ECR, FIT, and NCR aural and visual alerts can be manually inhibited as a group. Discretion should be used when inhibiting alerts and the GPWS system should be enabled when appropriate. When these alerts are inhibited, the alert annunciation "GPWS INH" is shown on the TAWS-A Page annunciation window.



1. While viewing the TAWS-A Page, touch the **MENU** key.



2. Touch the **GPWS INH** key to inhibit or enable GPWS alerts (choice dependent on current state).



+" Indicates Multiple Annunciations

Figure 10-52 GPWS Inhibit Annunciation

# 10.8.6 Altitude Voice Call Out (VCO)

TAWS-A provides aural advisory alerts as the aircraft descends, beginning at 500 feet above the terrain, as determined by the radar altimeter (if greater than 5 NM from the nearest airport) or 500 feet above the nearest runway threshold elevation (if less than 5 NM from the nearest airport). Upon descent to this altitude, TAWS-A issues the aural alert message "Five-hundred."

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# 10.8.7 TAWS-A System Status

During power-up, TAWS-A conducts a self-test of its aural and visual annunciations. The system test can also be manually initiated. An aural alert is issued at test completion. TAWS-A System Testing is disabled when ground speed exceeds 30 knots.

# 10.8.8 TAWS-A Abnormal Operations

TAWS-A continually monitors several system-critical items such as database validity, flap and landing gear position, radar altimeter input, and GPS status.

If the GTN does not contain Terrain, Airport Terrain, and Obstacle databases (or the databases are invalid), the aural message "TAWS System Failure" is generated along with the "TAWS FAIL" alert annunciation.

TAWS-A requires a 3-D GPS navigation solution along with specific vertical accuracy minimums. Should the navigation solution become degraded or if the aircraft is out of the database coverage area, the annunciation "TAWS N/A" is generated in the annunciation window and on the TAWS-A page, the aural message "TAWS Not Available" is generated if airborne, some TAWS-A terrain alerts will not be issued, and GPWS alerting (which are not dependent on GPS position) will continue to operate. When the GPS signal is re-established and the aircraft is within the database coverage area, the aural message "TAWS Available" is generated.

TAWS-A also requires radar altimeter input. Should the radar altimeter input fail or become degraded, the annunciation "GPWS FAIL" is generated in the annunciation window and on the TAWS-A Page. The aural message "GPWS System Failure" is also generated. The "GPWS FAIL" annunciation will also occur if both GPS altitude and barometric altitude are unavailable. If only the GPWS system has failed, GPWS-based alerts will not be available, while other TAWS-A alerting remains unaffected.

Multiple TAWS or GPWS annunciations cannot be displayed at the same time. When multiple annunciations exist, an asterisk will be present next to the annunciation. The display of each annunciation will alternate with each being displayed for approximately five seconds.



# 11 WEATHER

Weather data are displayed by the Weather function when an optional weather source is installed. The Wx Weather pages may be oriented to Track Up, Heading Up, or North Up.

When more weather products are installed, a key for each product will be shown. Touch the key for the desired weather product. When a single weather product is installed, touching the **Weather** key will go directly to the Weather page.

Touch to Select Desired Weather Product



Figure 11-1 Weather Page

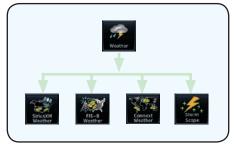


Figure 11-2 Weather Page Functional Diagram



**WARNING:** Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.



**NOTE**: Do not rely solely upon data link services to provide Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) information. Always confirm TFR information through official sources such as Flight Service Stations or Air Traffic Control.



**NOTE:** In data link weather, Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) and Notices to Airmen (NOTAMs) that do not have geographical locations cannot be viewed on the GTN.

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NOTE: Stormscope and XM Lightning are mutually exclusive.

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# 11.1 SiriusXM Weather Products (Optional)

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Figure 11-3 SiriusXM Weather Page Functional Diagram



Selected

Altitude

## 11.1.1 Displaying SiriusXM Weather

To display SiriusXM weather touch the following sequence of keys starting from the Home page.



 Touch the Weather key on the Home page and then touch the Data Link key.



Age: 14min

Lightning

Touch + or - to Select Altitude

Surface

Figure 11-4 SiriusXM Weather Page

2. While viewing the Data Link weather page, touch the **Menu** key to configure the Data Link Weather page.



Figure 11-5 Weather Data Link Menu



3. Once you have selected what items you want to display, touch **BACK** to return to the Data Link Weather page.

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Touch Keys to

Product

Green Bar

Indicates Selected Product

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4. Touch the SiriusXM timestamp to view the age of all selected weather products.



The Timestamp is Collapsed When All Weather Products are Current (Software v6.30 and Later).

Figure 11-6 Timestamp Display

# 11.1.2 Weather Legend

The **Legend** key displays a pop-up legend of the currently used weather products.



1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Legend** key.



Touch Legend and - Slide Finger Up and Down to Scroll Legend

\_ Touch Up and Down Keys To Scroll Legend

Figure 11-7 Weather Legend Display

- Touch the Legend area of the display and while maintaining light pressure against the display, drag your finger up or down to scroll through the legend display for the selected weather products, or use the **Up/Down** keys.
- 3. Touch the **Back** key to remove the Legend.



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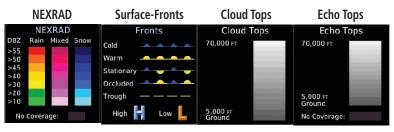
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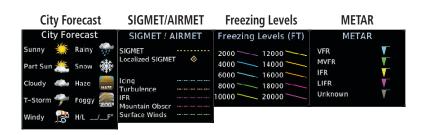
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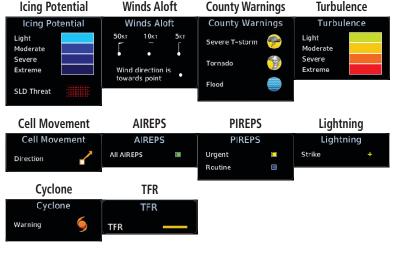


Figure 11-8 Available Weather Legends

# 11.1.3 Weather Map Orientation



While viewing the Weather Data Link function, touch the **Menu** key.



2. Touch the **Orientation** key to toggle the map view orientation choices of North Up, Track Up, and Heading Up.

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### 11.1.4 SiriusXM Product Age

When a weather product is active on the Map function or the Weather Data Link function is selected, the age of the data is displayed on the screen. The age of the data may not indicate the time between the current GPS time and the time when the data is assembled, but rather a general indication of the time elapsed from when the data is received by the GTN.

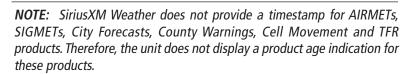
Updated weather data may or may not contain new weather data. Weather data is refreshed at intervals that are defined and controlled by SiriusXM Radio Inc. and its data vendors.

If for any reason, a weather product is not refreshed within the designated intervals, the data is considered expired and is removed from the display. This ensures that the displayed data is consistent with what is currently being broadcast by SiriusXM Radio. If more than half of the designated time has elapsed from the time the data is received, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow.

**WARNING:** Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.

The expiration time is an elapsed time after which the data is considered expired and is removed from the display. This ensures that the displayed data is consistent with what is currently being broadcast by SiriusXM Radio. If more than half of the expiration time has elapsed from the time the data is received, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow.

The SiriusXM Weather broadcast interval is the time interval when SiriusXM Satellite Radio broadcasts new signals that may or may not contain new weather data. Weather data is broadcast at intervals that are defined and controlled by SiriusXM Radio.



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**NOTE:** The unit displays valid times on the weather map in lieu of product age indications for SiriusXM Weather Icing Potential, Winds Aloft, and Turbulence weather products.

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**NOTE:** The unit displays product age for SiriusXM Weather Freezing Level and Canada Winds Aloft weather products. The product age indication represents the number of minutes that have elapsed since the weather product was provided by SiriusXM Weather. The unit does not display the valid times assigned to the information within these products.

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#### 11.1.5 **NEXRAD**

WSR-88D, or NEXRAD (NEXt-generation RADar), is a network of 158 high-resolution Doppler radar systems that are operated by the National Weather Service (NWS). NEXRAD data provides centralized meteorological information for the continental United States and selected overseas locations. The maximum range of a single NEXRAD radar site is 250 NM. The NEXRAD network provides important information about severe weather for air traffic safety.

NEXRAD data is not real-time. The lapsed time between collection, processing, and dissemination of NEXRAD images can be significant and may not reflect the current radar synopsis. Due to the inherent delays and the relative age of the data, it should be used for long-range planning purposes only. Never use NEXRAD data for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Instead, use it in an early-warning capacity of pre-departure and en route evaluation.

NEXRAD weather radar displays a mosaic of precipitation data, colored according to reflectivity. Composite reflectivity images depict the highest radar energy received from multiple antenna tilt angles at various altitudes. Base reflectivity images depict returns from the lowest antenna tilt angle.

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**NOTE:** Due to similarities in color schemes, the display of Echo Tops cannot be shown with Cloud Tops and NEXRAD.

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1. While viewing the SiriusXM Weather menu, touch the **NEXRAD** key to display the NEXRAD selections.



Figure 11-9 SiriusXM NEXRAD Weather Selection



**NOTE:** Depending on the SXM service and installed GDL hardware, radar base reflectivity imaging may have broader coverage within North America or be limited to only Canada.

Touch the desired **NEXRAD** source selection and then the **Back** key to view the weather information.

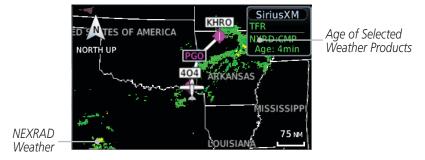


Figure 11-10 NEXRAD Weather



Figure 11-11 NEXRAD Weather Legend

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### 11.1.5.1 Reflectivity

Reflectivity is the amount of transmitted power returned to the radar receiver. Colors on the NEXRAD display directly correlate to the level of detected reflectivity. Reflectivity as it relates to hazardous weather can be very complex.

The role of radar is essentially to detect moisture in the atmosphere. Simply put, certain types of weather reflect radar better than others. The intensity of a radar reflection is not necessarily an indication of the weather hazard level. For instance, wet hail returns a strong radar reflection, while dry hail does not. Both wet and dry hail can be extremely hazardous.

The different NEXRAD echo intensities are measured in decibels (dB) relative to reflectivity (Z). NEXRAD measures the radar reflectivity ratio, or the energy reflected back to the radar receiver (designated by the letter Z). The value of Z increases as the returned signal strength increases.

#### 11.1.5.2 NEXRAD Limitations

NEXRAD radar images may have certain limitations:

- NEXRAD base reflectivity does not provide sufficient information to determine cloud layers or precipitation characteristics. For example, it is not possible to distinguish between wet snow, wet hail, and rain.
- NEXRAD base reflectivity is sampled at the minimum antenna elevation angle. An individual NEXRAD site cannot depict high altitude storms at close ranges. It has no information about storms directly over the site.
- In the Cell Movement function, "Base" height is actually the height of maximum radar reflection and that the "Base" and "Top" heights are based on radar height and not MSL or AGL.
- Each square block on the display represents an area of four square kilometers (2.15 NM). The intensity level reflected by each square represents the highest level of NEXRAD data sampled within the area.

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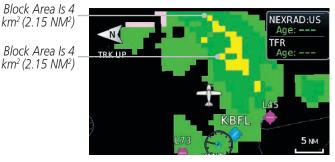


Figure 11-12 NEXRAD Data Blocks

The following may cause abnormalities in displayed NEXRAD radar images:

- · Ground clutter
- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes (when the radar antenna points directly at the sun)
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows
- Metallic dust from military aircraft, which can cause alterations in radar scans

#### **NEXRAD Limitations (Canada)**

- Radar coverage extends to 55°N.
- Any precipitation displayed between 52°N and 55°N is displayed as mixed because it is unknown.



Figure 11-13 NEXRAD Data - Canada



#### 11.1.5.3 Animating NEXRAD



**NOTE:** Animated NEXRAD functionality is available in software v6.00 and later.

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When US or Canada NEXRAD is enabled for display and more than two NEXRAD images have been received by the GTN, the NEXRAD display can be animated on the SiriusXM Weather page. As new NEXRAD images are received, the GTN will automatically store them for future animation. The GTN can animate up to six NEXRAD images from oldest to newest, showing each for one second and the newest for two seconds.





Touch to Stop NEXRAD Animation



Figure 11-14 Animating NEXRAD



 While viewing the SiriusXM Weather page with NEXRAD enabled for display, touch **Menu** and press the **Play NXRD** key to start the NEXRAD animation.



**NOTE:** Weather Forecast, Cloud Tops, and Cell Movement will automatically be turned off while NEXRAD is animating.



2. Touch **Menu** and then touch the **Stop NXRD** key to stop the NEXRAD animation. The animation will also stop when leaving the page or turning off NEXRAD on the SiriusXM weather page.



#### 11.1.6 Echo Tops

Echo Tops data shows the location, elevation, and direction of the highest radar echo. The highest radar echo does not indicate the top of a storm or clouds; rather it indicates the highest altitude at which precipitation is detected. This information is determined from NEXRAD data



**NOTE:** Due to similarities in color schemes, the display of Echo Tops cannot be shown with Cloud Tops and NEXRAD.

cho Tops

While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Echo** Tops key.



Figure 11-15 Echo Tops

Touch the **Echo Tops** key again to turn it off. 2.

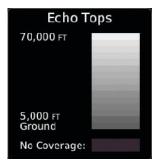


Figure 11-16 Echo Tops Legend

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### 11.1.7 Cloud Tops



**NOTE**: Due to similarities in color schemes, it is not possible to display Echo Tops and Cloud Tops at the same time.

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Cloud tops data depicts cloud top altitudes as determined from satellite imagery.

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Cloud Tops

 While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Cloud Tops key.



Present Position

Figure 11-17 Cloud Tops



2. Touch the **Cloud Tops** key again to turn it off.

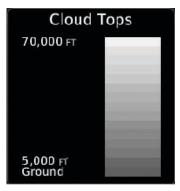


Figure 11-18 Cloud Tops Legend

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#### 11.1.8 Cell Movement

Cell Movement data shows the location and movement of storm cells as identified by a ground-based system. Cells are represented by yellow squares, with direction of movement indicated with short, orange arrows.



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**NOTE**: In the Cell Movement function, "Base" height is actually the height of maximum radar reflection and that the "Base" and "Top" heights are based on radar height and not MSL or AGL.



 While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Cell Movement key.



Figure 11-19 Cell Movement



2. Touch a Cell Movement icon to view cell details.



Cell Movement:

Speed: 15 kT
Direction: 163\*

Base: 17000 FT
Top: 21750 FT

Cell Speed
and Direction

Base Height Reported as Altitude of Maximum Reflectivity

Figure 11-20 Cell Movement Detail



3. Touch the **Cell Movement** key again to turn it off.



Figure 11-21 Cell Movement Legend

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#### 11.1.9 SIGMETs and AIRMETS

SIGMETs (SIGnificant METerological Information) and AIRMETs (AIRmen's METerological Information) are broadcast for potentially hazardous weather considered of importance to aircraft.



1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key.



Figure 11-22 SIGMETs and AIRMETs



2. Touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key again to turn it off.



Figure 11-23 SIGMET/AIRMET Legend

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## 11.1.10 County Warnings

County Warnings data provides specific public awareness and protection weather warnings from the National Weather Service. This can include information on fires, tornadoes, severe thunderstorms, flood conditions, and other natural disasters.

County Warnings While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **County** Warnings key.





Figure 11-24 County Warnings Data

- After viewing the County Warning detail, touch the **Back** key to return to the Map view.
- Touch the **County Warnings** key again to turn it off.



Figure 11-25 County Warnings Legend

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### 11.1.11 Freezing Level

Freezing Level data shows the color-coded contour lines for the altitude and location at which the Freezing Level is found. When no data is displayed for a given altitude, the data for that altitude has not been received, or is out of date and has been removed from the display. New data appears on the next update.

Freezing Level  While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Freezing Level key.



Figure 11-26 Freezing Level



2. Touch the **Freezing Level** key again to turn it off.

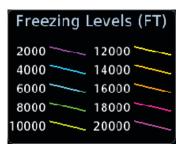


Figure 11-27 Freezing Level Legend

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#### 11.1.12 METARs

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report), known as an Aviation Routine Weather Report, is the standard format for current weather observations. METARs are updated hourly and are considered current. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dew point, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. METARs are shown as colored flags at airports that provide them.



1. While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **METAR** key.



Figure 11-28 METARs

2. Touch a METAR to show detailed information. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.



Figure 11-29 METARs Detail

3. Touch the **METAR** key again to turn it off.

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METAR



METAR Symbol	Description
•	VFR (ceiling greater than 3,000 ft. AGL and visibility greater than five miles)
<b>T</b>	Marginal VFR (ceiling 1,000–3,000 ft. AGL and/or visibility three to five miles)
▼_	IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1,000 ft. AGL and/or visibility one mile to less than three miles)
▼	Low IFR (ceiling below 500 ft. AGL or visibility less than one mile)
<b>T</b>	Unknown

Table 11-1 METAR Symbols

# 11.1.13 Cyclone

The current location of the cyclone is shown along with its projected path with the date and time.



 While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Cyclone key.



Figure 11-30 Cyclone



2. Touch the **Cyclone** key again to turn it off.



Figure 11-31 Cyclone Legend

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#### Lightning 11.1.14

Lightning data shows the approximate location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. A yellow cross icon represents a strike that has occurred within a 2 kilometer region. The exact location of the lightning is not displayed.

Lightning

While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the **Lightning** key.



Present Position

Figure 11-32 Lightning

Touch the **Lightning** key again to turn it off. 2.



Figure 11-33 Lightning Legend

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### 11.1.15 City Forecast

City Forecast shows the current and future weather conditions for various cities. The forecast period can be selected in the menu by pressing **Forecast Period**.

City Forecast

 While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the City Forecast key.



Figure 11-34 City Forecast



2. Touch the desired forecast time period (Current, 12 Hour, 24 Hour, 36 Hour, or 48 Hour) to display the desired information.



Figure 11-35 Select Forecast Time Period



3. Touch any City Forecast symbol to show detailed information. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.



Figure 11-36 City Forecast Conditions Detail

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Figure 11-37 City Forecast Legend

# 11.1.16 Surface Analysis



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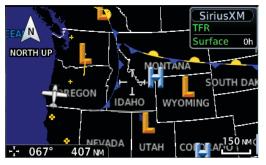
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**NOTE**: In software v6.21 and earlier, Surface Analysis and City Forecast are combined features of the Weather Forecast product.

The Surface Analysis map shows regional weather forecasts for a selected time period. The map shows high and low pressure centers and their associated frontal movement.



1. While viewing the SiriusXM Weather Menu, touch the **Surface Analysis** key.



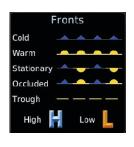


Figure 11-38 Surface Analysis and Map Legend



Touch the Forecast Period key to select the desired time increment.



Figure 11-39 Select Forecast Time Period

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#### 11.1.17 Winds Aloft

Winds Aloft data shows the forecast wind speed and direction at the surface and at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be selected in 3,000 foot increments from the surface up to 45,000 feet.



 While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Winds Aloft key.



Figure 11-40 Winds Aloft



2. Touch the **WX Aloft ALT** — or + keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude of the winds aloft in 3,000 foot increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.



3. Touch the **Winds Aloft** key again to turn it off.



Figure 11-41 Winds Aloft Legend

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### 11.1.18 Icing

The Icing product provides information about the current icing environment and where it may occur between 1,000 feet and 30,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments. Supercooled Large Droplets (SLD) Icing provides an alert to the potential for freezing rain due to the presence of large, supercooled water droplets. SLD data is shown between 1,000 feet and 30,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments

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While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Icing key.



Figure 11-42 Icing



2. Touch the **WX Aloft ALT** — or + keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude of icing in 3,000 foot increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.



3. Touch the **Icing** key again to turn it off.

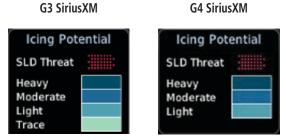


Figure 11-43 Icing Legend

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#### 11.1.19 Turbulence

The Turbulence product provides information about the potential for erratic movement of air at high altitudes. Conditions are reported at altitudes between 21,000 and 45,000 feet in 3,000 foot increments.



1. While viewing the Weather Data Link menu, touch the Turbulence key.

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Touch to Select Turbulence Altitude

Figure 11-44 Turbulence



Touch the **WX Aloft ALT** — or + keys to increase or decrease 2. the reporting altitude for turbulence in 3,000 foot increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.



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Touch the **Turbulence** key again to turn it off.

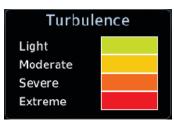


Figure 11-45 Turbulence Legend

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#### 11.1.20 AIREP/PIREP

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain non-forecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA).

AIREP PIREP  While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the AIREP/PIREP key.



Figure 11-46 Weather Display With AIREP/PIREP Information Active

2. Touch a weather information icon to view details for that item.



Figure 11-47 AIREP and PIREP Detail

- 3. Touch the **Back** key to remove the detailed information.
- 4. Touch the **AIREP/PIREP** key again to turn it off.

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# 11.2 Stormscope® Weather

### 11.2.1 Stormscope (Optional)



**NOTE**: Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for a detailed description of the WX-500 Stormscope.

The Stormscope WX-500 Weather Mapping Sensor is a passive weather avoidance system that detects electrical discharges associated with thunderstorms within a 200 NM radius of the aircraft. The Stormscope measures relative bearing and distance of thunderstorm-related electrical activity and reports the information to the display. *Interfaces are currently only available for the WX-500 Stormscope System*.

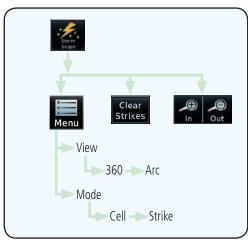


Figure 11-48 Stormscope Functional Diagram

For lightning display interpretation, study the examples located in the WX-500 Stormscope Pilot's Guide that are designed to help you relate the cell or strike patterns shown on the display to the size and location of thunderstorms that may be near your aircraft.

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PL	+	180	

Table 11-2 Stormscope Symbols

 From the Home page, touch the Weather key (and then the Stormscope key if present) to reach the Stormscope function.

> Orientation Annunciation HDG N/A - Heading is Not Available



Lightning Strike Rate

#### Figure 11-49 Stormscope Display (360° Display View Shown)

2. Touch the **Menu** key to setup the Stormscope display.



Figure 11-50 Stormscope Menu

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### 11.2.2 Clearing the Stormscope Page

Routinely clearing the Stormscope page of all discharge points is a good way to determine if a storm is building or dissipating. In a building storm, discharge points reappear faster and in larger numbers. In a dissipating storm, discharge points appear slower and in smaller numbers.



Clear Strikes 1. While viewing the Weather Stormscope page, touch **MENU.** 



2. Touch the **Clear Strikes** key to clear lightning strikes.



Xpdr Ctrl



**NOTE:** The GTN displays Stormscope data with or without a heading source. If no heading source is available, the "HDG N/A" annunciation appears in the upper right corner of the page. When flying without a heading source, the pilot must clear all strikes following each heading change.

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# 11.2.3 Changing the Stormscope Display View

The Lightning page displays either a 360° or a 120° viewing angle.



1. While viewing the Weather Stormscope page, touch **MENU.** 

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2. Touch the **360°** or **Arc** to select the display view.



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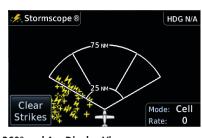


Figure 11-51 Stormscope 360° and Arc Display Views

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# 11.2.4 Changing the Stormscope Data Mode

Cell display mode uses a clustering program to locate storm cells instead of individual discharge points. This mode is most useful during periods of heavy storm activity. Strike display mode is used during periods of light electrical activity. It is useful in plotting initial lightning discharges associated with a building thunderstorm.



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1. While viewing the Weather Stormscope page, touch **MENU**.



2. Touch the **Cell** or **Strike** key to select the display mode.



# 11.2.5 Changing the Stormscope Data Display Range

Stormscope data can be displayed on the Map page 2,000 NM zoom scale, but the data only goes out as far as the Stormscope can report (200 NM). The 500 NM zoom scale will display all lightning data. Scales greater than 500 NM do not display any additional Stormscope data.



 While viewing the Stormscope page, touch the **In** and **Out** keys to display a larger or smaller area.

# 11.2.6 Displaying Stormscope Data on the Map Page

The Map page displays cell or strike information using yellow lightning strike symbology overlaid on a moving map. This added capability improves situational awareness, which in turn makes it much easier for the pilot to relate storm activity to airports, NAVAIDs, obstacles and other ground references. Refer to section 8.1.1.6 for details about viewing Stormscope data on the Map.



**NOTE:** The selected lightning display type, cell or strike, will be shown the same on both the Stormscope and the Map pages.

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### 11.3 Connext Weather

Connext Weather is an optional feature available with the Iridium® satellite system that is interfaced through the optional Garmin GSR 56. Connext Weather may be viewed in the Weather and Map functions. The Weather pages may be oriented to either Track Up, Heading, or North Up. Both Connext and XM Weather may be installed and selected individually.

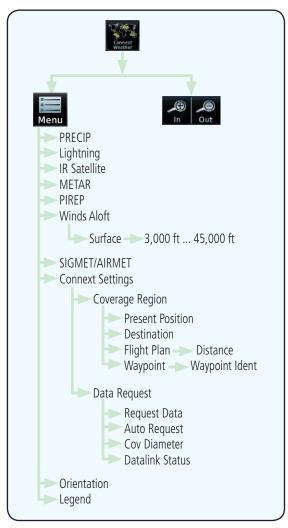


Figure 11-52 Connext Weather Functional Diagram

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Connext Weather coverage is available throughout most of Europe, Canada, and the U.S. Additional radar coverage areas are added continuously. For the latest radar information, visit <a href="https://fly.garmin.com/fly-garmin/connext/worldwide-weather/">https://fly.garmin.com/fly-garmin/connext/worldwide-weather/</a>.

Various world-wide weather subscription package options provide weather reporting for most of Europe, Canada, Australia, and the U.S.

# 11.3.1 Using Connext Satellite Weather Products



**NOTE:** A system can be configured for multiple weather products, but only one may be selected for viewing in the Weather or Map pages at a given time.

When a weather product is active on the Weather Data Link page or the Navigation Map page, the age of the data is displayed on the screen. The age of the product is based on the time difference between when the data was assembled on the ground and the current GPS time. Weather products are refreshed at selectable intervals.

Weather products expire at intervals based on each product. When the data expires, it is removed from the display. This ensures that the displayed data is consistent with what is currently being broadcast by Connext Satellite Radio services. If more than half of the expiration time has elapsed from the time the data is received, the color of the product age displayed changes to yellow.

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#### 11.3.2 Connext Weather Menu

The Connext Weather page is customized by selecting options from the Connext Weather and the Connext Settings Menus. The Connext Weather Menu options include choices for Weather Setup and displaying selected weather products. The Connext Settings Menu makes settings for the Coverage Region and Data Request frequency.



 While viewing the Connext Weather page, touch the MENU key to display the Connext Weather Menu. Touch the desired keys to toggle the weather product.



Figure 11-53 Connext Weather Menu

2. Touch and slide the display to view the complete menu.



Figure 11-54 More Connext Weather Menu



3. Touch the **Connext Settings** key to make detailed settings for the Connext Weather display.

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### 11.3.3 Connext Settings

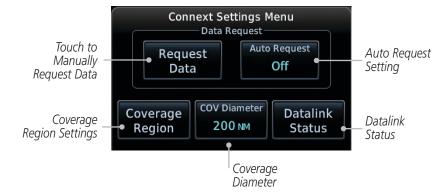


Figure 11-55 Connext Settings Menu

### 11.3.3.1 Connext Data Request

It is necessary to request the downloading of weather products. Requests can be sent manually or set to automatically update at a selected rate. The Connext weather data may be updated at any time regardless of the automatic update timing by selecting a Manual Request. When multiple requests are made, some products are merged with the old data (SIGMETs/AIRMETs, TAFs, TFRs, and METARs), but the old data of other products is discarded.



Auto Request Off

- 1. While viewing the Connext Settings Menu, touch the **Request Data** key to manually request data.
- 2. Touch the **Auto Request** key to set the Auto Request Period.



**NOTE:** The Auto Request function is only enabled if the GTN is connected directly to GSR 56 (software v6.30 and later).



Figure 11-56 Select Auto Request Period

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Touch to Cancel

Request



3. Touch the **Cancel Request** key to cancel a request in progress.



Figure 11-57 Cancelling A Request

#### 11.3.3.2 Connext Data Request Coverage Region



1. While viewing the Connext Settings Menu, touch the **Coverage Region** key.



Figure 11-58 Connext Weather Coverage Region Menu

2. Touch the desired settings to customize the Connext Weather display.

### Weather

### **Present Position Data Request**



Touch the **Present Position** key to request that weather information will be shown around your present position.

### **Destination Connext Data Request**



Touch the **Destination** key to request that weather information will be shown around the destination waypoint in the flight plan.

### Flight Plan Data Request



Touch the **Flight Plan** key to request that weather information will be shown around the active flight plan.

#### Flight Plan Distance Data Request



Touch the **Distance** key to request that weather information will be shown for the selected distance along the active flight plan.

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#### **Waypoint Connext Data Request**



1. Touch the **Waypoint** key to request that weather information will be shown around the selected waypoint.



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Services/ Music 2. Select the waypoint and then press **ENT.** 

#### **Diameter/Route Width Connext Data Request**



After selecting a coverage option in the previous section, select the desired **Diameter** and then press **ENT**.

### 11.3.3.3 Connext Weather Map Orientation



- 1. While viewing the Connext Weather Menu, touch the **Orientation** key.
- Touch the orientation choices of North Up, Track Up, and Heading Up and to accept the displayed value and return to the Connext Weather Menu.



Figure 11-59 Connext Weather Map Orientation

# 11.3.4 Register with Connext

To access Connext Weather, visit <u>flyGarmin.com</u> and create a Connext Satellite Services account. Be ready to provide the GTN system ID, airframe information (model, tail number), and Iridium serial number. Garmin will issue an access code for entry on the Connext Registration page. If access code and system ID are correct, the airframe registration details will display.



 While viewing Connext Settings Menu, touch the **Datalink** Status key.

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Figure 11-60 GSR 56 Status



2. Touch the **Connext Registration** key to display the Connext Registration page.



Figure 11-61 Connext Registration Page

3. Touch the **Access Code** key to enter the appropriate code and then touch the **Enter** key.



4. Touch the **Register** key to complete the process. The GTN will contact the Connext servers using the GSR 56 transceiver.

### **Deactivate Unit Registration with Connext**

Registration of the GTN unit with Connext can be deactivated so that the unit can no longer make requests to Connext. This does not cancel the subscription.

- 1. While viewing the Connext Registration page, touch the Access Code field and press **CLR** to remove the access code.
- Any weather requests will now fail and the system will no longer be linked to the Connext account.

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# 11.3.5 Connext Weather Product Age

The weather product refresh rate represents the interval at which Connext Satellites broadcast new signals that may or may not contain new weather data. It does not represent the rate at which weather data is updated or new content is received by the Data Link Receiver. Weather data is refreshed at intervals that are defined and controlled by Connext and its data vendors.



**WARNING:** Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.

## 11.3.6 TFRs

Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) provide detailed information for local short term restrictions.



Figure 11-62 Connext TFR Legend

Touch a TFR symbol on the Weather page to view details.



Figure 11-63 Connext TFR Detail

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

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# 11.3.7 Precipitation (PRECIP) Data

Graphical data is overlaid on the map indicating the rainfall detected by ground based radar for a specific area. The colors indicating increasing levels of rainfall progresses from light green for light rainfall to red for heavy rainfall. Review the Limitations section in the front of this guide for the limitations that apply to the Connext data. Rainfall data is color coded as follows:

Precipitation

DBZ Rain Mix Snow

≥55
≥50
≥45
≥40
≥30
≥20
≥10

No Coverage:
Coverage
Boundary:

Figure 11-64 Connext PRECIP Weather Map Display and Legend



Figure 11-65 Connext Precipitation Data

The "No Coverage" color indicates that no data is available for that area, and rainfall in that area is unknown.

When weather data is received, the airborne system will display that data for 20 minutes. If no new data has been received for a given area, the rainfall will be removed after 20 minutes and the area will revert back to the "No Coverage" color.

The Connext Weather Function is based on a ground-to-air data link and requires that the appropriate ground systems are broadcasting weather data and the aircraft is within reception range of the Ground Broadcast Transceiver (GBT).

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### 11.3.7.1 Animating Precipitation Data



**NOTE**: Animated Precipitation functionality is available in software v6.00 and later.

When Precipitation Data is enabled for display and more than two Precipitation images have been received by the GTN, the Precipitation display can be animated on the Connext Weather page. As new Precipitation images are received, the GTN will automatically store them for future animation. The GTN can animate up to six Precipitation images from oldest to newest, showing each for one second and the newest for two seconds



- 1. While viewing the Connext Weather page with Precipitation enabled for display, touch **Menu** and then press the **Play PRCP** key to start the Precipitation animation.
- 2. Touch **Menu** and then touch the **Stop PRCP** key to stop the Precipitation animation. The animation will also stop when leaving the page or turning off Precipitation on the Connext weather page.

# 11.3.8 Lightning

Lightning data shows the approximate location of cloud-to-ground lightning strikes. A strike icon represents a strike that has occurred within a two kilometer (1.08 NM) region. The exact location of the lightning strike is not displayed. Only cloud to ground strikes are reported in the US and extreme southern Canada (cloud to cloud strikes are not reported).



Figure 11-66 Connext Data Link Lightning and Legend

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### 11.3.9 Infrared Satellite Data

Infrared Satellite data is available over North America and Europe and depicts cloud top temperatures from satellite imagery. Brighter cloud top colors indicate cooler temperatures occurring at higher altitudes. Information is updated every half hour.



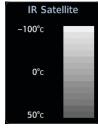


Figure 11-67 Connext Infrared Satellite Data Map Display and Legend

### 11.3.10 METARs



**NOTE**: Atmospheric pressure reported for METARs is given in hectopascals (hPa), except in the United States, where it is reported in inches of mercury (in Hg). Temperatures are reported in Celsius.



**NOTE**: METAR information is only displayed within the installed aviation database service area.

METAR (METeorological Aerodrome Report), known as an Aviation Routine Weather Report, is the standard format for current weather observations. METARs are generally updated hourly, but some site are more frequent. Special updates are done as conditions warrant. METARs typically contain information about the temperature, dew point, wind, precipitation, cloud cover, cloud heights, visibility, and barometric pressure. They can also contain information on precipitation amounts, lightning, and other critical data. METARs are shown as colored flags at airports that provide them.

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Audio & Xpdr Ctrl	<b>T</b>	Marginal VFR (ceiling 1,000—3,000 ft. AGL and/or visibility three to five miles)		
Com/Nav	▼	IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1,000 ft. AGL and/or visibility one mile to less than three miles)		
FPL	▼	Low IFR (ceiling below 500 ft. AGL or visibility less than one mile)		
	-	Unknown		

Table 11-3 METAR Symbols

1. While viewing the Connext Weather page, touch the airport with a METAR flag.





Figure 11-68 Connext Weather - Graphic METARs and Legend

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather page.

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### 11.3.11 PIREPs

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information for a particular route of flight. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain non-forecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA).

1. While viewing the Connext Weather page, touch a PIREP symbol.





Figure 11-69 Connext Weather - PIREPs and Legend

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather page.

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### 11.3.12 Winds Aloft

Winds Aloft data shows the forecast wind speed and direction at the surface and at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be selected in 3,000 foot increments from the surface up to 42,000 feet MSL. Pressing the **WX Aloft ALT +** or **–** soft keys steps down or up in 3,000 foot increments.

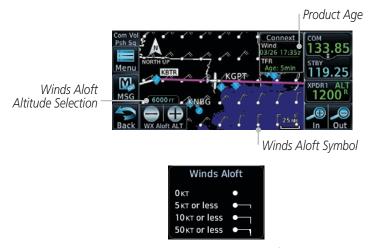


Figure 11-70 Connext Weather - Winds Aloft and Legend

#### Winds Aloft Altitude

The Winds Aloft Altitude option allows you to select the altitude for the Winds Aloft weather product. Altitude can be selected in 3,000 foot increments from the surface up to 42,000 feet MSL.

Pressing the **WX Aloft ALT +** or **–** soft keys steps down or up in 3,000 foot increments. In the figure shown above, 6,000 feet is selected and Winds Aloft data is shown for winds reported at an altitude of 6,000 feet.

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### 11.3.13 SIGMETs and AIRMETs

SIGMETs (SIGnificant METeorological Information) and AIRMETs (AIRmen's METeorological Information) are broadcast for potentially hazardous weather considered of importance to aircraft. A Convective SIGMET is issued for hazardous convective weather. A localized SIGMET is a significant weather condition occurring at a localized geographical position.



Figure 11-71 Connext Weather Page - AIRMETs/SIGMETs

When enabled, SIGMET/AIRMETs advise the pilot of potentially hazardous weather. SIGMETs are directed to all aircraft. AIRMETs are intended for light aircraft. SIGMET/AIRMET data covers icing, turbulence, dust, and volcanic ash as issued by the National Weather Service. The update rate is selected in the Connext Settings Menu.



Figure 11-72 Connext Weather - AIRMETs/SIGMETs Detail and Legend

When enabled, the following AIRMETs are available for display:

- Icing
- Turbulence
- IFR conditions
- Mountain obscuration
- Surface winds

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### 11.4 FIS-B Weather



NOTE: FIS-B information is to be used for pilot planning decisions and pilot nearterm decisions focused on avoiding areas of inclement weather that are beyond visual range or where poor visibility precludes visual acquisition of inclement weather. FIS-B weather and NAS status information may be used as follows:

- (a) To promote pilot awareness of own ship location with respect to reported weather, including hazardous meteorological conditions, NAS status indicators, and enhance pilot planning decisions and pilot near-term decision-making.
- (b) To cue the pilot to communicate with the Air Traffic Control controller, Flight Service Station specialist, operator dispatch, or airline operations control center for general and mission critical meteorological information, NAS status conditions, or both.

FIS-B information, including, weather information, NOTAMs, and TFR areas, are intended for the sole purpose of assisting in long- and near-term planning decision making. The system lacks sufficient resolution and updating capability necessary for aerial maneuvering associated with immediate decisions.

The Flight Information Services (FIS-B) function is capable of displaying text and graphic weather information with GDL 88 and GTX 345 installations. No subscription for FIS-B services is required.

The FIS-B Function is a graphic weather display capable of displaying graphical weather information on UAT equipped installations. Graphical data is overlaid on the map indicating the rainfall detected by ground based radar for a specific area. The colors indicating increasing levels of rainfall progresses from light green for light rainfall to magenta for heavy rainfall. Review the Limitations section in the front of this guide for the limitations that apply to the FIS-B data.

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Rainfall data is color coded as follows:

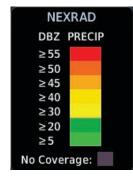


Figure 11-73 FIS-B Weather Precipitation Legend

Gray shaded areas indicate that data is not available or that no data has been received for a requested area. Gray shades may also indicate that the rainfall rate for a given area is undetermined.

The FIS-B Function is based on a ground-to-air data link and requires that the appropriate ground systems are broadcasting weather data and the aircraft is within reception range of the Ground Broadcast Transceiver (GBT).

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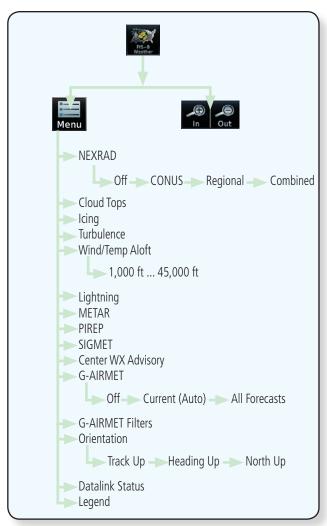


Figure 11-74 FIS-B Weather Functional Diagram

**WARNING:** Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.



# 11.4.1 FIS-B Operation

Weather data reception time is shown in the upper right corner of the screen. An indicated time shows if the aircraft is currently within reception coverage of a ground station with weather broadcast capabilities. The ground system determines the weather coverage area and extent of data that is transmitted by each ground station.

Due to similarities in depiction, the following FIS-B Weather products are mutually exclusive: NEXRAD, Cloud Tops, Icing, Turbulence, Winds and Temperatures Aloft, and Lightning.



1. From the Home page, touch the **Weather** key on the Home page and then touch the **FIS-B Weather** key (if necessary).



Figure 11-75 FIS-B Weather Page (NEXRAD Key Shown)



2. While viewing the FIS-B Weather page, touch the **Menu** key to configure the Data Link Weather page.



Figure 11-76 FIS-B Weather Data Link Menu



Once you selected what items you want to display, touch BACK to return to the FIS-B Weather page. Forewor

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#### **FIS-B NEXRAD** 11.4.2

WARNING: Never use NEXRAD weather for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. NEXRAD images are snapshots of past weather data. They are not safe for use as real time depictions of nearby weather activity.

Com/Nav

CONUS NEXRAD Coverage Shown

Out of CONUS NEXRAD Coverage

CONUS Selected on NEXRAD Key

Figure 11-77 FIS-B CONUS NEXRAD

NEXRAD weather radar displays a mosaic of precipitation data, colored according to reflectivity. Composite reflectivity images depict the highest radar energy received from multiple antenna tilt angles at various altitudes. Base reflectivity images depict radar returns from the lowest antenna tilt angle. Per AC 00-63A, FIS-B CONUS and Regional NEXRAD are composite reflectivity images.

The precipitation intensity level reflected by each pixel represents the highest level of composite radar reflectivity data sampled in that location.

> Out of Regional **NEXRAD** Coverage Within Regional MSG NEXRAD Ārea but Coverage Not Available

Regional Selected on NEXRAD Key

Figure 11-78 Regional NEXRAD

A clear understanding of ground-based Doppler weather radar capabilities will allow you to interpret the NEXRAD weather imagery in the safest way possible. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration hosts a description of the technology on its website: https://www.weather.gov/jetstream/doppler\_intro

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### 11.4.2.1 Radar Data Animations



**NOTE:** Animated NEXRAD functionality is available in software v6.00 and later.

Getting Started



To depict trending weather movements over time, an animation function stitches the last three to six received radar images together in sequence, from oldest to newest, and replays them on a continuous loop.

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Play and stop controls are active when three or more NEXRAD images are available for playback.

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# 11.4.2.2 CONUS and Regional NEXRAD

Regional NEXRAD

Boundary Shown

To depict trending weather movements over time, an animation function stitches the last three to six received radar images together in sequence, from oldest to newest, and replays them on a continuous loop.

Out Of CONUS
NEXRAD Coverage

Traffic

NEXRAD:

Shown

NEXRAD Weather

Weather

CONUS & Regional Selected on NEXRAD Key

Figure 11-79 FIS-B CONUS and Regional NEXRAD Combined

Depending on the locations of received FIS-B ground stations, Regional NEXRAD coverage can extend as far as 250 nm around an aircraft's position. Aircraft flying at higher altitudes typically receive data from more ground stations than aircraft flying at low altitudes.

FIS-B NEXRAD does not differentiate between liquid and frozen precipitation types.

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Source options are selectable from the weather setup menu or the NEXRAD key at the bottom left of the FIS-B Weather page. The key label changes to reflect the active source.

CONUS	Regional	Combined
C NEXRAD	NEXRAD	C (R) NEXRAD

Туре	Description
CONUS	• Large, low-resolution weather image for the entire continental U.S.
	• Pixels are 7.5 min (7.5 nm = 13.89 km) wide by 5 min (5 nm = 9.26 km) wide
Regional	High-resolution weather image with limited range, centered around each broadcasting ground station
	• Pixels are 1.5 min (1.5 nm = 2.78 km) wide by 1 min (1 nm = 1.852 km) tall
	• Each weather pixel varies with latitude. Above 60° latitude, pixel block width doubles to 3 min/nm for regional maps
Combined	Both CONUS and Regional NEXRAD images display simultaneously
	White hash mark indicates regional boundary
	Animation functionality not available

Table 11-4 FIS-B NEXRAD Types



### 11.4.2.3 NEXRAD Abnormalities

There are possible abnormalities regarding displayed NEXRAD images. Some, but not all, causes of abnormal displayed information include:

• Ground Clutter

- Strobes and spurious radar data
- Sun strobes, when the radar antenna points directly at the sun
- Military aircraft deploy metallic dust which can cause alterations in radar scans
- Interference from buildings or mountains, which may cause shadows
- Scheduled maintenance may put a radar off-line

#### **Affected Areas**

Any area in the continental United States (CONUS) or Alaska where the distance from ADS-B ground stations, or the combined effect of distance and low altitude, is sufficiently great may cause poor reception. To find the latest ground station coverage, visit faa.gov.

Reception will improve in some affected areas as the FAA completes the NextGen ADS-B ground station infrastructure. However, due to line-of-sight broadcast characteristics, operators with properly installed and functioning equipment may still receive incomplete FIS-B data when signal reception is limited by the distance from ground stations combined with a low altitude.

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The example below displays an area where FIS-B data is degraded due to poor reception:

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No Coverage

Figure 11-80 FIS-B Reception Unavailable

**NOTE**: No coverage areas are semi-transparent in software v6.60 and later.

### Selecting NEXRAD in the FIS-B Weather Menu

NORTH UP

NEXRAD



- 1. While viewing the FIS-B Weather page, touch the **Menu** key to select the NEXRAD choice.
- Touch the **NEXRAD** key to select Off, Regional, CONUS, or Combined NEXRAD.

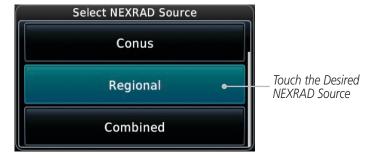


Figure 11-81 NEXRAD Source Selection

3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the FIS-B Weather Menu.

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### 11.4.3 FIS-B TFRs

Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) provide detailed information for local short term restrictions. The update rate is approximately every 20 minutes.



Figure 11-82 FIS-B TFR Legend



1. Touch a TFR symbol on the Weather page to view details.



Figure 11-83 FIS-B TFR Detail



2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

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# 11.4.4 Cloud Tops

Cloud tops indicate the altitude of the highest visible portions of a cloud at the time of measurement.

FIS-B cloud top data is generated by a computer model and has limited accuracy compared to actual conditions.



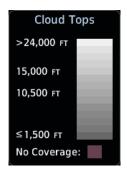


Figure 11-84 FIS-B Cloud Tops

Cloud Tops

 While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the Cloud Tops key.

# 11.4.5 Lightning

FIS-B lightning strikes display as a lightning bolt.





Figure 11-85 FIS-B Lightning



 While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the Lightning key.

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#### 11.4.6 FIS-B METARS

When enabled, graphic METARs (METeorological Aviation Reports) are shown as colored flags at airports that provide METAR reports. Press the **METARs** key to enable or disable METARs. Refer to the Legend for a description of the color code. The update rate is every five minutes.

METAR Symbol	Description
•	VFR (ceiling greater than 3,000 ft. AGL and visibility greater than five miles)
•	Marginal VFR (ceiling 1,000–3,000 ft. AGL and/or visibility three to five miles)
<b>V</b>	IFR (ceiling 500 to below 1,000 ft. AGL and/or visibility one mile to less than three miles)
•	Low IFR (ceiling below 500 ft. AGL or visibility less than one mile)
•	Unknown

Table 11-5 METAR Symbols



 While viewing the FIS-B Weather page, touch the Menu key to select the METAR choice. Touch an airport symbol for more METAR detail.



Figure 11-86 METARS Map Symbols and Detail



- 2. Touch the **METAR** key to toggle METARS on or off.
- 3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the FIS-B Weather page.

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### 11.4.7 FIS-B SIGMETs and Textual AIRMETs

SIGMETs (SIGnificant METerological Information) and AIRMETs (AIRmen's METerological Information) are broadcast for potentially hazardous weather considered of importance to aircraft. The update rate is approximately every 20 minutes.



Figure 11-87 FIS-B SIGMET/AIRMET Legend

 While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the SIGMET AIRMET key.



Figure 11-88 FIS-B SIGMETs and AIRMETs Map

2. Touch a SIGMET/AIRMET line to view details. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.



Figure 11-89 SIGMET and AIRMET Details

3. Touch the **SIGMET/AIRMET** key again to turn it off.

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# 11.4.8 Graphical AIRMETs

Graphical AIRMETs (G-AIRMETs) display more weather phenomena than textual AIRMETs, while eliminating the need to interpret raw text. Updates occur four times daily. Filtering options allow you to mitigate page clutter.

### Forecast Settings

**Current (Auto):** Displays active graphical records based on the current UTC. The function automatically switches from 0 hr to 3 hr forecasts.

All Forecasts: Displays the most recent, non-expired graphical records.

**Off:** Turns the *G*-AIRMETs product off.

Forecast Periods are 0 hr, 3 hr, and 6 hr.



Figure 11-90 FIS-B G-AIRMET Forecast Settings

## Filter Settings

Filters include: Freezing Level, Icing, IFR, Low-level Wind Shear, Mountain Obscuration, Surface Winds, and Turbulence.



Figure 11-91 FIS-B G-AIRMET Filters

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### **Viewing Graphical AIRMETs**

tting G-AIRMET
Current
(Auto)

1. While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the **G-AIRMET** key.





Figure 11-92 FIS-B G-AIRMETs

- 2. Select between Current (Auto), All Forecasts, or Off.
- 3. Select one or more filters.
- 4. Touch a G-AIRMET line to view details. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.



Figure 11-93 G-AIRMET Details

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# 11.4.9 Center Weather Advisory

These advisories communicate en route and terminal weather conditions expected to occur within the next two hours.

Information is valid for up to 2 hours.



Figure 11-94 FIS-B Center Weather Advisory



- 1. While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the **Center WX Advisory** key.
- 4. Touch a CWA line to view details. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Weather display.

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# 11.4.10 FIS-B Winds and Temperatures Aloft

Winds and Temperatures Aloft data shows the forecast wind speed, direction, and Temperature at selected altitudes. Altitudes can be selected in increments from 1,000 feet up to 53,000 feet. The update rate is every 12 hours.



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 While viewing the Data Link Weather menu, touch the Wind/Temp Aloft key.





Figure 11-95 Winds Aloft



2. Touch the **WX ALT** — or + keys to increase or decrease the reporting altitude of the winds aloft in increments. The selected altitude is shown in a window above the altitude keys.



3. Touch the **Wind/Temp Aloft** key again to turn it off.

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## 11.4.11 Icing



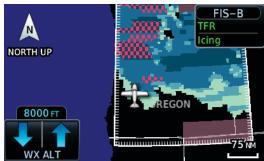
**NOTE**: Due to the incremental and overlapping nature of the FIS broadcast, timestamps, regional coverage, and map data availability may vary with altitude for computer generated icing forecasts.

Icing potential is not a forecast, but a presentation of icing potential at the time of analysis. For FIS-B, the icing timestamp shows the valid time in UTC.

Supercooled Large Droplet (SLD) icing conditions are characterized by the presence of relatively large, super cooled water droplets indicative of freezing drizzle and freezing rain aloft. SLD threat areas are depicted as black and pink blocks over the icing colors.

The icing potential shows a graphic view of the current icing conditions. Categories vary depending on the configured weather source. For FIS-B, they include: Trace, Light, Moderate, and Heavy.

Altitude Range: 2,000 to 24,000 ft.





Icing Potential

SLD Threat Heavy

Figure 11-96 FIS-B Icing



. While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the **Icing** key.

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## 11.4.12 Turbulence



**NOTE:** Due to the incremental and overlapping nature of the FIS broadcast, timestamps, regional coverage, and map data availability may vary with altitude for FIS-B turbulence forecasts.

Turbulence is classified as light, moderate, severe, or extreme. Turbulence data is intended to supplement AIRMETs and SIGMETs.

For FIS-B, the turbulence timestamp shows the valid time in UTC.

Altitude Range: 2,000 to 24,000 ft (at 2,000 ft intervals).



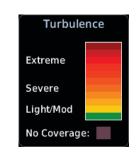


Figure 11-97 FIS-B Turbulence



 While viewing the FIS-B Weather menu, touch the Turbulence key.



### 11.4.13 FIS-B PIREPs

Pilot Weather Reports (PIREPs) provide timely weather information. When significant weather conditions are reported or forecast, Air Traffic Control (ATC) facilities are required to solicit PIREPs. A PIREP may contain non-forecast adverse weather conditions, such as low in-flight visibility, icing conditions, wind shear, and turbulence. PIREPs are issued as either Routine (UA) or Urgent (UUA). The update rate is approximately every 20 minutes.





- While viewing the FIS-B Weather page, touch the **Menu** key to select the PIREP choice.
- 2. Touch the **PIREP** key to toggle PIREPs on or off.
- 3. Touch a weather information symbol to view details for that item.





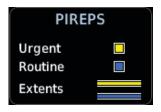


Figure 11-98 PIREP Information Detail and Legend

- 4. Touch the **Back** key to remove the detailed information.
- 5. Touch the **PIREP** key again to turn it off.

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# 12 **NEAREST**

The Nearest function provides detailed information for the 25 nearest airports, VORs, VRPs, NDBs, Intersections, and User waypoints within 200 NM of your current position. In addition, the Nearest pages include the five nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) and center (ARTCC/FIR) points of communication and alert you to any Special Use (SUA) or Controlled Airspace you may be in or near.



Figure 12-1 Nearest Page

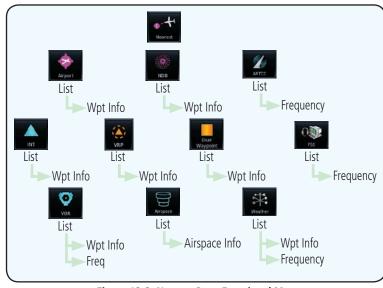


Figure 12-2 Nearest Page Functional Map

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# 12.1 Select a Nearest Page

The available waypoint types are shown on the Nearest page. Touch the key to display the nearest 25 waypoint types (FSS and ARTCC will display up to five items). Not all 25 nearest waypoints can be displayed on the corresponding Nearest page at one time. The Nearest page displays detailed information for five nearest items.

1. On the Home page, touch the **Nearest** key.



- Touch the desired waypoint type (Airport, VOR, etc.) and then touch the **Up** and **Down** keys on the lower right of the display to navigate through the list of available items. You can also touch an item on the list and drag your finger to scroll the list.
- 3. Touch the highlighted item to view more detailed information.
- 4. To navigate Direct-To the waypoint you're viewing, press the **Direct-To** key. The waypoint will be loaded into the Waypoint window of the Direct-To function.
- 5. Touch the **Activate** key to navigate directly to that waypoint.



# 12.2 Nearest Airport

The Nearest Airport page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing and distance, and the length of the longest runway for the 25 nearest airports (within 200 NM of your present position).

The Nearest Airport page can be configured to exclude shorter runways or undesirable runway surface types, so that the corresponding airports do not appear on the list. You may wish to use this feature to exclude seaplane bases, heliports, or runway lengths which would be difficult or impossible to land upon. Refer to *System - Setup - Nearest Airport Criteria* for information about configuring the Nearest Airport display criteria.



1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **Airport** key. A list of the nearest 25 airports within 200 NM will be listed.



Figure 12-3 Nearest Airport



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.



3. Touch the **Airport Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected airport.



Figure 12-4 Nearest Airport Waypoint Info

4. Touch one of the keys (Map, Procedures, Runways, etc.) for more information about the selected airport.

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#### **Nearest Intersection (INT)** 12.3

The Nearest Intersection page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing and distance to the 25 nearest intersections (within 200 NM of your present position).

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1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **INT** key. A list of the nearest 25 Intersections within 200 NM will be listed.

Slider Indicates More Nearest Intersection DIS / BRG Items on the List 134.27 Intersection **BEQJI** 0.9<sub>NM</sub> 165° SW USA Identifier 122.80 Intersection 2.0<sub>NM</sub> ZEMAD 1 340° Information SW USA 1200 3.2NM YECTU SW USA Arrow Indicates More 351° Items on the List

Figure 12-5 Nearest Intersection List

Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.



Figure 12-6 Scrolling Down the Nearest Intersection List



Down

Touch the **Intersection Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected Intersection.



Figure 12-7 Nearest Intersection Waypoint Detail

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### 12.4 Nearest VOR

The Nearest VOR page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing and distance to the 25 nearest VORs (within 200 NM of your present position). For each VOR listed, the Nearest VOR page also indicates the frequency and may be used to quickly tune the Nav radio to the nearby VOR (GTN 650 only).

Touch the VOR Frequency key to place the frequency in the standby field of the Nav window. Touch the **Nav** Active window to flip/flop the Nav frequencies.



1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **VOR** key. A list of the nearest 25 VORs within 200 NM will be listed.

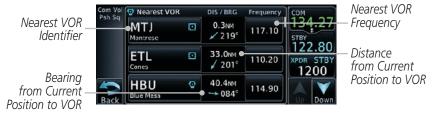


Figure 12-8 Nearest VOR List and Information



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.



Touch the VOR Identifier key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected VOR.



Figure 12-9 Nearest VOR Waypoint Information

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 Touch the **Frequency** key on this page or from the Nearest VOR List page to place the selected frequency into the Nav Standby window. Touch the **Preview** key to view map detail.



VOR Frequency Inserted into Standby Window. Touch to Flip/Flop Freqs

VOR Map Preview

Figure 12-10 Nearest VOR Frequency Entry

# 12.5 Nearest VRP



**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v6.20 or later.

The nearest VRP page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing, and distance to the 25 nearest VRPs (within 200 NM of your present position).



1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **VRP** key.



Figure 12-11 Nearest VRPs

- 2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.
- 3. Touch the **VRP Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected VRP.



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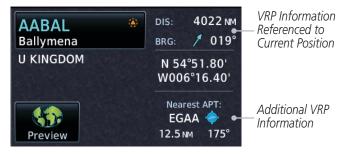


Figure 12-12 Waypoint Info - Visual Reporting Point

#### 12.6 Nearest NDB

The Nearest NDB page displays the identifier, symbol, bearing, distance and frequency to the 25 nearest NDBs (within 200 NM of your present position).



1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **NDB** key. A list of the nearest 25 NDBs within 200 NM will be listed.



Figure 12-13 Nearest NDB



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.



3. Touch the **NDB Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected NDB.



Figure 12-14 Nearest NDB Waypoint Information

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# 12.7 Nearest User Waypoint

The Nearest User Waypoint page displays the name, bearing and distance to the 25 nearest user waypoints (within 200 NM of your present position).

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 While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **User WPT** key. A list of the nearest 25 User waypoints within 200 NM will be listed.



Figure 12-15 Nearest User Waypoint



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.



3. Touch the **Nearest User Waypoint** Identifier key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected User waypoint.



Figure 12-16 Nearest User Waypoint Information

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# 12.8 Nearest Airspace

The Nearest Airspace page, alerts you to as many as nine controlled or special use airspaces near or in your flight path. Alerts are provided according to the following conditions:

- If your projected course will take you inside an airspace within the next ten minutes, the alert message "AIRSPACE ALERT Airspace entry in less than 10 minutes" appears. The Nearest Airspace page shows the airspace as "Airspace Ahead."
- If you are within two nautical miles of an airspace and your current course will take you inside, the message "AIRSPACE ALERT Within 2nm of airspace" appears. The Nearest Airspace page shows the airspace as "Airspace Within 2 NM."
- If you are within two nautical miles of an airspace and your current course will take you inside in less than 10 minutes, the message "AIRSPACE ALERT Airspace within 2nm and entry in less than 10 minutes" appears. The Nearest Airspace page shows the airspace as "Ahead < 2 NM."
- If you have entered an airspace, the message "AIRSPACE ALERT Inside Airspace" appears. The Nearest Airspace page shows "Inside of airspace."

Note that the airspace alerts are based on three-dimensional data (latitude, longitude and altitude) to avoid nuisance alerts. The alert boundaries for controlled airspace are also sectorized to provide complete information on any nearby airspace. Once one of the described conditions exists, the message annunciator flashes, alerting you of an airspace message (if airspace alert messages are enabled). Refer to *System-Alerts* to set the Arrival Alert Proximity, Airspace Type, and Altitude Buffer values.



**NOTE:** The Airspace Alert setting does not alter the depiction of airspace, or change the Smart Airspace setting for the main map page.

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Figure 12-17 Airspace Sectors

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1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **Airspace** key. A list of the nearest 25 Airspaces within 200 NM along the aircraft flight path will be listed, depending on the airspace types and values set by the user.



Figure 12-18 Nearest Airspace List



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list.

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3. Touch the **Airspace Identifier** key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected Airspace.



Figure 12-19 Nearest Airspace Waypoint Information

Once you have been provided an airspace alert message, detailed information concerning the specific airspace is provided on the Nearest Airspace page. The Nearest Airspace page displays the airspace name, status ("AIRSPACE ALERT - inside Airspace," "AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace entry in less than 10 minutes," etc.), and a time to entry (if applicable). By selecting any airspace name listed on the Nearest Airspace page, additional details are provided — including controlling agency, communication frequencies and floor/ceiling limits.

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#### 12.9 Nearest ARTCC

The Nearest ARTCC page displays the facility name, bearing to, distance, and frequency to the five nearest ARTCC points of communication (within 200 NM of your present position). For each ARTCC listed, the Nearest ARTCC page also indicates the frequency(s) and may be used to quickly tune the COM transceiver to the center's frequency.

Touch the ARTCC Frequency key to place the frequency in the standby field of the COM window. Touch the **COM** Active window to flip/flop the Com frequencies (GTN 650 only).



1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **ARTCC** key. A list of the nearest 25 ARTCCs within 200 NM will be listed.



ARTCC Frequency Key with Multiple Frequencies Available

- Touch ARTCC Frequency Key to Insert into Standby Com

Figure 12-20 Nearest ARTCC



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list as needed.



3. The Frequency category will show "Multiple" keys if multiple frequencies are available. Touch the **Multiple FREQ** key to display the frequencies.





Figure 12-21 Nearest ARTCC Multiple Frequency List

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4. Touch the key for the desired frequency to place the selected frequency into the Com Standby window.

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# 12.10 Nearest Flight Service Station (FSS)

The Nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) page displays the facility name, bearing to, distance, and frequency to the five nearest FSS points of communication (within 200 NM of your present position). For each FSS listed, the Nearest FSS page also indicates the frequency(s) and may be used to quickly tune the COM transceiver to the FSS's frequency.

Touch the FSS Frequency key to place the frequency in the standby field of the COM window. Touch the **COM** Active window to flip/flop the Com frequencies (GTN 650 only).

1. While viewing the Nearest function, touch the **FSS** key. A list of the nearest 25 FSSs within 200 NM will be listed.



Figure 12-22 Nearest FSS

- Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list, if necessary.
- 3. The **Frequency** key will show "Multiple" if multiple frequencies are available. Touch the "Multiple" **Frequency** key to display the frequencies.
- 4. Touch the key for the desired frequency to place the selected frequency into the Com Standby window.



Figure 12-23 Selected FSS Frequency From List

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## 12.11 Nearest Weather Frequency (WX Freq)

The Nearest WX FREQ function displays facility name, bearing to, distance, and frequency for the nearest 25 Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS), Automated Service Observing System (ASOS), and Automated Weather Observing Station (AWOS) weather reporting stations within 200 NM.



 While viewing the Nearest function, touch the WX FREQ key. A list of the nearest 25 Weather stations within 200 NM will be listed.





Figure 12-24 Nearest Weather Station



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** keys to scroll through the list, as needed.



3. Touch the key for the desired frequency to place the selected frequency into the Com Standby window.



Figure 12-25 Nearest Weather Station Selected Frequency



 Touch the Weather Station Identifier key to show the Waypoint Info page for the selected Weather station. Forewor

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# 13 SERVICES/MUSIC

The Services function is available when certain optional features are installed and enabled. The key will be labeled as Music when only the Music feature is enabled. Music is provided through SiriusXM Satellite Radio. The GSR 56 is an Iridium® satellite transceiver that supports voice telephone calls, aircraft position reporting, and world wide weather products.



While viewing the Home page, touch the **Services** key to view the Services page.



Figure 13-1 Services Page

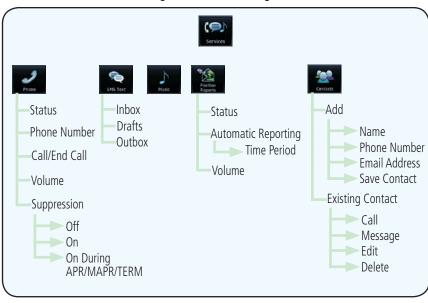


Figure 13-2 Services Functional Diagram

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**NOTE**: Refer to the "Stormscope® Weather" section for information about SiriusXM Weather products.

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The optional SiriusXM Radio entertainment feature of the GDL 69A Data Link Receiver is available for the pilot's and passengers' enjoyment. The GDL 69A can receive SiriusXM Satellite Radio entertainment services at any altitude throughout the Continental United States Entertainment audio is not available on the GDL 69 Data Link Receiver.

SiriusXM Satellite Radio offers a variety of radio programming over long distances without having to constantly search for new stations. Based on signals from satellites, coverage far exceeds land-based transmissions. SiriusXM Satellite Radio services are subscription-based. For more information on XM service packages, visit flyGarmin.com.

Audio entertainment is available through the SiriusXM Satellite Radio Service when activated in the optional installation of the GDL 69A. The GTN unit serves as the display and control head for your remotely mounted GDL 69A. When enabled, the SiriusXM Satellite Radio audio entertainment is accessible in the Music function.

The information on the SiriusXM Satellite Radio display is composed of four areas: the Active Channel, Available Channels, Category of the highlighted channel, and the Volume setting. The Active Channel window shows the Channel Name and Number, Artist, Song Title, and Category.

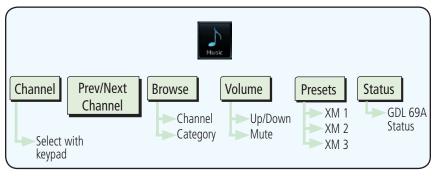


Figure 13-3 Music Functional Map

# **GARMIN**<sub>®</sub>

# 13.2 Activating SiriusXM Satellite Radio Services

The service is activated by providing SiriusXM Satellite Radio with either one or two coded IDs, depending on the equipment. Either the Audio Radio ID or the Data Radio ID, or both, must be provided to SiriusXM Satellite Radio to activate the entertainment subscription. Activation Instructions are included with the GDL 69A, P/N 190-00355-04. They are also available at flyGarmin.com.

It is not required to activate both the entertainment and weather service subscriptions with the GDL 69A. Either or both services can be activated. SiriusXM Satellite Radio uses one or both of the coded IDs to send an activation signal that, when received by the GDL 69A, allows it to play entertainment programming.

These IDs are located:

- On the label on the back of the Data Link Receiver
- On the Music Menu

Contact the installer if the Data Radio ID and the Audio Radio ID cannot be located.



**NOTE:** Refer to the GDL 69/69A SiriusXM Satellite Radio Activation Instructions (P/N 190-00355-04) for further information.

- 1. Contact SiriusXM Weather through the e-mail address listed on their website (<u>siriusxm.com</u>) or by the customer service phone number listed on the website (1-800-985-9200).
- 2. Follow the instructions provided.

If SiriusXM weather services have not been activated, all the weather product boxes are cleared on the XM Information page and a yellow Activation Required message is displayed in the center of the Weather Data Link page (Map Page Group). The Service Class refers to the groupings of weather products available for subscription.

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#### **Music Operation** 13.3

The GTN 6XX provides control for enjoying SiriusXM Radio audio entertainment in the aircraft. The Music function allows selecting music categories and specific channels, as well as saving category and channel selections as presets for quick recall. The music volume level may also be managed.

Figure 13-4 Music Menu

Navigate through the channels in a category by touching the **Previous** and **Next** channel keys.



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## 13.3.1 Browsing Channels and Categories

The Category window displays the currently selected category of audio. Categories of channels, such as Jazz, Rock, or News, can be selected to list the available channels for a type of music or other contents.



1. While viewing the Music page, touch the **Browse** key and then touch the desired channel to select it.



Figure 13-5 Music Channels



Touch the Category key to activate Category selection and then touch the desired Category to select it.



Figure 13-6 Music Categories

3. The current category will be shown at the top of the display.

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# 13.3.2 Selecting a SiriusXM Satellite Radio Channel by Number

Channels may be selected directly in the selected category using the numeric keypad.



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1. While viewing the main Music page, touch the **Channel** key. The Channel Number selection page will appear.



Figure 13-7 Selecting Music Channels



2. Use the numeric keys to enter the number for the desired channel and then touch the **Enter** key.



Figure 13-8 Selecting Music Channels with the Numeric Keypad



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#### 13.3.3 SiriusXM Satellite Radio Volume

The Volume control allows you to set the audio volume level, as well as mute the audio.

Volume

1. While viewing the Music page, touch the **Volume** key.

Bar Graph Showing Volume Level



Figure 13-9 Music Volume Control



2. Touch the **Up** or **Down** Volume keys to adjust the radio volume.



3. Touch **MUTE** to mute the radio volume.



4. Touch **MUTE** again or the **Volume** key to unmute the radio volume

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Touch to Recall

Selected Preset

#### SiriusXM Satellite Radio Channel Presets 13.3.4

Getting

The Music page allows you to store the Active Channel into a selected preset position for easy later recall. A delay of several seconds can occur when setting or recalling a preset.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

Com/Nav Touch to Select Bank of Presets (XM 1, XM 2,

or XM 3)



Figure 13-10 Music Menu Presets

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#### 13.3.4.1 Saving a Preset

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- While viewing the desired channel, select the preset bank for saving the preset (XM 1, XM 2, or XM 3) by touching the **Presets** key until the desire bank is shown.

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Touch the desired preset key and hold it for three seconds.

#### 13.3.4.2 **Recalling a Preset**

Weather

Touch the **Presets** key to select the preset bank (XM 1, XM 2, or XM 3).



Touch the desired preset key.

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# 13.4 GDL 69/69A Data Link Receiver Troubleshooting

Some quick troubleshooting steps listed below can be performed to find the possible cause of a failure.

- Ensure the owner/operator of the aircraft in which the Data Link Receiver is installed has subscribed to SiriusXM Satellite Radio
- Ensure the SiriusXM Satellite Radio subscription has been activated
- Perform a quick check of the circuit breakers to ensure that power is applied to the Data Link Receiver

For troubleshooting purposes, check the Menu on the Music page or the GDL 69 Box on the System - External LRUs page for Data Link Receiver (GDL 69/69A) status, serial number, and software version number. More information about GDL Status is available in section 15.3.

It may take several minutes for all subscribed data to become available after power-up.



 Touch the **Status** key on the Music page to display the GDI 69/69A Status.



Data Radio ID

Figure 13-11 GDL 69/69A Status Page



2. Touch the **Menu** key to display the GDL Status Menu.



Figure 13-12 GDL Status Menu

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3. Touch the Lock Activation key if this is for the initial subscription or a change in the subscription. Touch the **OK** key to continue the operation.



Figure 13-13 Lock Activation



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# 13.5 Iridium Phone Operation (Optional)

Optional satellite telephone operation is available through the Iridium® satellite system that is interfaced through the Garmin GSR 56.



Figure 13-14 Services Phone Page

#### 13.5.1 **Status**

The Status section shows the Call Time, Phone Status, and Call Suppression selected. The Call Time value shows the length of the call time for the current call using the Iridium phone. Phone Status shows the current operating status of the Iridium phone.

Status	Description
Idle	The Iridium phone is not using the GSR 56 for communicating at this time.
Initializing	The GSR 56 and its driver are currently initializing.
Connected	The GSR 56 is connected to the called number.
Connecting Call	The GSR 56 is in the process of connecting to the called number.
Changing Volume	The volume level on the GSR 56 is changing.
Busy	The phone is in use by another service and the call may not be made.
Dialing	The GSR 56 is dialing the called number.
Incoming Call	A call is being made to the GSR 56.
Hanging Up	The GSR 56 is disconnecting from the current call.
Unavailable	The GSR 56 is currently not usable by the Iridium phone system.

**Table 13-1 Iridium Phone Status** 

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### 13.5.2 Making a Phone Call

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1. While viewing the Iridium Phone page, touch **Phone**, select a phone number, or select one from Contacts.

Touch to Select Number from Existing Contacts Touch to Select

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Phone Number

Phone Number

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Touch to Delete
Previous
Character

Touch to Delete
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Character

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Enter,

Figure 13-15 Making a Phone Call

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2. Touch **Enter** to accept the selected number.

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pt Info Call

3. Touch the **Call** key.

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Touch to Adjust Phone Volume

Figure 13-16 Phone Call In Progress

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Touchtone Entry

4. To make a direct call with a keypad, touch the **Touchtone Entry** key.



Figure 13-17 Touchtone Entry Pad

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5. After completing the call, touch the **End Call** key.

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## 13.5.3 Answering a Phone Call

An incoming phone call will generate a pop-up announcing the call. When a call is accepted, the pop-up will show that the call is connected and the cumulative call time will be shown.

 When an incoming call is available, touch the Enter key or the ANSWER key to answer the call. Or, press the Ignore key to not answer the call and hang up.



Figure 13-18 Incoming Call Display

After a called is accepted and connected, the connection time will be shown on the pop-up. Touch the ATT soft key to attenuate the call volume; touching it again will return to normal volume. Touch the HANG UP soft key to end the call. Foreword

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## 13.5.4 Suppress Visuals

Call Suppression controls calling when use of the Iridium phone system is allowed.

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**NOTE:** The Suppress Visuals setting only affects the visual indication of an incoming call/text. It does not inhibit the phone ringer or incoming SMS chime. Garmin recommends that you inhibit the audio from the GSR 56 unless a phone call is active.

Status	Description
Off	Call Suppression is turned off. Calls may be transmitted and received through the Iridium phone.
On	Call Suppression is turned on. The incoming call pop-up will not be shown. The call may still be answered on the phone page. Outgoing calls are not affected.
On During APR/MAPR/ TERM	Call Suppression is turned on during Approach, Missed Approach, and Terminal operations. The incoming call pop-up will not be shown. The call may still be answered on the phone page. Outgoing calls are not affected.

Table 13-2 Call Suppression



- While viewing the Iridium Phone page, touch the **Suppression** key.
- 2. Touch the desired Call Suppression type.



Figure 13-19 Select Call/SMS Suppression

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3. Pess **Back** to return to the Phone page without making a selection.

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#### 13.5.5 Phone Volume

Use the Phone Volume controls to adjust the loudness of the phone calls you hear. Volume controls will only be available when the Idle, Connected, or Changing Volume states are displayed.

### Adjusting the Phone Volume with the Soft Keys



1. While viewing the Iridium Phone page, touch the **VOL** keys to adjust the phone volume.





Figure 13-20 Select Soft Keys for Phone Volume Adjustment

2. The phone volume level is shown as a bar graph.

## 13.5.6 SMS Text Operation

Send and receive text messages through the GSR 56 phone connection.



1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **SMS Text** key.

Touch to Compose



Figure 13-21 SMS Text Page

2. Select Compose, Inbox, Drafts, or Outbox.

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#### 13.5.6.1 SMS Text Messaging Menu

The SMS Text Messaging Menu allows you to sort, mark, or delete messages and select call suppression.



Figure 13-22 SMS Text Messaging Menu



- 2. Touch the **Suppression** key and then touch the call suppression choice. The current choice will be shown on the **Suppression** key.
- 3. While viewing the Inbox, Drafts, or Outbox, touch the **Mark All As Read** to tag the messages as having been read.
- 4. Touch the **Delete All Messages** to delete the messages in the viewed category.

#### 13.5.6.2 Composing a SMS Text Message





Figure 13-23 Compose a New SMS Text Message

2. Touch the **To** window to select the recipient. Select either a Phone Number or E-mail Address.

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Figure 13-24 Select Destination for the SMS Text Message

- 3. Use either the keypad or select from the Contacts.
- 4. Touch the **Message** window to enter the text for the message. Use the keypad to create the message.



5. Touch **Send** to send the message. Touch **Save** to save the message as a draft. Touch **Delete** to delete this message.

#### 13.5.6.3 A Failed SMS Text Message



1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **SMS Text key** and touch the Outbox tab. A failed message is noted with an "x."

3 Messages Services - SMS Text Message with Work Failed Mark Menu Inbox M Home Drafts MSG 1200 Outbox Group Home with Failed Outbox Back (1 Failed) Notation

Figure 13-25 SMS Text Message List Showing a Failed Message



Touch the failed message. Touch the **Send Again** key to resend the message.

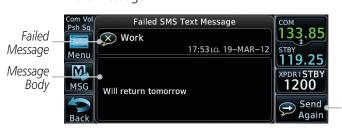


Figure 13-26 Resend a Failed SMS Text Message



To delete the message, touch the Menu key and then the Delete key.

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Figure 13-27 Delete a Failed SMS Text Message

## 13.5.7 Position Reporting

Position Reporting is a system which collects system variables and transmits them over the Iridium<sup>®</sup> satellite at a given interval through the GSR 56.



Reporting

Send Report

Send Report

 While viewing the Services page, touch the **Position Reports** key.



Figure 13-28 Services Position Reporting

- 2. Touch the **Automatic Reporting** key to enable Automatic Reporting.
- 3. After Automatic Reporting is enabled, touch the **Report Period** key to set the Reporting Period.
- 4. Select the Report Period with the keypad and press **Enter**.
- When Automatic Reporting is disabled, touch the **Send Report** key to manually send a report.

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#### 13.5.7.1 Status

The Status window shows the time until the next data transmission and the status of the reporting system.



**NOTE:** The GSR 56 does not report its serial number until 90 seconds after power up of the GTN. As a result, for that period, the product info for the GSR 56 will show "Waiting."

#### 13.5.7.2 Position Reporting Status

The Time Until Transmit field is a countdown timer that shows the time until the next data transmission. This field is blank when the aircraft is on the ground. Position Reporting will be enabled when the aircraft is in the air.

Status	Description
Idle	The reporting system is not using the GSR 56 for reporting at this time.
Initializing	The GSR 56 and its driver are currently initializing.
Transferring	A position report is currently being transmitted.
Unavailable	The GSR 56 is currently not usable by the reporting system.

**Table 13-3 Position Reporting Status** 



Figure 13-29 Position Reporting Status

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#### **13.5.8 Contacts**

The Phone Book may hold up to 128 entries. A phone number may be entered and dialed without saving it to the Phone Book. Note that it is necessary to dial a "1," the area code, and then the number.

#### 13.5.8.1 Creating a Contact

1. While viewing the Services page, touch the **Contacts** key.



Figure 13-30 Contact List

2. Touch the **Add** key to add a new contact.



Figure 13-31 Add a New Contact

3. Use the keypad to enter the information for each item and then touch the **Save Contact** key.

#### 13.5.8.2 Using a Contact

1. While viewing the Contacts page, touch an existing contact.



Figure 13-32 Using the Contact List

2. Touch the desired function for the selected Contact.

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# 14 UTILITIES

The Utilities page provides a group of features that make flight planning easier and more efficient.



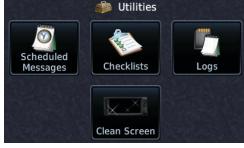


Figure 14-1 Utilities Home Page

Feature	Description
	Enable en route vertical guidance
VNAV 1	Specify a target vertical speed and flight path angle
	View active constraint data
VCALC <sup>1</sup>	Calculate time to TOD and vertical speed required to reach target altitude at the specified location.
Trip Planning	View DTK, DIS, ETE, ESA and ETA information for a direct-to, point-to-point between two specified waypoints or for any programmed flight plan.
Fuel Planning <sup>2</sup>	View fuel conditions along the active direct-to or flight plan.
DALT/TAS/Winds	Calculate altitude, airspeed, and winds.

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Feature	Description
RAIM Prediction	Determine GPS coverage availability for the current location or a specified waypoint at any time and date. RAIM performs checks to ensure the GTN unit has adequate satellite geometry during flight.
Flight Timers	Monitor time in flight using three available timer types.
Scheduled Messages	Create custom reminder messages and set when they will display.
Checklists	Review a built-in version of the aircraft checklist.
Logs	Export a flight data log.
Clean Screen	Lock touchscreen controls to prevent accidental activation while cleaning the display.

#### Table 14-1 Utilities Page Features

Note 1: VCALC and VNAV functions are mutually exclusive. Enabling one automatically disables the other.

Note 2: Aircraft must be equipped with fuel flow and/or fuel on board sensors.

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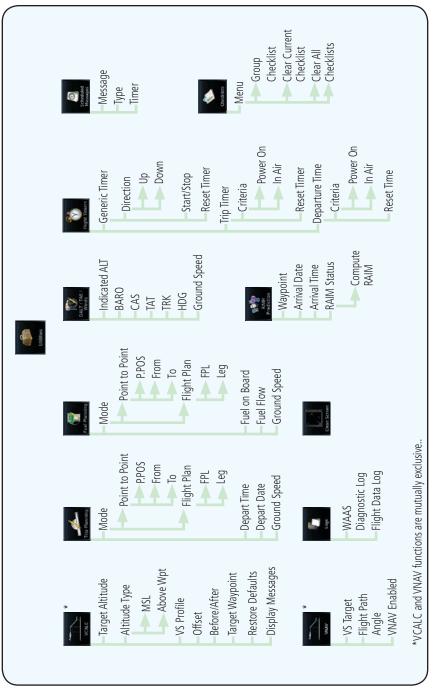


Figure 14-2 Utilities Functional Diagram

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# 14.1 Vertical Calculator (VCALC)



**NOTE**: If VNAV is enabled, the VCALC page is replaced with the VNAV Profile page. For more information, refer to section 4.3.3.

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The Vertical Calculator (VCALC) function allows you to create a three-dimensional profile which guides you from your present position and altitude to a final (target) altitude at a specified location. This is helpful when you'd like to descend to a certain altitude near an airport. Once the profile is defined, message alerts and additional data can be configured on the Default NAV and Map pages to keep you informed of your progress.



Figure 14-3 VCALC Target

VCALC is inhibited in the following conditions:

- Ground speed is less than 35 knots
- No active flight plan or direct-to destination
- SUSP mode
- Vectors-to-Final mode
- VLOC mode
- After the FAF on an approach
- OBS mode

**WARNING:** Do not use VCALC messages as the only means of either avoiding terrain/obstacles or following ATC guidance. VCALC provides advisory information only and must be used in concert with all other available navigation data sources.



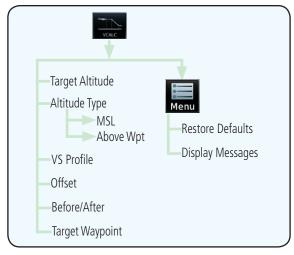


Figure 14-4 VCALC Page Functional Diagram

1. From the Utilities page, touch **VCALC**.

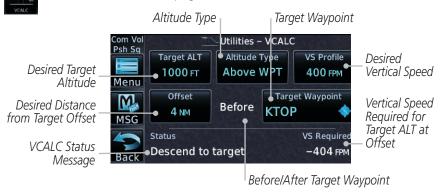


Figure 14-5 VCALC Page



2. Select the VCALC items as necessary to set up parameters for the next waypoint. Touch the **Back** key when finished.

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### 14.1.1 Target Altitude

This sets the desired ending altitude for the VCALC setup.

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1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch **Target ALT**.



Touch Enter or Press Small Knob to Save Number

Backspace

Key

Figure 14-6 Select VCALC Target Altitude

2. Use the numeric keypad to select the desired Target Altitude and then touch the **Enter** key.

# 14.1.2 Altitude Type

This value selects the altitude reference that will be used for VCALC calculations.



1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch **Altitude Type**.



2. Touching the **Altitude Type** key will toggle between MSL and Above WPT. "Above WPT" is only available for waypoints that are airports.

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### 14.1.3 Vertical Speed (VS) Profile

This value sets the vertical speed.

1 While viewing the

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **VS Profile** key.



Figure 14-7 Select VCALC Vertical Speed

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Numeric

Keypad

2. Use the numeric keypad to select the desired Vertical Speed and then touch the **Enter** key.

## 14.1.4 Target Offset

The Target Offset is a pilot-selected distance value that represents the geographical location where you wish to arrive at the target altitude. This distance is measured from the Target Waypoint and, in a separate data field on the VCALC page, designated as either before or after the Target Waypoint.

1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **Offset** key.



Figure 14-8 Select VCALC Target Offset



Use the numeric keypad to select the desired Target Offset and then touch the **Enter** key.

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#### **Before/After Target Waypoint** 14.1.5

This setting designates whether the offset distance defines a point before you reach the target reference waypoint or after you reach the waypoint. The "After" selection is not available for the last waypoint in a flight plan.

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While viewing the VCALC page, touch the **Before/After** key.



Touching the **Before/After** key will toggle between before 2. and after the Target Waypoint.

#### 14.1.6 **Target Waypoint**

Select the waypoint in the flight plan that will be used for planning a descent. When using a flight plan, the target waypoint is a reference that can be specified from the waypoints contained in the flight plan. By default, the last waypoint in the flight plan is selected.



1. While viewing the VCALC page, touch **Target Waypoint**.



Figure 14-9 Select VCALC Target Waypoint List

A list of the remaining waypoints in the flight plan will be shown. Touch the desired waypoint to select it as the Target Waypoint.

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## 14.1.7 Display VCALC Messages

Selecting **Display Messages** will allow the display of messages about the VCALC function when they occur. With **Display Messages** not selected, VCALC messages will not be displayed.



 While viewing the VCALC page, touch the Menu key and then Display Messages to toggle the display of VCALC messages in the Message function.

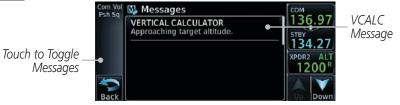


Figure 14-10 VCALC Approaching Target Altitude Message



2. Touch the **MSG** key to toggle the display of available messages.

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## 14.1.8 Restore VCALC Defaults

While viewing the VCALC page menu, touching the **Restore Defaults** key will reset all of the VCALC values back to their default values. The Target Waypoint will not be changed.

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#### 14.2 Flight Timers

The Flight Timers function provides count up/down timers, plus automatic recording of departure time, and total trip time. Departure and total trip time recording can be configured to run either any time unit power is on, or only when your ground speed exceeds the in-air threshold set by the installer (for example, 30 knots). A flexible Generic Timer is available for general timing needs.

**NOTE**: When a count up timer is used, the preset value has no function.



- While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **Flight Timers** key.
- If the Generic Timer Direction counter is set to "Up," the Reset Timer key will be shown and when touched will return the timer to 00:00:00. If the Direction counter is set to "Down," the Preset Timer key will be shown and the key will return the timer to the Preset time value.



Figure 14-11 Utility Flight Timers Page (Generic Timer)

Touch the **Trip/DEP Timers** or **Generic Timer** keys to toggle between the timer types.



Figure 14-12 Utility Flight Timers Page (Trip/DEP Timers)

Touch each key as desired to set up timer operation.

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# 14.3 RAIM Prediction

RAIM Prediction predicts if GPS coverage is available for your current location or at a specified waypoint at any time and date. RAIM performs checks to ensure that the GTN unit has adequate satellite geometry during your flight. RAIM availability is near 100% in Oceanic, En Route and Terminal phases of flight. Because the FAAs TSO requirements for non-precision approaches specify significantly better satellite coverage than other flight phases, RAIM may not be available when flying some approaches. The GTN unit automatically monitors RAIM during approach operations and warns you if RAIM is not available. In such cases, use a non-GPS based approach. RAIM prediction helps you plan for a pending flight to confirm GPS operation during an approach.

RAIM prediction only predicts the availability of Fault Detection (FD) integrity in the absence of SBAS corrections. It cannot predict the availability of LPV or L/VNAV approaches. The FAA provides a NOTAM service for LPV approach availability.



 While viewing the Utilities page, touch the RAIM Prediction key.



Figure 14-13 Utility RAIM Prediction Page



2. Touch the **Waypoint** key and select the waypoint for RAIM Prediction.



3. Touch the **Arrival Date** key and select the date of arrival at the selected waypoint.



4. Touch the **Arrival Time** key and select the local time of expected arrival at the selected waypoint.

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Foreword Compute RAIM

 When the Waypoint, Arrival Date, and Arrival Time values have been entered, touch the **Compute RAIM** key to determine if RAIM is available.

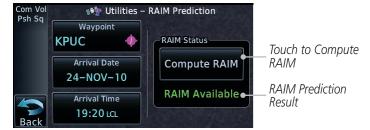


Figure 14-14 RAIM Prediction Completed

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# 14.4 Trip Planning

The GTN 6XX allows the pilot to view desired track (DTK), distance (DIS), estimated time en route (ETE), en route safe altitude (ESA) and estimated time of arrival (ETA) information for a direct-to, point-to-point between two specified waypoints or for any programmed flight plan. This item also displays the sunrise/sunset times for your destination waypoint (for the selected departure date). All times are based on the time set in System-Setup. For trip planning inputs: departure time and date are manually entered, while ground speed can be provided by sensor data, if selected.

The trip statistics are calculated based on the selected starting and ending waypoints and the trip planning inputs.

In Flight Plan mode with a stored flight plan selected, and the entire flight plan (CUM) selected, the waypoints are the starting and ending waypoints of the selected flight plan.

In Flight Plan mode with a stored flight plan selected, and a specific leg selected, the waypoints are the endpoints of the selected leg.

In Point-To-Point mode these are manually selected waypoints (if there is an active flight plan, these default to the endpoints of the active leg).

Some of the calculated trip statistics are dashed when the selected leg of the active flight plan has already been flown.

- Desired Track (DTK) DTK is shown as nnn° and is the desired track between the selected waypoints. It is dashed unless only a single leg is selected.
- Distance (DIS) The distance is shown in tenths of units up to 99.9, and in whole units up to 9999.
- Estimated time en route (ETE) ETE is shown as hours:minutes until less than an hour, then it is shown as minutes:seconds.
- Estimated time of arrival (ETA) ETA is shown as hours:minutes and is the local time at the destination.
  - If in Point-To-Point mode then the ETA is the ETE added to the departure time.

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- If a flight plan other than the active flight plan is selected it shows the ETA by adding to the departure time all of the ETEs of the legs up to and including the selected leg. If the entire flight plan is selected, then the ETA is calculated as if the last leg of the flight plan was selected.

- If the active flight plan is selected the ETA reflects the current position of the aircraft and the current leg being flown. The ETA is calculated by adding to the current time the ETEs of the current leg up to and including the selected leg. If the entire flight plan is selected, then the ETA is calculated as if the last leg of the flight plan was selected.
- En Route safe altitude (ESA) The ESA is shown as nnnnnFT
- Destination sunrise and sunset times These times are shown as hours:minutes and are the local time at the destination.



**NOTE:** The capability of using Sensor Data for the trip planning functions is available in software versions 2.00, 4.10, and later.

#### 14.4.1 Point-To-Point Mode

The Trip Planning Point-to-Point mode shows trip calculations between two selected points: either two waypoints from the database or from your present position to a selected waypoint.



1. While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **Trip Planning** key.

2. Touch the **Mode** key to toggle to Point-to-Point.

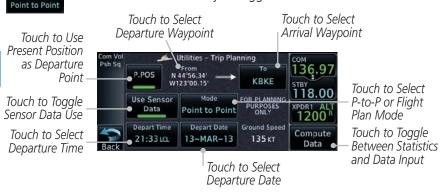


Figure 14-15 Utility Trip Planning Page To Edit Input Data (Point-To-Point Mode)
-Sensor Data Used





Touch the **P.POS** key to toggle between using your present position as the From waypoint when selected or a waypoint selected from the database when **P.POS** is deselected. If **P.POS** is selected, the latitude/longitude of the present position will be shown in the From position.

Present Position Selected as "From" Wpt



Latutude/Longitude of Present Position

## Figure 14-16 Selecting Present Position as the From Waypoint



Touch to Select

Waypoint Search

If **P.POS** is not selected for the From point, touch the **From** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database and touch Enter.

Selected "From" Waypoint Backspace Waypoint Identifier 123.00 Find Touch to Select "From" Waypoint

Figure 14-17 Selecting a From Waypoint



Touch the **To** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database for the destination waypoint and touch **Enter**.



Touch the **Depart Time** key and then use the keypad to select the departure time (local time at From waypoint) and touch Enter.



Figure 14-18 Selecting Departure Time

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Touch the **Depart Date** key and then use the Departure Date page to select the departure year, month, and day and then touch **Enter**.

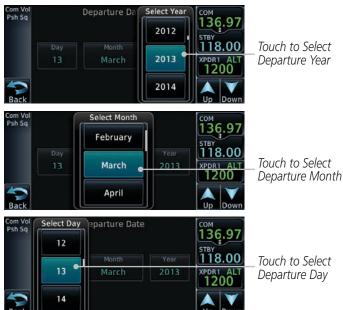


Figure 14-19 Selecting Departure Date

Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select 8. the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.

Selected Ground Speed Ground Speed BKSP 135 KT 123.00 2 3 4 5 XPDR1 ALT 1200 8 9 6 7 0 Enter

Touch to Select Ground Speed

Figure 14-20 Selecting Expected Average Ground Speed





9. After completing the Trip Planning selections, touch the **Compute Data** key to display the trip statistics.

Utilities – Trip Planning N 46°31.27 **KBKE** W123°00.15' 118.00 ESA Trip Statistics 241 NM 097° 16700 FT 01:46:57 23:20 LCL Touch to Toggle

Edit Input

Figure 14-21 Utility Trip Planning Page With Computed Data (Point-To-Point Mode)

Sunrise / Sunset (Dest)

14:08 LCL / 01:53 LCI



NOTE: When Local Time is selected in the Setup-Date/Time feature, Sunrise/ Sunset calculations in the Trip Planning feature are based on the From waypoint time zone. For instance, a flight plan originating in the Pacific time zone and ending in the Central time zone would show Sunset/Sunrise times at the destination in Pacific time. This potential offset does not occur when UTC time is used.

#### Flight Plan Mode 14.4.2

Point to Point

Touch the **Mode** key to select Flight Plan mode, if required.



Figure 14-22 Utility Trip Planning Page Edit Input Data View (Flight Plan Mode)



Touch the **Flight Plan** key to select the flight plan.



Figure 14-23 Select Flight Plan

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3. Touch the **Leg** key to select the flight plan leg. If the "Cumulative" selection is chosen, statistics will relate to the entire flight plan.



Figure 14-24 Select Flight Plan Leg

Direct-To

Depart Time
21:36 LCL

4. Touch the **Depart Time** key and then use the keypad to select the departure time (local time at From waypoint) and touch **Enter**.

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Depart Date
23-NOV-10

5. Touch the **Depart Date** key and then use the Departure Date page to select the departure year, month, and day and then touch **Enter**.

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6. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.



7. Touch the **Compute Data** key to view statistics for the current flight plan leg. The Cumulative flight plan is shown.



Figure 14-25 Utility Trip Planning Page Computed Data View (Flight Plan Mode)

8. Touch the **Next** key to view statistics for the next leg in the flight plan.



Figure 14-26 Utility Trip Planning Page Computed Data View Of Next Waypoint (Flight Plan Mode)



# 14.5 Fuel Planning

**Fuel Planning** — You may manually enter fuel flow, ground speed (GS) and fuel on board figures for planning purposes. Fuel planning figures can be displayed not only for the currently active flight plan or direct-to, but also point-to-point between two specified waypoints and for any programmed flight plan.

Fuel on board and fuel flow may be manually entered in the unit start-up sequence and used to recalculate fuel on board as it is consumed. When fuel flow or fuel on board is manually entered, the figures are retained the next time you view the page (with fuel on board continuously recalculated).



**NOTE:** The capability of using Sensor Data is available in software versions 2.00, 4.10, and later.

#### 14.5.1 Point-To-Point Mode

The Fuel Planning Point-to-Point mode shows fuel calculations between two selected points: either two waypoints from the database or from your present position to a selected waypoint.



1. While viewing the Utilities page, touch the **Fuel Planning** key.

2. Touch the **Mode** key to toggle to Point-to-Point, if required.



 Touch the P.POS key to toggle between using your present position as the From waypoint when selected or a waypoint selected from the database when P.POS is deselected. If P.POS is selected, the Lat/Lon of the present position will be shown in the From position.



Figure 14-27 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Edit Input Data (Point-to-Point Mode)

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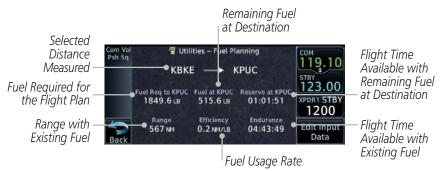


Figure 14-28 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Computed Data (Point-to-Point Mode)

4. If **P.POS** is not selected for the From point, touch the **From** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database and touch **Enter**.



Figure 14-29 Selecting a "From" Waypoint

- To
- 5. Touch the **To** key and then use the keypad to select a waypoint from the database for the destination waypoint and touch **Enter**.





Figure 14-30 Selecting Current Fuel On Board

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Touch the **Fuel Flow** key and then use the keypad to select the average fuel flow and touch **Enter**.

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Figure 14-31 Selecting Fuel Flow

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3. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.

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Figure 14-32 Selecting Ground Speed

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## 14.5.2 Flight Plan Mode

The Fuel Planning Flight Plan mode shows fuel calculations between two legs of the flight plan or the cumulative flight plan.



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1. Touch the **Mode** key to select Flight Plan mode, if required.



Figure 14-33 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Edit Input Data (Flight Plan Mode)



2. Touch the **Flight Plan** key to select the flight plan.



Figure 14-34 Select Flight Plan



3. Touch the **Leg** key to select the flight plan leg. If the "Cumulative" selection is chosen, statistics will relate to the entire flight plan.



Figure 14-35 Select Flight Plan Leg



4. If desired, touch the **Fuel on Board** key and then use the keypad to select the Fuel on Board value and touch **Enter**.

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5. If desired, touch the **Fuel Flow** key and then use the keypad to select the Fuel Flow value and touch **Enter**.

ppendix Ground Speed 120 KT 6. Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and touch **Enter**.





7. Touch the **Compute Data** key to display Statistics for the current flight plan leg.

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Figure 14-36 Utility Fuel Planning Page Showing Computed Data (Flight Plan Mode)

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8. Touch the **Previous** and **Next** keys to view statistics for the previous and next legs in the flight plan.

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9. Touch the **Edit Input Data** key to return to the display for selecting Fuel Planning data.

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#### 14.6 DALT/TAS/Winds

**Density Alt / TAS / Winds** — indicates the theoretical altitude at which your aircraft performs depending upon several variables, including indicated altitude (Indicated ALT), barometric pressure (BARO) and total air temperature (TAT; the temperature, including the heating effect of speed, read on a standard outside temperature gauge). This item computes true airspeed (TAS) and density altitude, based upon the factors above. Also, this feature determines winds aloft — the wind direction and speed — and a head wind/tail wind component, based on true airspeed, aircraft heading (HDG) and ground speed. When a FADC provides pressure altitude and the Use Sensor Data option is selected, the Baro key will not be present in the edit mode and the Baro indication will not be shown in computed results.

**NOTE:** The capability of using Sensor Data is available in software versions 2.00, 4.10, and later.

Utilities – DALT / TAS / Winds FOR PLANNING Pressure ALT DALT, TAS, and 5000 FT ONLY Winds Statistics CAS Use Sensor Touch to Toggle Touch to Data 125 KT 9°c 01:12 Sensor Data Use Compute Data HDG Ground Speed TRK and View Compute 073° 073° 130 KT Data Statistics

Figure 14-37 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page Using Sensor Data and Pressure Altitude

Utilities - DALT / TAS / Winds 122.90 FOR PLANNING Indicated ALT BARO DALT, TAS, and 5250 FT 30.19 IN Winds Statistics Use Sensor CAS TAT Touch to Toggle Touch to Data 125 KT 9°c Sensor Data Use 01:11 Compute Data HDG Ground Speed and View Compute 073° 073° 130 KT Data Statistics

Figure 14-38 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page Using Sensor Data and Indicated Altitude

Touch to Select Touch to Select Touch to Select Indicated Altitude Baro Pressure Calibrated Air Speed Touch to Select V Utilities DALT/ Total Air Temp FOR PLANNING icated AL BARO Touch to Select PURPOSES 5250 FT 30.19 IN Track Value Touch to Select 122.90 TAT Use Sensor Ground Speed Data 125 KT 9°c 07:11 Touch to Compute Touch to Select Ground Spee Compute Data and View 073° 073° 130 KT Heading Value Data Statistics

Figure 14-39 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page Using Manually Entered Data

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Figure 14-40 Utility DALT/TAS/Winds Page (Computed Data)

Indicated ALT 8000 FT  Touch the **Indicated ALT** key and then the keypad to select the Indicated Altitude and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 14-41 Select Indicated Altitude Value

BARO 29.92 IN Touch the **BARO** key and then the keypad to select the Barometric Pressure and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 14-42 Select Barometric Pressure Value



Touch the CAS key and then the keypad to select the Calibrated Air Speed and then touch Enter.



Figure 14-43 Select Calculated Air Speed Value

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4. Touch the **TAT** key and then the keypad to select the Total Air Temperature and touch **Enter**.

Selected True Air Temperature Value Touch to Select TAT Touch to Clear Above or Below 018°c Values 0 Degrees 118.00 Touch to Select 2 3 5 4 XPDR1 ALT Total Air Temperature Touch to Cancel 8 0 Value Selection

Figure 14-44 Select Total Air Temperature Value

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TRK

122°

5. Touch the **TRK** key and then the keypad to select the Track Angle and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 14-45 Select Track Angle Value

ндG 122° 6. Touch the **HDG** key and then the keypad to select the Heading value and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 14-46 Select Heading Value

Ground Speed
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120 KT

Touch the **Ground Speed** key and then the keypad to select the average ground speed for the trip and then touch **Enter**.

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## 14.7 Clean Screen Mode

The Clean Screen mode makes the touchscreen inactive so the display can be manually cleaned. The front bezel, keypad, and display can be cleaned with a microfiber cloth or with a soft cotton cloth dampened with clean water. DO NOT use any chemical cleaning agents. Care should be taken to avoid scratching the surface of the display.



1. While viewing the Utilities page group, touch the **Clean Screen** key to start Screen Cleaning Mode.



Figure 14-47 Utilities Home Page



2. Touch the **HOME** key to exit Screen Cleaning Mode.

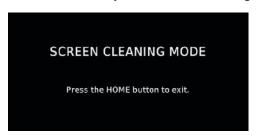


Figure 14-48 Screen Cleaning Mode

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# 14.8 Scheduled Messages

The Scheduled Messages utility displays reminder messages (such as "Change oil," "Switch fuel tanks," "Overhaul," etc.). One-time, periodic, and event-based messages are allowed. One-time messages appear once the timer expires and reappear each time the GTN-series unit is powered on, until the message is deleted. Periodic messages automatically reset to the original timer value, once the message is displayed. Event-based messages do not use a timer, but rather a specific date and time.



**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v5.00, and later.

Scheduled Messages While viewing the Utilities page group, touch the **Scheduled** Messages key to start the Scheduled Messages function.



Figure 14-49 Scheduled Messages Page

2. Touch the **Message** selection and enter the desired message to be displayed. Touch the **Type** selection to choose the message type. Touch the **Timer** selection to set the countdown time for the message to be displayed.



Figure 14-50 Create a Scheduled Message

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3. After completing the selections, touch the **Enter** key.



Figure 14-51 Sample Scheduled Message

## 14.9 Checklists

The Checklists function provides a built-in method of reviewing your aircraft checklist. Checklists are created using the Garmin Checklist Editor software (available online) and stored on the datacard as "chklist.ace." As each Checklist is completed, you can advance to the next one in order. In the Checklist Menu, you can access any Checklist, or group of Checklists, and clear the current or all Checklists.



**NOTE:** This feature is available in software v5.10, and later. In software v6.00 and later, the installer may configure the title of this feature to be Task Lists or Checklists.

## 14.9.1 Checklists Menu



1. While viewing the Utilities page group, touch the **Checklists** key to start the Checklists function.



2. Touch the **Menu** key to select an option from the Checklist Menu.

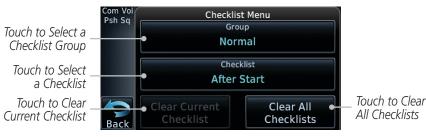


Figure 14-52 Utility Checklist Menu

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Figure 14-53 Select a Checklist from the Checklist Menu

# 14.9.2 Viewing Checklists



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 While viewing the Utilities function, touch the Checklist key. Use the existing Checklists in the order provided or touch the Menu key to select another checklist.



Touch to Advance to Next Checklist

Figure 14-54 Checklist Completion

2. After completing the Checklist, touch **Go to Next Checklist**, **Menu**, or **Back** to exit the Checklist function.



**NOTE**: All checklists are cleared after a power cycle.

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The System function allows you to change unit settings, customize operation to your preferences, and check on the operation of your unit. The System pages cover System Status, Database Info and transfer, GPS Status, External LRUs, Setup, Alerts, Units, Audio, Backlight control function, and Connext Setup.

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1. From the Home page, touch the **System** key.





Figure 15-1 System Home Page



2. Touch the **Up** and **Down** Arrow keys to view the features available in the System function.

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3. Touch the desired key to reach that function. To return to the System page, touch the **Back** key.

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Figure 15-2 System Function Summary

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# 15.1 System Status

The System Status page of the System function provides information about the GTN unit and the equipment attached to it. This information is useful if it is necessary to contact Customer Service. The System Status page shows the System ID and serial number for the GTN unit, hardware and software versions, as well as a list of the installed databases.

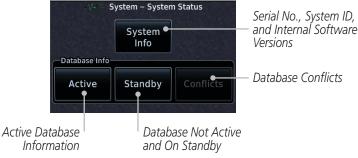


Figure 15-3 System Status Page Description

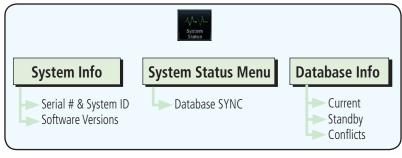


Figure 15-4 System Status Functional Diagram

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# 15.1.1 Serial Number and System ID

The System Info section shows the unit serial number and the system ID.

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2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

### 15.1.2 Version Information

The software versions of the GTN unit are displayed. This information is useful when contacting Customer Support.



 While viewing the System Status page, touch the System Info key to view more detailed information about the software versions inside the GTN unit.



Figure 15-5 System Status Version Information

2. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.



## 15.1.3 Database Information

The Database Information section lists the name of the database, its version, and expiration date for the currently used databases, and also contains the Database SYNC function. Standby databases are listed for databases not currently used, but available on the datacard. Database conflicts will be shown in the Conflicts section. For more information on GTN databases and how to update them refer to section 18.2.

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#### 15.2 GPS Status

## 15.2.1 GPS Status Page

The GPS Status page provides a visual reference of GPS receiver functions, including current satellite coverage, GPS receiver status, position accuracy, and displays your present position (in latitude and longitude) and altitude.

The Satellite Status page is helpful in troubleshooting weak (or missing) signal levels due to poor satellite coverage or installation problems. You may wish to refer to this page occasionally to monitor GPS receiver performance and establish a normal pattern for system operation. Should problems occur at a later date, you may find it helpful to have an established baseline from which to compare.

1. While viewing the System page, touch **GPS Status**. Lat/Lon **Fstimated Position** GPS Receiver Status **Position** Uncertainty Horizontal Dilution of Precision 👭 System – GPS Status Psh Sa Touch to Select GPS Solution EPU HDOP Vertical Figure 0.01 NM 1.2 SBAS Provider 3D DIFF NAV of Merit **HFOM VFOM** Position • 33 FT 20 FT Sky View of Horizontal Figure N 44°54.43' Phase of Flight Satellite of Merit **ENR** MSG **Positions** Phase of Flight Sianal Acquiring Satellite, Strength Bars Back Not Ready for Use Satellite Acquired Satellite Acquired, Tracked Satellite Numbers and Used for Used for Position Satellite, Position Fix Fix. has Differential Not Used Corrections

Figure 15-6 GPS Status Page



2. If desired, touch the **SBAS** key to select an SBAS provider. The SBAS list is based on the Aviation database. Refer to the *Satellite-Based Augmentation System* section later in this chapter for details.



3. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

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is shown in the following stages:		
<b>Graph Symbol</b>	Description	
No signal strength bars	The receiver is looking for the satellites indicated.	
Gray signal strength bars	The receiver has found the satellite(s) and is collecting data.	
Yellow signal strength bars	The receiver has collected the necessary data but the satellite is not being used in the position solution as it has been excluded.	
Cross-hatch cyan signal strength bars	The receiver has found the satellite(s) but it has been excluded by the FDE program as a faulty satellite.	
Solid cyan signal strength bars	The receiver has collected the necessary data, but is not using the satellite in the position solution.	
Solid green signal strength bars	The receiver has collected the necessary data and the satellite is being used in the position solution.	
D	The "D" character inside the bars indicates differential corrections (e.g., WAAS) are being used for that	

As the GPS receiver locks onto satellites, a signal strength bar appears for each satellite in view, with the appropriate satellite number (01-32, SBAS satellites will have higher numbers) underneath each bar. The progress of satellite acquisition

Table 15-1 Signal Strength Bar Graph Description

satellite.

The Time and other data may not be displayed until the unit has acquired enough satellites for a fix.

The sky view display at the left of the page shows the satellites currently in view as well as their respective positions. The outer circle of the sky view represents the horizon (with north at the top of the circle); the inner circle represents 45° above the horizon and the center point shows the position directly overhead.

Each satellite has a 30-second data transmission that must be collected (hollow signal strength bar) before the satellite may be used for navigation (solid signal strength bar). Once the GPS receiver has determined your position, the GTN unit indicates your position, altitude, track and ground speed. The GPS receiver status field also displays the following messages under the appropriate conditions:



<b>GPS Signal Message</b>	Description
Acquiring	The GPS receiver is acquiring satellites for navigation. In this mode, the receiver uses satellite orbital data (collected continuously from the satellites) and last known position to determine the satellites that should be in view.
3D Nav	The GPS receiver is in 3D navigation mode and computes altitude using satellite data.
3D Diff Nav	The GPS receiver is in 3D navigation mode and differential corrections are being used.
LOI	The "LOI" (Loss Of Integrity) annunciator (bottom left corner of the screen) indicates that satellite coverage is insufficient to pass built-in integrity monitoring tests.

Table 15-2 GPS Signal Messages

The GPS Status page also indicates the accuracy of the position fix, using Horizontal Figure of Merit (HFOM), Vertical Figure of Merit (VFOM), and Estimated Position Uncertainty (EPU). HFOM and VFOM represent the 95% confidence levels in horizontal and vertical accuracy. The lowest numbers are the best accuracy and the highest numbers are worse. EPU is the horizontal position error estimated by the Fault Detection and Exclusion (FDE) algorithm, in feet or meters.



**NOTE**: Operating outside of an SBAS service area with SBAS enabled may cause elevated EPU values to be displayed on the satellite status page. Regardless of the EPU value displayed, the LOI annunciation is the controlling indication for determining the integrity of the GPS navigation solution.



**NOTE**: The FDE Prediction program is used to predict FDE availability. This program must be used prior to all oceanic or remote area flights for all operators using the GTN as a primary means of navigation under FAR parts 91, 121, 125, and 135. The FDE program is part of the GTN trainer, available for download from the GTN product information page on Garmin's website, flyGarmin.com.

If the GTN has not been operated for a period of six months or more, acquiring satellite data to establish almanac and satellite orbit information can take 5 to 10 minutes.

The Time and other data may not be displayed until the unit has acquired

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enough satellites for a fix.

# 15.2.2 Satellite-Based Augmentation System (SBAS)

SBAS is a system that supports wide area, or regional, augmentation through the use of additional satellite broadcast messages. WAAS, EGNOS, MSAS, and GAGAN are known SBAS providers.

At the time of printing, SBAS providers support the following areas:

- WAAS provides SBAS service for Alaska, Canada, the 48 contiguous states, and most of Central America.
- EGNOS provides SBAS service for most of Europe and parts of North Africa.
- MSAS provides SBAS service for Japan only.
- GAGAN provides SBAS service for India. Available with GPS software v5.2 and later.
  - 1. While viewing the System page, touch **GPS Status**.
  - 2. If desired, touch the **SBAS** key to select an SBAS provider. The SBAS list is based on the Aviation database.
  - 3. Touch the key for the desired SBAS provider.



Figure 15-7 SBAS Selection Page

4. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System Status page.

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# 15.2.3 Circle of Uncertainty

The Circle of Uncertainty depicts an area where the ownship location is guaranteed to be when the aircraft location cannot be accurately determined. The area of the Circle of Uncertainty becomes larger as GPS horizontal accuracy degrades and smaller as it improves. The Circle of Uncertainty is shown only when the aircraft is on the ground. The Circle of Uncertainty area is transparent so that features within it may still be seen.

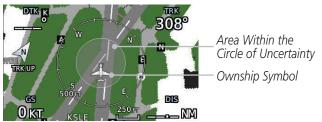


Figure 15-8 Circle of Uncertainty

#### 15.2.4 GPS Faults

The GTN communicates various fault conditions that can affect the accuracy of the GPS. These include loss of integrity, loss of navigation, and a loss of position.

# Loss of Integrity

A loss of integrity is when the integrity of the GPS position does not meet the requirements for the current phase of flight. This only occurs before the final approach fix (if an approach is active).

The GTN indicates a loss of integrity by displaying the amber "LOI" annunciation at the bottom of the screen.

## Loss of Navigation

A loss of navigation can be caused by any of the following conditions:

- Aircraft is after the final approach fix and GPS integrity does not meet the active approach requirements
- Insufficient number of satellites supporting aircraft position (i.e., more than 5 seconds pass without adequate satellites to compute a position)
- GPS sensor detects an excessive position error or failure that cannot be excluded within the time to alert
- On-board hardware failure

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The GTN indicates a loss of navigation by invalidating the active course guidance, and issuing a system message describing the cause.

## Loss of Position

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If the GTN cannot determine a GPS position solution, the ownship icon disappears and the amber "No GPS Position" annunciation appears across the map pages. For information about managing limited navigation features, refer to section 1.10.

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## 15.3 External LRUs

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The External LRU page displays the external equipment connected to the GTN and their connection status.

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1. While viewing the System page, touch the **External LRUs** key.





Figure 15-9 External LRU Page

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2. When more information is available about the listed units, touch the **More Info** key to view the information.

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## 15.3.1 GDL 69 (and GDL 69A) Status

The GDL 69 Status page displays the serial numbers for the Data Radio for the GDL 69/69A and the Audio Radio for the GDL 69A. Subscription status displays the level of service available for your particular subscription. The Weather Products section lists the products available for your particular subscription.

More Info

 While viewing the External LRUs page, touch More Info for the GDL LRU.



Figure 15-10 GDL 69 Status Page



2. Touch the **Menu** key to display the GDL 69 Status Menu.



Figure 15-11 GDL Status Menu



3. Touch the **Lock Activation** key if this is for the initial subscription or a change in the subscription. Touch the **OK** key to continue the operation.



Figure 15-12 Lock Activation



4. Touch the **Back** key to return to the GDL Status page.

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weather preword Products 5. Touch the **Weather Products** key to display the weather products subscription status.



Figure 15-13 GDL 69/69A Status

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6. Touch the **Back** key to return to the System page.

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#### 15.3.2 GDL 88 or GTX 345 Status

The GDL 88 or GTX 345 Status pages display information about the status of the GDL 88 or GTX 345.

Status	Description
On	Application is on/running. Required ownship input data is available and meets the performance criteria.
Available to Run	Application is configured. Required input data is available and meets the performance criteria. This state represents that the ASA Application is manually or automatically selected off.
Unavailable – Fault	Required Input data is not available due to a failure or the ASA Application process is failed.
Unavailable to Run	Required Input data is available but does not meet the performance criteria or is not available due to Non-Computed Data (NCD) conditions.

**Table 15-3 Traffic Application Status** 

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While viewing the External LRUs page, touch More Info for the GDL 88 or GTX 345 LRU.



Figure 15-14 GDL 88 Status



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Touch the FIS-B Weather key to view the FIS-B Weather information.



Figure 15-15 GDL 88 FIS-B Weather Information



Touch the **Enabled** key to toggle whether FIS-B Weather is enabled/disabled for use. Touch the **Back** key to return to the Status page.



Touch the Traffic App Status key to view the Traffic Application information.



Figure 15-16 GDL 88 Traffic Information

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#### 15.3.3 GSR 56 Status

The GSR 56 Status page displays information about the status of the GSR 56.

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Figure 15-17 GSR 56 Status

Connext Registration Touch the **Connext Registration** key to display the Connext Registration display.



Figure 15-18 Connext Registration Page

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### **15.4 Setup**

The System Setup page allows you to:

- Select CDI scale and ILS CDI capture type
- Specify time format and local offset
- Access nearest airport search filtering options
- Access COM/NAV radio settings
- · Select keyboard format
- Enable crossfilling to a second GTN or GNS unit

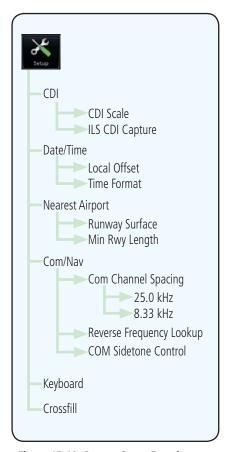


Figure 15-19 System Setup Functions

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While viewing the System page, touch the **Setup** key.

Touch to Set Time

Format And Offset X System - Setup Touch to Select Touch to Select CDI and ILS CDI Nearest Airport Nearest Capture Criteria CDI Date / Time Airport Keyboard Touch to Select Touch to Set Up Crossfill Com and Nav **QWERTY** Keyboard COM / NAV Format Radios Touch to Enable Crossfill with Dual GTN Units

Figure 15-20 System Setup Page

After making the desired selections, touch the **Back** key to return to the Setup page.

#### **CDI Scale Selection** 15.4.1

The CDI source and ILS CDI Capture type may be selected manually or automatically. The selected CDI Scale will be reflected in the annunciation bar at the bottom of the display.

CDI Scale Selection allows you to define the scale for the course deviation indicator (both on the GTN unit's on-screen CDI and the external CDI). The scale values represent full scale deflection for the CDI to either side. The default setting is "Auto." At this setting, the CDI scale is set to 2.0 NM during the "en route" phase of flight. Within 31 NM (terminal area) of your destination airport, the CDI scale linearly ramps down to 1.0 NM over a distance of 1 NM. Likewise, when leaving your departure airport the CDI scale is set to 1.0 NM and gradually ramps up to 2 NM beyond 30 NM (from the departure airport). During GPS approach operations the CDI scale gradually transitions down to an angular CDI scale. At 2.0 NM before the final approach fix (FAF), CDI scaling is tightened from 1.0 NM to the angular full scale deflection (typically the angular full-scale deflection is 2.0°, but will be as defined for the approach).

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If a lower CDI scale setting is selected (i.e., 1.0 or 0.3 NM), the higher scale settings are not selected during ANY phase of flight. For example, if 1.0 NM is selected, the GTN unit uses this for en route and terminal phases and ramps down further during an approach. Note that the Horizontal Alarm (HAL) protection limits listed below follow the selected CDI scale, unless corresponding flight phases call for lower HAL. For example, if the 1.0 NM CDI setting is selected, fullscale deflection during approach will still follow the approach CDI scale settings.

CDI Scale	Horizontal Alarm Limit
Auto (oceanic)	2.0 NM
±2.0 NM or Auto (en route)	2.0 NM
±1.0 NM or Auto (terminal)	1.0 NM
±0.3 NM or Auto (approach)	0.3 NM

Table 15-4 CDI Scale and Horizontal Alarm Limits

An "auto" ILS CDI selection allows the GTN unit to automatically switch the external CDI from the GPS receiver to the VLOC receiver, when intercepting the final approach course. Or, select "manual" to manually switch the external CDI connection, as needed (using the CDI key). If the unit is installed with a KAP140/KFC225 autopilot, automatic switching will not take place.



While viewing the System Setup page, touch the CDI key.

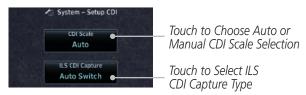


Figure 15-21 CDI Selection



Touch the **CDI Scale** key to toggle between automatic selection or to choose the CDI scale manually.



Figure 15-22 CDI Scale Selection

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Touch the **ILS CDI Capture** key to select Auto Switch or Manual 3. Selection. This feature enables the unit to automatically switch from GPS to VLOC on an ILS approach. Refer to *Procedures-ILS* Approaches for more detail on ILS approaches.

**NOTE:** The ILS CDI Capture key may be disabled in certain GTN installations.

#### 15.4.2 Date/Time

The Date/Time setting provides selection of time format (local or UTC; 12- or 24-hour). UTC (also called "GMT" or "Zulu") date and time are calculated directly from the GPS satellites' signals and cannot be changed.

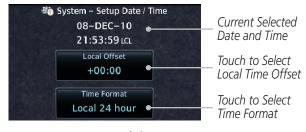


Figure 15-23 System Date and Time Setup

While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Date/Time** key.



While viewing the System Setup page, touch **Local Offset** to set the time offset for local time.



Use the keypad to select the desired local offset and then 3. touch **Enter**.



While viewing the System Setup page, touch the **Time Format** key to select local 12 hour, local 24 hour, or UTC time.



Figure 15-24 Select System Time Format

Touch the key for the desired time format. 5.

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### 15.4.3 Nearest Airport Criteria

Nearest Airport Criteria defines the surface type and minimum runway length used when determining the 25 nearest airports to display on the Nearest Airport page. A minimum runway length and/or surface type may be entered to prevent the display of airports with small runways, or runways that do not have an appropriate surface. Deselecting **Include User Airports** excludes user-defined airports from the nearest airport search.

Default settings are "0 feet (or meters)" for runway length and "any" for runway surface type.



 While viewing the System Setup page, touch the Nearest Airport key.



Figure 15-25 Select Nearest Airport Criteria



Touch the **Runway Surface** key to display the options. Select the desired surface type.



Figure 15-26 Nearest Airport Runway Surface Type



3. Touch **Minimum Runway Length** to display the keypad for selecting the minimum runway length. Select the desired minimum runway length with the numeric keypad. A selection of "0" will allow any length.

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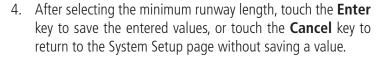
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#### Figure 15-27 Nearest Airport Minimum Runway Length



Touch Include User Airports to include or exclude user created airports

## 15.4.4 Com/Nav Setup

### 15.4.4.1 Com Channel Spacing

Com transceiver channel spacing may be selected between 8.33 kHz and 25.0 kHz.

 While viewing the System Setup page, touch the Com/Nav key.

2. Touch **COM Channel Spacing** to toggle between 8.33 kHz and 25.0 kHz channel spacing.



25.0 kHz

8.33 kHz

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### 15.4.4.2 Reverse Frequency Lookup

The identifier and frequency type will be shown for the selected Com and Nav frequencies for the nearest stations that are in the database when the unit is receiving a valid position input. Station Identifiers with a "+" sign will have more stations associated with this frequency than just the type displayed.



 While viewing the System Setup page, touch the Com/Nav key.



Touch the Reverse Frequency Lookup key to toggle the function.



Figure 15-28 Reverse Frequency Lookup Selected

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#### 15.4.4.3 COM Sidetone Control



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.50 and later. It requires enablement by the installer.

Xpdr Ctrl Com/Nav COM sidetone is audio spoken into the COM microphone that is played back in real-time over the headset. An offset setting determines sidetone volume for the COM during radio transmission. Controls allow adjustment of the amount that the COM sidetone volume level is offset from the COM receiver volume or the configured sidetone volume.

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Figure 15-29 COM Sidetone Controls

### To adjust the offset from the COM receiver volume:

AV

 While viewing the System Setup page, touch the Com/Nav key.

Link to COM VOL

- 2. Select Link to COM VOL.
- 3. Adjust offset as necessary.

To adjust the offset from the configured sidetone volume, deselect **Link to COM VOL** and then adjust the offset as necessary.

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#### **Keyboard Format** 15.4.5



QWERTY and ABC keyboard formats are available in software v6.50 NOTE: and later.

The GTN 6XX employs three keypad types to serve specific settings and functions.

Xpdr Ctrl



Tapping **Keyboard** changes the format between ABC and OWERTY.

Displays Letters A Through M

Swiping Right or Left Switches Between the Available Keysets (A-M, N-Z, 123)



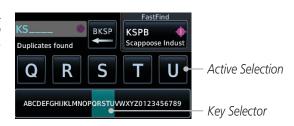
ABC

Displays Alphabetical Keys



**OWERTY** 

Swiping Right to Left Scrolls Through All Available Kevs



Slider

Figure 15-30 Keyboard Formats

Keyboard	Description	
ABC	Alphabetical layout	
QWERTY	U.S. standard keyboard layout	
Slider	Key selector on bottom bar displays five keys at any given time	

Table 15-5 Keyboard Formats

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#### 15.4.6 Crossfill

Dual units may be interfaced to crossfill information between the two units. This option will not be available unless dual units are configured.

When Crossfill is turned on with one GTN, it is automatically turned on in the other GTN. Some items are always crossfilled regardless of the crossfill setting; others are dependent on the crossfill setting.

The GTN can be can also be interfaced with the GNS 400W/500W units. The GTN can automatically send the Active Flight Plan and active Direct-To course to the GNS unit. The GTN User Waypoints can be manually sent to the GNS unit. The GNS unit can manually send its User Waypoints to the GTN unit. Waypoint names longer than six characters, or duplicates, sent from the GTN unit to the GNS unit will replace some characters with a "+" sign, while leaving significant characters to aid in identification (such as, USR003 becomes US+003).

**NOTE**: Upon crossfill being activated, the GTNs may take up to 10 seconds to crossfill the flight plans. The pilot must verify the flight plan in each unit prior to use. The GTN and GNS units must have databases with the same cycle.

**NOTE**: When GPS navigation is lost in either unit, crossfilling may not be available until GPS is restored in both units. Crossfilling will resume once the flightplan is changed on one of the units or crossfill is re-enabled.

### 15.4.6.1 GTN-to-GTN Crossfilling

This data is always crossfilled:

- User waypoints
- Flight plan catalog
- Alerts (traffic pop-up acknowledgement, missed approach waypoint pop-up acknowledgement, altitude leg pop-up acknowledgement)
- External sensors (transponder status and commands, synchro heading)
- System setup:
  - User-defined NAV frequencies to store favorites
  - Date/Time convention
  - Nearest airport criteria
  - Units (Nav angle, Fuel, and Temperature)
  - User-defined COM frequencies to store favorites
  - CDI Scale setting
  - ILS CDI Capture setting

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This data is crossfilled only if crossfill is turned on by the pilot:

• Active navigation (flight plan)



**NOTE:** There is an installer option to turn on a system message that will be provided anytime crossfill is turned off to alert the pilot that flight plans are not being crossfilled.



 While viewing the System Setup page, touch the Crossfill key to toggle between Enabled and Disabled Crossfill.



Touch Key to Enable Crossfill With Dual GTN Units

Touch OK to Fnable

Crossfill With Dual

Units

Figure 15-31 Selecting Crossfill



 When Crossfill is about to be enabled, you will be prompted to note that data will be overwritten in the other unit. Touch OK to enable Crossfill or touch Cancel to return to the System Setup page without enabling Crossfill.



Figure 15-32 Confirming Crossfill Selection

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### 15.4.6.2 GTN-GNS Crossfilling



**NOTE:** When the active flight plan on the GTN contains legs or features that are not supported by the GNS, those legs will not be crossfilled and will not be present in the active flight plan on the GNS.

- GTN to GNS Active flight plans, active direct-to, User waypoints
- GNS to GTN User waypoints



 While viewing the System Setup page, touch the GNS Crossfill Settings key to reach the GNS Crossfill settings.

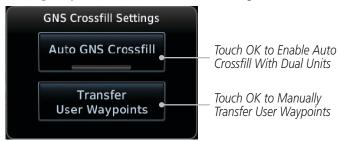


Figure 15-33 GTN-GNS Crossfill Selection



2. Touch **Auto GNS Crossfill** to enable Crossfill and send the Active Flight Plans and the active Direct-To course to the GNS unit



Touch the **Transfer User Waypoints** key to transfer the User Waypoints from the GTN unit to the connected GNS unit.

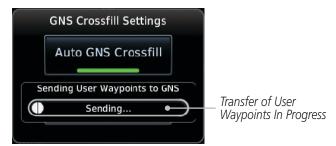


Figure 15-34 GTN-GNS Crossfill

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### 15.4.6.3 GTN-G3X Touch Crossfilling



**NOTE**: Requires pilot activation on both the GTN and the G3X Touch. This feature is available in software v6.60 and later.

Getting

When this function is enabled by the pilot, active flight plan navigation is crossfilled with the G3X Touch. It is recommended that all flight plan edits be made using the G3X Touch when this function is active.



- While viewing the System Setup page, touch External FPL XFILL to toggle between Enabled and Disabled Crossfill with the G3X Touch.
- 2. Ensure that the crossfilling function on G3X Touch is active.

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Touch to Select

## 15.5 Alerts Settings

The Alerts Setup page controls two functions: Arrival Alerts and Airspace Alerts. Arrival Alerts, when active, will generate a message when the aircraft is within the selected proximity of the destination. Airspace Alerts generate a message and filtering of the Nearest Airspace list. The altitude component of Airspace Alerts are dependent on both aircraft and airspace altitude and the values set for the Altitude Buffer

### 15.5.1 **Arrival**

1. While viewing the Setup page under the Systems heading, touch the **Alerts** key.



Figure 15-35 Alerts Setup Page

2. Touch the **Arrival** key to toggle activation. A green bar will appear when it is active.

## 15.5.2 Proximity

Touch the **Proximity** key to set the Destination Proximity distance values. A numeric keypad will appear. Select the desired values and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 15-36 Arrival Alert Proximity Selection

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#### 15.5.3 **Airspace Alert Options**



While viewing the Setup Alerts page, touch Airspace Alert Options.





Figure 15-37 Airspace Alert Selections

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Touch the **Airspace Altitude Buffer** key to set the buffer altitude value. A numeric keypad will appear. Select the desired value and then touch **Enter**.

Selected Altitude

Traffic

Buffer Value Com Vo Psh Sq Altitude Buffer 0200 118.00 1 2 3 5 M MSG 200 6 8 9 0

will appear when it is active.

Touch Enter or Press Small Knob to Save Values

Figure 15-38 Altitude Buffer Selection

Touch Key to Delete Válues

Use the Numeric Keypad to Select Altitude Buffer Value

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**NOTE**: The Airspace Alert setting does not alter the depiction of airspace, or change the Smart Airspace setting for the main map page.

Touch the Airspace type keys to toggle activation. A green bar

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**NOTE:** Airspace alerts for Prohibited airspace cannot be disabled.



### 15.6 User Fields

The User Fields selection allows you to configure the data field type shown at the right of the display when it is not occupied by the control for a transponder. The data shown in the field may be selected from a list after touching the desired field.

**NOTE**: Data Field Types that use the term "Destination" refer to the final destination in the flight plan.

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**NOTE**: ETE to Destination is not available when a procedure is loaded and there are waypoints in the Enroute section of the flight plan.

Proc User Fields

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **User Fields** key, then touch an available field on the side of the display.



Figure 15-39 User Fields Selection

Touch the **Data**, **Function**, or **Page** tab to display a list of available selections. A list of information types will be displayed.



Figure 15-40 Map Data Field Type Selections

3. Touch the **Up** or **Down** keys or touch the display and drag your finger to scroll through the list. Touch the desired item to select it or touch the **Back** key to cancel selection.

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Data Field Type		
ACTV WPT - Active Waypoint	MSA - Minimum Safe Altitude	
B/D APT - BRG/DIS from Dest APT <sup>1</sup>	NAV/COM - Active NAV/COM FREQ	
BRG - Bearing to Current Waypoint	OAT (static) - Static Air Temperature	
DIS - Distance to Current Waypoint	OAT (total) - Total Air Temperature	
DIS to Dest - Distance to Destination <sup>2</sup>	RAD ALT - Radar Altimeter	
DTK - Desired Track	Time - Current Time	
ESA - Enroute Safe Altitude	Time to TOD - Time to Top of Descent	
ETA - Estimated Time of Arrival	TKE - Track Angle Error	
ETA at Dest - ETA at Destination	TRK - Track	
ETE - Estimated Time Enroute	Trip Timer - Timer Display	
ETE to Dest - ETE to Destination	VOR/LOC - Tuned VOR/LOC Info	
Fuel Flow - Total Fuel Flow	VSR - Vertical Speed Required	
GS - GPS Ground Speed	Wind - Wind Speed and Direction	
GSL - GPS Altitude	XTK - Cross Track Error	
Generic Timer - Timer Display	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field	

#### Table 15-6 Data Field Types of Information

Note 1: B/D APT is the straight line distance.

Note 2: Dist to DEST is the distance along the flight plan.

Function Field Type		
CDI - Course Deviation Indicator	OBS/Suspend/Unsuspend Button	
Flap Override - Flap Override 1	On Scene - "On Scene" Mode Toggle	
GPWS Inhibit - GPWS Inhibit <sup>1</sup>	TAWS Inhibit - TAWS Inhibit	
G/S Inhibit - G/S Inhibit <sup>1</sup>	Gen Timer - Generic Timer Control	
HTAWS RP Mode - HTAWS RP Mode <sup>2</sup>	OFF - Do Not Display Data Field	

### Table 15-7 Function Field Types of Information

Note 1: With TAWS-A enabled Note 2: With HTAWS enabled Forewor

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Page Field Type		
Blackout Mode	Utilities - Utilities Page	
DFLT NAV - Default Navigation	Checklist - Checklist Page	
Flight Plan - Flight Plan Page	Fuel PLAN - Fuel Planning Page	
Map - Map Page	SCHED MSG - Scheduled Messages	
Nearest - Nearest Page	Trip PLAN - Trip Planning Page	
NEAR APT - Nearest Airport Page	VCALC - VCALC Page	
PROC - Procedures Page	User FREQ - User Frequencies	
Approach - Approach Page	WPT INFO - Waypoint Information	
Arrival - Arrival Page	Weather - Weather Page	
Departure - Departure Page	CNXT WX - Connext WX Page	
Backlight - Backlight Page	FIS-B WX - FIS-B Weather Page	
Services - Services Page	Stormscope - Stormscope Page	
Traffic - Traffic Page	SiriusXM WX - Sirius XM WX Page	
Terrain - Terrain Page	OFF - Do Not Display Page Field	

Table 15-8 Page Field Types of Information

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## 15.7 Units Settings

The Units Setup page allows you to select the conventions for the various units that are displayed.

Units Type	Units Values
Altitude/Vertical Speed	Feet(FT/FPM), Meters (M/MPS)
Distance/Speed	Nautical Miles (NM/KT), Kilometers (KM/KPH), Statue Miles (SM/MPH)
Fuel <sup>1</sup>	Gallons (GAL), Imperial Gallons (IG), Kilograms (KG), Liters (LT), or Pounds (LB)
Nav Angle <sup>1</sup>	Magnetic (°), True (°T), User (°u)
Magnetic Variation	Enter numeric value, E or W
Position Format	LAT/LON DD.D°, LAT/LON DD° MM.M', LAT/TON DD° MM'SS", MGRS, UTM, Swiss Grid, Irish Grid, British National Grid
Pressure	Inches of Mercury (IN), Hectopascals (HPA), Millibars (MB)
Temperature <sup>1</sup>	Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit (°F)

Table 15-9 System Units Setup

Note 1: Only these unit types will be crossfilled in dual GTN installations.

### 15.7.1 Setup Units

Use these settings to set the units for values displayed in the unit operation.



1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Units** key.



Figure 15-41 System Units Page

2. Touch the key for the desired units. A window with a list of unit values will appear. Touch the desired value on the list.

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Figure 15-42 System Units Selection Windows



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Services/ Music 3. After making the desired selections, touch the **Back** key to return to the Setup page.

### 15.7.2 Setting a User-Configured (Manual) Nav Angle

There are three variation (heading) options: Magnetic, True, and User. If "Magnetic" is selected, all track, course and heading information is corrected to the magnetic variation computed by the GPS receiver. The "True" setting references all information to true north. The "User" selection allows the pilot to enter values between 0° and 179° E or W. When configured by the installer, there may also be a fourth option: External. If "External" is selected, the GTN Nav Angle will be synchronized with the on-side MFD.



**NOTE**: When changing the Nav angle, the DTK on the Flight Plan page for an approach does not change until that approach is reloaded.

1

1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Units** key.



2. Touch the **Nav Angle** key and then the **User** key.

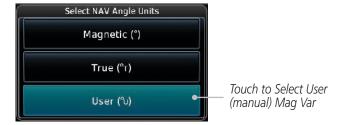


Figure 15-43 Nav Angle Selections



3. After User is selected, touch the **Magnetic Variation** key to set the value.

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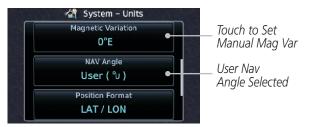


Figure 15-44 Magnetic Variation is Available for Editing

Enter

4. Touch the keys on the numeric keypad to set the Magnetic Variation and then touch **Enter**.



Figure 15-45 Numeric Keypad for Setting Manual Magnetic Variation

5. The User Nav Angle value will be used for all angular values. Remember to change the value when traveling to an area requiring another value.

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### 15.7.3 Position Format Selection

There are multiple position formats available.

LAT/LON DD.D° \*\* British National Grid \*\* MGRS \*

LAT/LON DD°MM.M' Irish National Grid \*\* UTM \*

LAT/LON DD°MM'SS" \*\* Swiss National Grid \*\*

\* Software v4.10 and later.

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\*\* Software v6.50 and later.

The selected format is used in all locations where position information is available.

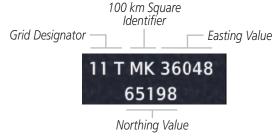


Figure 15-46 MGRS Position Format Detail

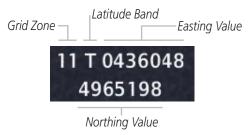


Figure 15-47 UTM Position Format Detail

In the case of regional position formats (e.g., Swiss National Grid), the GTN defaults to displaying LAT/LON for any positions outside of the grid region.



Figure 15-48 British National Grid Position Format Detail



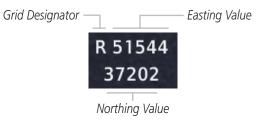


Figure 15-49 Irish National Grid Position Format Detail



Figure 15-50 Swiss National Grid Position Format Detail



- 1. While viewing the System page, touch **Units** key.
- 2. Touch the **Position Format** key.

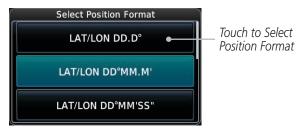


Figure 15-51 Position Format Selection

3. Touch the desired Position format.

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#### Audio **15.8**

The Audio Settings allows the adjustment of the volume the click sound when controls are touched.



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1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Audio** key.



Figure 15-52 Audio Setup Selection



Touch the Arrow keys to adjust the Key Click Volume.



Touch the **Male** or **Female** key to select the audio voice type.



When HTAWS is installed, a Voice Callouts option may be available. Touch the Voice Callouts key to select the Max Voice Callout value.



VCOs are available down to 100 feet above terrain when HTAWS is NOTE: installed and use GSL above terrain to generate callouts (no radar altimeter required). If a radar altimeter is interfaced to the GTN, alerts are available down to 50 feet and the height above terrain from the radar altimeter is used to generate the callouts.

Touch the **MAX Voice Callout** key to select the value.

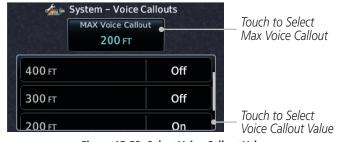


Figure 15-53 Select Voice Callout Value

Touch **Back** when complete.



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## 15.9 Backlight Settings

The backlighting of the display and bezel keys can be adjusted automatically or manually. The default setting (automatic backlighting adjustment) uses photocell technology to automatically adjust for ambient lighting conditions. Photocell calibration curves are pre-configured to optimize display appearance through a broad range of cockpit lighting conditions. A manual offset creates a deviation form the normal curve. Manual adjustments may be made from +100% to -10%. The negative adjustment is limited to prevent the backlight from being accidently decreasing the backlight to the point where the display of information could not be seen.

The backlight offset function is not available when a dimmer input is active. The GTN is capable of accepting lighting inputs from the built-in photocell, aircraft dimmer bus, or both. If the lighting is not satisfactory, contact the installer to adjust the curves.

Manual backlighting adjustment can be accomplished using the existing instrument panel dimmer bus or the following procedures.



1. While viewing the System page, touch the **Backlight** key.



Figure 15-54 Backlight Level Setting



2. Touch the **Manual Offset Arrow** keys to set the Manual Offset level.



3. After making the desired selections, touch the **Back** key to return to the Setup page.

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#### **15.10** Connext Setup - GSR 56

This page provides information about the GSR 56 and the Connext Registration page. Refer to section 15.3.3 for more details.

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While viewing the System page, touch **Connext Setup** to access the GSR 56 LRU Status page.



Touch **Connext Registration** to set up the Connext account. Follow the information provided in section 15.3.3.

#### 15.11 Connext Setup - Flight Stream 210 and 510



**NOTE**: Refer to the Flight Stream product page on the Garmin website for portable device compatibility.

The GTN interfaces with the Flight Stream 210 Bluetooth transceiver and Flight Stream 510 wireless datacard. Using a Flight Stream and the GTN, flight plans are sent and received over Bluetooth. In addition, GPS position is provided from the GTN and attitude is forwarded from a connected GDU. The GTN can also configure the Flight Stream's Bluetooth.

The Flight Stream 510 also includes a Wi-Fi transceiver for updating databases. For more information on updating databases with Flight Stream 510, refer to section 18.2. The GTN can configure the Flight Stream 510's Wi-Fi. When setting up Wi-Fi, use a password contains letters in mixed case and numbers.

> While viewing the System page, touch **Connext Setup** and then the Flight Stream 210 or Flight Stream 510 key.



Touch to Configure Flight Stream Features

System

(Flight Stream 510 Only)

Figure 15-55 Connext Setup for Flight Stream 510



NOTE: Turning Flight Plan imports off will remove the ability of the GTN to receive flight plans from the Flight Stream. This could be used if there are repeated erroneous attempts by a portable device application to send flight plans to the GTN.

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Touch the **Bluetooth Setup** key to manage the Bluetooth connection.



Figure 15-56 Bluetooth Setup for Flight Stream

3. Touch the **Wi-Fi Setup** key to manage the Wi-Fi connection.



Figure 15-57 Flight Stream 510 - Wi-Fi Setup

4. Touch the **Features** key to manage Flight Stream Features.



Figure 15-58 Flight Stream 510 - Features Setup

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### **15.11.1 Operation**

Data output from the GTN and Flight Stream occurs automatically and requires no pilot action (such as, flight plan, GPS position, and attitude). Additionally, ADS-B traffic and weather can be output from the Flight Stream when connected to a GDL 88 or GTX 345 and XM WX and SiriusXM satellite radio information can output when connected a GDL 69. From the Connext Setup page, the pilot can enable/disable flight plan importing, change the Flight Stream Bluetooth name, and manage paired devices. The Flight Stream 210 and 510 also support sending and receiving GSR 56 SMS messages and controlling the GSR 56 Iridium phone when used with a compatible portable application.

From the Connext Setup page, the pilot can enable/disable Flight Stream features (flight plan importing, phone/SMS, and database transfers), setup Flight Stream Bluetooth and Wi-Fi, and manage paired Bluetooth devices.

On the GTN's Paired Devices page, the device status indicates if the portable device is connected and communicating with the Flight Stream. The "Auto-Reconnect" setting determines if the Flight Stream will automatically connect to up to four devices when in range. When this setting is disabled, the pilot must initiate the connection from the device. For devices that always reconnect automatically, this setting will not be shown. Removing a device from this page by pressing "Remove" will require the device to be paired again before transferring data.



**NOTE**: If the pairing is removed from either device (portable device or GTN) it must be removed on the other device before a new pairing to that same device is established again. Essentially, pairing must be removed on both devices before repairing.



Figure 15-59 Managing Paired Devices

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### 15.11.2 Pairing a Device

New devices can only be paired with the Flight Stream when it is in "Pairing Mode." The Flight Stream will be in pairing mode when the GTN is navigated to the Connext Setup page and/or the Manage Paired Devices page. The pairing must be initiated by the portable device. Pop-ups display on both the portable device and GTN to confirm the pairing. Verify the passkey displayed on the GTN matches that on the portable device.



Figure 15-60 Confirm Pairing With A New Device

Selecting "Manage Paired Devices" opens a page that lists all of devices paired to the Flight Stream.

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# 15.12 Connext Setup - Other Bluetooth Devices

The GTN can also configure the Bluetooth transceiver in other units, such as the GTX 345.



Figure 15-61 Connext Setup for GTX 345

From the Connext Setup page, the pilot can enable/disable Bluetooth, change the Bluetooth name, and manage paired devices. On the Paired Devices page, the device status indicates if the portable device is paired and connected. To connect a different device when the maximum number are already connected, the existing connection must be ended by removing the portable device pairing or by disconnecting or disabling Bluetooth on the portable device. Removing a device from this page by pressing "Remove" will require the device to be paired again before reconnecting.



**NOTE**: If the pairing is removed from either device (portable device or installed avionics) it must be removed on the other device before a new pairing to that same device is established again. Essentially, the pairing must be removed on both devices before re-pairing.

New devices can only be paired while the unit is in "Pairing Mode." Pairing mode is active while on the Connext Setup page or the Manage Paired Devices page. The pairing must be initiated by the portable device. A pop-up will be displayed on the portable device to confirm the pairing.

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### 15.13 Voice Command



**NOTE**: This feature is available in software v6.20 and later.

The Voice Command page allows controlling the voice command function and viewing the voice command status and recent commands. Voice Commands are only available when connected to a compatible Garmin audio panel and when enabled by the installer.



Figure 15-62 Voice Command Setup



 While viewing the System page, touch the Voice Commands key.



Touch the Voice Command key to toggle activation. A green bar will appear when voice commands are active.



Touch the **Command History** key to open a list of recently spoken commands.



Figure 15-63 Voice Command History

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When an Message has been issued by the unit, the **MSG** (Message) key/annunciator on the left side of the display will blink. Touch the **MSG** key to view the messages. After viewing the messages, touch the **Back** key to return to the previously viewed page.

Audio & Xpdr Ctrl

System messages are not crossfilled between GTN units. Each GTN will display messages based on data received by that unit. This may result in duplication of messages between units, however the pilot should view messages on both GTN units when more than one is installed to ensure all messages are received.

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Figure 16-1 Message Display

Message	Description	Action
ABORT APPROACH - GPS approach no longer available.	This message is triggered outside the MAP if the GTN system can no longer provide approach level of service. Vertical guidance will be removed from the external CDI/HSI display.	Initiate a climb to the MSA or other published safe altitude, abort the approach, and execute a non-GPS based approach.
AIRSPACE ALERT - Airspace entry in less than 10 minutes.	The aircraft is predicted to enter an airspace type, within 10 minutes, for which alerts are configured.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.



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**APR GUIDANCE** AVAII ARI F -Press "Enable APR Output" before selecting APR on autopilot.

**Description** The aircraft is within 2 nm and predicted to enter an airspace type, within 10 minutes.

for which alerts are

No action is necessary; message is informational only.

Action

configured. The aircraft inside an airspace type for which alerts are configured.

No action is necessary; message is informational only.

**AIRSPACE ALERT -**Within 2 nm of

The aircraft is within 2nm of an airspace type for which alerts are configured.

No action is necessary; message is informational only.

## **APPROACH DOWNGRADE -**

Approach downgraded. Use I NAV minima

Message

AIRSPACE ALERT -

AIRSPACE ALERT -

Inside airspace.

Airspace within

2 nm and entry

in less than 10

minutes

airspace.

Approach has been downgraded from LPV or LNAV/VNAV. to an LNAV approach. Vertical guidance

will be removed from the external CDI/HSI

display.

TERM).

Continue to fly the approach using published LNAV minimums.

# APPROACH NOT **ACTIVE -**

Do not continue GPS approach.

GPS approach could not transition to active (e.g., the GTN is on an approach and did not have the required HPL/VPL to get into at

least LNAV, so is still in

Abort the approach, and execute a non-GPS based approach.

The GTN is configured for KAP140/KFC225 autopilot, and approach quidance is now available.

Press the "Enable APR Output" key on the GTN, this will cause the autopilot to go into ROL mode. Engage the autopilot into approach mode. Refer to section 6.15 for additional information



Message	Description	Action
CDI/HSI FLAG - Main lateral/ vertical flag on CDI/HSI is inoperative.	The Main Lateral Superflag or Main Vertical Superflag output has been turned off due to an over- current condition.	Verify course guidance is valid and correct by crosschecking with the GTN on-screen CDI and other navigational equipment. Contact dealer for service.
CDI SOURCE - Select appropriate CDI source for approach.	Aircraft is on a GPS approach but CDI is set to VLOC, or aircraft is on VLOC approach and CDI is set to GPS and aircraft is less than 2 nm from the FAF.	Select the appropriate CDI source for approach.
COM RADIO - Com locked to 121.5 MHz. Hold remote com transfer key to exit.	Com radio is locked to 121.5 MHz.	The external com remote transfer (COM RMT XFR) switch has been held and the com radio is tuned to 121.5. To exit this mode, hold the com remote transfer (COM RMT XFR) switch for two seconds.
COM RADIO - Com overtemp or undervoltage. Reducing transmitter power.	Com radio is in overtemp or undervoltage mode and transmitting power has been reduced to prevent damage to the com radio. Radio range will be reduced.	Decrease length of com transmissions, decrease cabin temperature and increase cabin airflow (especially near the GTN). Check aircraft voltage and reduce electrical load as necessary. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
COM RADIO - Com radio may be inoperative.	The com radio is not communicating properly with the system.	Press and hold the volume knob or the external com remote transfer (COM RMT XFR) switch, if installed – this will force the com radio to 121.5 MHz. Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
COM RADIO - Com radio needs service.	The com radio is reporting that it needs service. The com radio may continue to function.	Cycle the power to the COM radio. Contact dealer for service.
- Terrain/TAWS configuration is invalid. GTN needs service.	TAWS is inoperative due to a configuration problem with the GTN. This message will be accompanied by a TER FAIL annunciation.	Contact dealer for service.
CONFIGURATION MODULE - GTN configuration module needs service.	The GTN cannot communicate with its configuration module. The GTN may still have a valid configuration.	Contact dealer for service.
<b>COOLING -</b> GTN overtemp. Reducing backlight brightness.	Backlight brightness has been reduced due to high display temperatures. The backlight level will remain high enough to be visible in daylight conditions.	Decrease cabin temperature and increase cabin airflow (especially near the GTN). Contact dealer for service if message persists.
COOLING FAN - The cooling fan has failed.	The GTN cooling fan is powered, but it is not turning at the desired RPM.	Decrease cabin temperature and increase cabin airflow (especially near the GTN) to prevent damage to the unit. Contact dealer for service.
CROSSFILL ERROR - Crossfill is inoperative. See CRG for crossfilled items.	Crossfill is not working due to loss of communication with other GTN or due to one GTN needing service.	Refer to section 15.4.6 for a list of crossfilled items that will no longer be crossfilled. Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
CROSSFILL ERROR - GTN Navigation DB mismatch. See CRG for crossfilled items.	The navigation databases do not match between GTNs resulting in a loss of communication between two units.	Check the specified database version of both GTNs and ensure it is up-to-date. Update the specified database if needed.
CROSSFILL ERROR - GTN software mismatch. See CRG for crossfilled items.	Crossfill is configured "on" but is not working due to software mismatch.	Refer to section 15.4.6 for a list of crossfilled items that will no longer be crossfilled. Contact dealer to have software versions updated.
CROSSFILL STATUS - Crossfill is turned off.	Crossfill is turned off.	No action.
DATABASE - A procedure has been modified in a cataloged flight plan.	A new database update caused a procedure to be truncated because the flight plan now has too many waypoints or removed a procedure because it no longer exists in the database.	Verify stored cataloged flight plans and procedures. Modify stored flight plans and procedures as necessary to include the current procedures by re-loading those procedures to the stored flight plan routes.
DATABASE - Terrain database is not installed, is corrupt, or is not valid for this system.	The terrain database is not available and terrain information alerts will not be displayed.	Re-load this database on the external datacard.
DATABASE - Terrain display unavailable for current location.	The aircraft is outside the terrain database coverage area.	Terrain and TAWS functions will be unavailable. If terrain coverage is desired in the area, load appropriate coverage area on the external datacard.

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Message	Description	Action
<b>DATABASE -</b> Terrain or Obstacle database not available.	The terrain or obstacle database is missing or corrupt.	Re-load these databases on the external datacard.
<b>DATABASE -</b> Verify airways in stored flight plans are correct.	A stored flight plan contains an airway that is no longer consistent with the current navigation database.	Verify that the airways in stored flight plans are correct. Modify stored flight plans as necessary to include the current airways by re-loading those airways to the stored flight plan routes.
DATABASE - Verify user- modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct.	A stored flight plan contains procedures that have been manually updated, and a navigation database update has occurred.	Verify that the user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct.
DATACARD ERROR - SD card is invalid or failed.	External datacard has an error and the unit is not able to read the databases.	ChartView, FlightCharts, and Terrain databases will not be accessible by the unit. Contact dealer for service.
<b>DATACARD REMOVED -</b> Reinsert SD card.	External datacard was removed.	Reinsert datacard.
<b>DATALINK -</b> ADS-B In fault: UAT receiver.	The ADS-B In source has detected a UAT receiver fault.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - ADS-B In fault: 1090 receiver.	The ADS-B In source has detected a 1090 receiver fault.	Contact dealer for service.
<b>DATALINK -</b> FIS-B weather has failed.	The FIS-B receiver is reporting that it has failed. The display of FIS-B products may be unavailable.	Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
DATALINK - GDL 69 is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a Garmin datalink (GDL 69 or 69A) and the GTN cannot communicate with the datalink. Data from the datalink will not be available.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B failure. Unable to transmit ADS-B messages.	GDL 88 is not able to transmit an ADS-B message due to a failure with the GDL 88 system or antenna(s).	Contact dealer for service.
<b>DATALINK -</b> GDL 88 ADS-B fault.	The GDL 88 has detected a fault with one of the GDL 88 UAT/1090 antennas.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B fault. Pressure altitude input is invalid.	The GDL 88 has lost communication with the pressure altitude source.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 ADS-B is not transmitting position. Check GPS devices.	The GDL 88 has detected a position input fault.	Contact dealer for service.
DATALINK - GDL 88 configuration module needs service.	The GDL 88 has detected a configuration module fault.	Contact dealer for service.

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Contact dealer for service

Contact dealer for service

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Message

**DATALINK** -

GDL 88 control

input fault. Check

transponder is in correct mode.

DATALINK -

inoperative or

connection to GTN

**GDI** 88 is

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is lost. from the datalink will not be available. Contact dealer for service. DATALINK -GDI 88 has detected Wpt Info GDI 88 needs an internal fault service. Contact dealer for service **DATALINK** -The GSR 56 is not GSR 56 data registered. GSR Weather, Position services Reporting, and Phone inoperative: Services will be registration Weather unavailable required. Close the GSR 56 circuit breaker **DATALINK** -The GTN is configured for a Garmin GSR 56 and ensure the GSR 56 is receiving GSR 56 is and the GTN cannot power. Contact dealer for service. inoperative or communicate with the connection to GTN GSR 56. GSR Weather. is lost Position Reporting, and System Phone Services will be unavailable. DATA LOST -Recheck settings. User settings such as map detail level, nav Pilot stored data range ring on/off, traffic was lost. Recheck overlay on/off, and alert settings. settings have been lost.

**Description** 

The GDI 88 has lost

communication with

The GTN is configured

for a Garmin datalink

(GDI 88) and the GTN

with the datalink. Data

cannot communicate

the transponder.



Message	Description	Action
DATA SOURCE - Heading source inoperative or connection to GTN lost.	The GTN is configured to receive heading information but is not receiving it from any source.	Heading up map displays will not be available. Contact dealer for service.
DATA SOURCE - Pressure altitude source inoperative or connection to GTN lost.	The GTN is configured to receive pressure altitude but is not receiving it from any source.	If the GTN is being used to forward pressure altitude to a transponder, the transponder will not be receiving pressure altitude from the GTN while that message is present. Contact dealer for service.
DATA SOURCE - Radar Altimeter source inoperative or connection to GTN lost.	The GTN is configured to receive radio altitude information but is not receiving it from any source.	50 foot aural annunciation is unavailable for HTAWS installations. Contact dealer for service.
<b>DEMO MODE -</b> Demo mode is active. Do not use for navigation.	The GTN is in Demo Mode and must not be used for actual navigation.	Do not use for navigation. Power cycle the GTN to exit demo mode. Also ensure that the Direct-To key is not stuck.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - Flight plan import failed.	The requested flight plan could not be imported because the GTN was unable to decode the contents of the flight plan.	Check for proper operation of the needed components. Contact dealer for service if problem persists.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - Flight plan import failed. Catalog is full.	The flight plan catalog is full and the requested flight plan could not be imported.	Edit the flight plan catalog to remove unneeded flight plans.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - New imported flight plan(s) available for preview.	The GTN has received a new flight plan that is available for preview by the pilot.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

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Message	Description	Action
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - Changes to the active route are disabled.	Unit receives a flight plan from G3X Touch, but the External FPL Crossfill function is off.	Enable the External FPL Crossfill function.  Home > System > Setup > External FPL Xfill.
FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT - GDU disconnected. External flight plan crossfill inoperative.	Communication with the G3X Touch is lost.	Verify that the GDU is on. Contact dealer for service.
FPL WAYPOINT LOCKED - Stored flight plan waypoint is not in current navigation database.	A stored flight plan waypoint is no longer in the current navigation database.	Verify stored cataloged flight plans and procedures. Modify stored flight plans as necessary to include waypoints that are in the current navigation database.
FPL WPT MOVED - Stored flight plan waypoint has changed location.	A stored flight plan waypoint has moved by more than 0.33 arc minutes from where previously positioned.	Verify stored cataloged flight plans and procedures. Modify stored flight plans as necessary to include waypoints that are in the current navigation database.
<b>GLIDESLOPE -</b> Glideslope receiver has failed.	The glideslope board is not communicating property with the system.	Fly an approach that does not use the glideslope receiver (VOR, LOC, GPS). Contact dealer for service.
GLIDESLOPE - Glideslope receiver needs service.	The glideslope board is indicating that it needs service. The glideslope board may continue to function.	Verify glideslope deviation indications with another source and crosscheck final approach fix crossing altitude. If another glideslope source is not available for verification, fly a GPS based approach. Contact dealer for service.



Message	Description	Action
GNS CROSSFILL - Catalog full; not all GNS waypoint(s) transferred.	A user waypoint from the GNS could not be created because the user waypoint catalog is full.	Remove some of the waypoints from the catalog to make room for the waypoints from the GNS.
GNS CROSSFILL - GTN user waypoint(s) replaced with GNS user waypoints.	A user waypoint from the GNS replaced one or more existing waypoints on the GTN.	Ensure that the waypoints on the GNS have unique names before transferring to the GTN to avoid overwriting existing waypoints.
<b>GNS CROSSFILL -</b> Waypoint transfer failed.	Waypoint transfer failed/incomplete.	The data transfer should be reattempted.
GPS NAVIGATION LOST - Erroneous position. Use other navigation source.	GPS position has been lost due to erroneous position.	Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
GPS NAVIGATION LOST - Insufficient satellites. Use other navigation source.	GPS position has been lost due to lack of satellites.	Wait for GPS satellite geometry to improve. Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
GPS RECEIVER - GPS receiver has failed. Check GPS coax for electrical short.	Internal communication to the SBAS board is inoperative.	Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.
<b>GPS RECEIVER -</b> GPS receiver needs service.	The GPS module is reporting that it needs service. The GPS module may continue to function.	Use a different GPS receiver or a non-GPS based source of navigation. Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action
GPS RECEIVER - Low internal clock battery.	The GPS module indicates that its clock battery is low. Almanac data may have been lost. The unit will function normally, but may take a longer than normal period to acquire a GPS position.	Contact dealer for service.
GPS SEARCHING SKY - Ensure GPS antenna has an unobstructed view of the sky.	The GPS module is acquiring position and may take longer than normal. This message normally occurs after initial installation or if the unit has not been powered for several weeks.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
<b>GTN -</b> GTN needs service.	The GTN has lost calibration data that was set by Garmin during manufacturing.	Contact dealer for service.
<b>HOLD EXPIRED -</b> Holding EFC time has expired.	The selected Expect Further Clearance (EFC) time for a user-defined hold has passed.	No action is necessary; message is information only.
<b>HTAWS -</b> Invalid Terrain Database.	The terrain database is of insufficient resolution for use with HTAWS.	Load HTAWS specific terrain database on the external SD card.
INTERFACE ADAPTER - GAD 42 configuration needs service.	GAD 42 indicates a configuration error.	Verify all input/output data from/ to the GAD 42 Interface Adapter. Contact dealer for service.



Message	Description	Action
INTERFACE ADAPTER - GAD 42 needs service.	GAD 42 indicates it needs service. The GAD 42 may continue to function.	Verify all input/output data from/ to the GAD 42 Interface Adapter. Contact dealer for service.
INTERNAL SD CARD ERROR - GTN needs service.	Internal SD card has an error. This card is not accessible by the user.	Contact dealer for service.
INTERNAL SD CARD REMOVED - GTN needs service.	Internal SD card was removed or failed. This card is not accessible by the user.	Contact dealer for service.
<b>KEY STUCK -</b> Direct-To key is stuck.	The Direct-To key has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Verify the Direct-To key is not pressed. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
<b>KEY STUCK -</b> HOME key is stuck.	The HOME key has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This key will now be ignored.	Verify the HOME key is not pressed. Press the Home key again to cycle its operation. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
<b>KNOB STUCK -</b> Dual concentric inner knob is stuck in the pressed position.	The dual concentric inner knob has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This knob press will now be ignored.	Verify the dual concentric knob is not pressed. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
KNOB STUCK - Volume knob is stuck in the pressed position.	The Volume knob has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This knob press will now be ignored.	Verify the volume knob is not pressed. Contact dealer for service if message persists.

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Message **Description** Action **LOCKED FLIGHT** The user is trying to Unlock the flight plan by modifying activate a flight plan stored flight plans as necessary PLAN that contains a locked to include waypoints, procedures, Cannot activate waypoint. and airways that are in the current a flight plan navigation database. containing a locked waypoint. LOSS OF Antenna may be Make sure the aircraft is clear of shaded from satellites. INTEGRITY (LOI)hangars, buildings, trees, etc. Use The GPS module has a different GPS receiver or a non-Verify GPS reported a loss of GPS based source of navigation. position with integrity. Contact dealer for service if other navigation message persists. equipment. The NAV angle is not Change NAV angle setting to MAGNETIC set to Magnetic and a Magnetic. NORTH magnetic approach is APPROACH loaded Verify NAV angles are referenced to magnetic north (magnetic variation). Verify that the geographical region MagVar is flagged MAGNETIC as unreliable in the supports navigation based on VARIATION -MagVar database. magnetic variation. Aircraft in area This normally occurs with large mag var. when operating at high Verify all course latitudes that do not angles. support a Nav Angle of Magnetic. Mark on target Wait for GPS satellite geometry to MARK ON wavpoint creation improve. Ensure the aircraft has a TARGET has failed because of clear view of the sky. Reattempt Waypoint creation missing GPS position. waypoint creation. Contact dealer has failed, MOT

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requires GPS

position.

for service



Message	Description	Action
NAV ANGLE - NAV Angles are referenced to a User set value (U).	Nav angle is set to User.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
NAV ANGLE - NAV Angles are referenced to True North (T).	Nav angle is set to True.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
NON-WGS84 WAYPOINT - See CRG. Location may be different than where surveyed for [WPT].	The active waypoint is not referenced to the WGS84 datum. Refer to Note 1 at the end of the table.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
OBS - OBS is not available due to dead reckoning or no active waypoint.	OBS requires an active waypoint and is not supported in dead reckoning mode.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
PARALLEL TRACK - Parallel track not supported for leg type.	Parallel track is not supported on current leg type.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
PARALLEL TRACK - Parallel track not supported for turns greater than 120 degrees.	Parallel track is not supported for turns greater than 120 degrees due to the acute angle.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
PARALLEL TRACK - Parallel track not supported past IAF.	Parallel track is not supported on approaches.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

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Getting Started Audio & Xpdr Ctrl Com/Nav	REMOTE KEY STUCK - Alert Acknowledge key is stuck.	The remote TAWS alert acknowledge (ALRT ACK) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the ALRT ACK key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
Proc Wpt Info	REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com push-to-talk key is stuck.	The Push-To-Talk key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored and the com radio will no longer transmit.	Verify the Push-To-Talk key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
Traffic  Terrain  Weather  Nearest  Services/ Music	REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com remote frequency decrement key is stuck.	The remote com frequency decrement (COM CHAN DN) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the COM CHAN DN key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
Utilities System Messages Symbols Appendix	REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com remote frequency increment key is stuck.	The remote com frequency increment (COM CHAN UP) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the COM CHAN UP key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		

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Message	Description	Action
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Com remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote com transfer (COM RMT XFR) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the COM RMT XFR key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Nav remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote nav transfer (NAV RMT XFR) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the NAV RMT XFR key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Pilot/Co-Pilot voice command push- to-command key is stuck.	The remote push-to-command key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the push-to-command key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.
REMOTE KEY STUCK - Remote CDI key is stuck.	The remote CDI (CDI SRC SEL) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the CDI SRC SEL key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.

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Getting Started Audio & Xpdr Ctrl Com/Nav	REMOTE KEY STUCK - Remote go around key is stuck.	The remote go around (RMT GO ARND) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the RMT GO ARND key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
Proc Wpt Info Map	REMOTE KEY STUCK - Remote OBS key is stuck.	The remote OBS (OBS MODE SEL) key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the OBS MODE SEL key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
Traffic  Terrain  Weather  Nearest	REMOTE KEY STUCK - RP Mode key is stuck.	The remote RP MODE key/switch has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all installations.	Verify the RP MODE key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
Services/ Music Utilities System Messages	REMOTE KEY STUCK - TAWS inhibit key is stuck.	The TAWS INHIBIT discrete input has been in pressed position for at least 30 seconds. This input will now be ignored. This input is not available in all	Verify the TAWS INHIBIT key/switch is not stuck. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		

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installations.



Message	Description	Action
<b>SELECT FREQUENCY</b> - Select appropriate NAV frequency for approach.	Correct NAV frequency is not set in the active NAV frequency for the approach procedure.	Insert the correct frequency into the active navigation frequency window.
SET COURSE - Set course on CDI/HSI to [current DTK].	The selected course on the CDI/HSI does not match the current desired track.	Set the CDI/HSI selected course to the current desired track.
STEEP TURN - Aircraft may overshoot course during turn.	Flight plan contains an acute course change ahead which will require a bank in excess of normal to follow the guidance. If coupled to the autopilot, the autopilot may not be able to execute the steep turn needed to follow the course guidance.	No action is necessary; message is informational only. If desired, slow the aircraft to shallow the turn.
STORMSCOPE - Invalid heading received from Stormscope.	The WX-500 Stormscope reports that it has an invalid heading source.	GTN Stormscope data is correct and may be used. Contact dealer for service.
Stormscope - Stormscope is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a WX-500 Stormscope but is not receiving data from it.	Close the Stormscope circuit breaker and ensure Stormscope is receiving power. Contact dealer for service.

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Direct-To	<b>TIMER -</b> Timer has expired.	A user-configured timer has expired.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
Proc Wpt Info Map Traffic	<b>TRAFFIC -</b> ADS-B In traffic alerting has failed.	The ADS-B traffic system is reporting to the GTN that the CSA application has failed. Traffic alerting on ADS-B traffic is unavailable.	Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. Contact dealer for service if problem persists.
Terrain Weather Nearest	<b>TRAFFIC -</b> ADS-B In traffic has failed.	The ADS-B traffic system may have lost GPS position or detected an internal fault.	Contact dealer for service.
Services/ Music Utilities	TRAFFIC - TCAD has a low battery.	The GDL 88 is reporting that the external traffic system has a low battery.	Contact dealer for service.
System  Messages  Symbols	TRAFFIC - Traffic device battery low. Traffic device user config settings not saved.	The TCAD system has indicated that its battery is low.	Contact dealer for service.

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TRAFFIC - Traffic device has been in standby for more than 60 seconds.	The GTN is airborne and the traffic device has been in standby for more than 60 seconds.	Set the traffic device to "operate" on the traffic page if traffic alerts are desired.
TRAFFIC - Traffic device is inoperative or connection to GTN is lost.	The GTN is configured for a traffic device but is not receiving data from it. Traffic will not be displayed on the GTN.	Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER - Transponder 1 and 2 Mode S addresses do not match.	The GTN is configured for two transponders and their Mode S addresses do not match. This message is intended to assist installers and will not occur in a properly configured system.	Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - ADS-B is not transmitting position.	The transponder has insufficient data to support ADS-B.	Ensure the aircraft has a clear view of the sky. Contact dealer for service.
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - ADS-B Out system fault. Pressure altitude source inoperative or connection lost.	The transponder has lost communication with the pressure altitude source.	Contact dealer for service.

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Message	Description	Action		
		Verify squawk code and altitude with ATC. Contact dealer for service.		
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder 1 or 2 needs service.	The transponder is reporting to the GTN that it needs service. The transponder may continue to function.	Verify squawk code and altitude with ATC. Contact dealer for service.		
<b>TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 -</b> Transponder has failed.	The transponder has detected an internal fault and transponder functionality may be unavailable.	Contact dealer for service.		
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder is in ground test mode.	The transponder is operating in a mode intended for ground testing.	Cycle the power to the transponder.		
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder overtemp.	The transponder is reporting that its internal temperature has exceeded upper operating limits.	Decrease temperature and increase airflow near the transponder, if possible. Monitor aircraft electrical indications. Contact dealer for service if message persists.		
TRANSPONDER 1 OR 2 - Transponder undertemp.	The transponder is reporting that its internal temperature has exceeded lower operating limits.	Contact dealer for service if message persists.		

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Message	Description	Action	Го
TRUE NORTH APPROACH - Verify NAV Angles are referenced to True North (T).	A procedure is loaded that is referenced to true north and the active leg has a published true north reference.	Verify the Nav Angle is set to True North.	Gı St Au Xp
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints were imported successfully.	All user waypoints were imported successfully.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.	Dire F
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed.	User Waypoint import failed due to improper file format.	Ensure the media has the correct file format. Contact dealer for service if problem persists.	Mb
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoint import failed. User waypoint database is full.	User Waypoint catalog is full and the requested user waypoints could not be imported.	Edit the User Waypoint catalog to remove unneeded user waypoints.	Tr Te
USER WAYPOINT IMPORT - User waypoints imported successfully - existing waypoints reused.	User waypoints imported and existing waypoints are used instead of creating duplicate waypoints.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.	Ne Ser M Ut
VCALC - Approaching top of descent.	User has configured a vertical descent calculation, and the aircraft is within 60 seconds of the calculated top of descent.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.	Syr App



			GARMIN
Foreword	Message	Description	Action
Getting Started Audio & Xpdr Ctrl	VCALC - Arriving at VCALC target altitude.	User has configured a vertical descent calculation, and the aircraft is approaching the target altitude.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.
Com/Nav FPL	VISUAL APPROACH NOT ACTIVE - Approach guidance	Visual approach could not transition to active. Guidance is not available.	Reactivate the approach or cancel the Direct-To course.
Direct-To Proc	not available when requesting direct-to runway.		
Wpt Info Map	VLOC RECEIVER - Navigation receiver has failed.	The nav radio is not communicating property with the system.	Use GPS based navigation. Contact dealer for service.
Traffic Terrain Weather	VLOC RECEIVER - Navigation receiver needs service.	The nav radio is reporting to the GTN that it needs service. The nav radio may continue to function.	Use GPS based navigation. Contact dealer for service.
Nearest Services/ Music Utilities	VNAV - Unable to reach vertical waypoint.	Current altitude constraint cannot be reached based on current ground and vertical speeds.	Attempt to intercept vertical path by adjusting aircraft altitude.
System Messages	VNAV - Unavailable. Upcoming flight plan leg not	The lateral flight plan contains a procedure turn, vector, or other unsupported leg type	Treat the flight plan segments before and after the affected leg as separate vertical profiles. The GTN cannot provide automatic guidance

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supported.

prior to the active

vertical waypoint.

between the two segments.



Message	Description	Action
VNAV - Unavailable. Excessive crosstrack error.	Current crosstrack exceeds limit, causing vertical path guidance to become invalid.	Navigate within 10 nm of flight plan centerline, or edit flight plan to allow for vertical navigation.
VNAV - Unavailable. Excessive track angle error.	Current track angle error exceeds limit, causing vertical path guidance to become invalid.	Navigate within 70° of active flight plan course.
VNAV - Unavailable. Parallel course selected.	Selecting a parallel course causes vertical path guidance to become invalid.	Disable parallel track if vertical path guidance is desired.
VNAV - Unavailable. Barometric altitude lost.	A loss of data from the barometric altitude sensor causes vertical path guidance to become invalid.	Contact dealer for service.
WAYPOINT - Arriving at [wpt name].	User has configured the arrival alarm and is within the specified distance.	No action is necessary; message is informational only.

Table 16-1 Messages

Note 1:

There are several reference datums that waypoints can be surveyed against. TSO-C146 normally requires that all waypoints be referenced to the WGS84 datum, but allows for navigation to waypoints that are not referenced to the WGS84 datum so long as the pilot is notified. Certain waypoints in the navigation database are not referenced to the WGS84 datum, or their reference datum is unknown. If this is the case, this message is displayed. Garmin cannot determine exactly how close the non-WGS84 referenced waypoint will be to the WGS84 datum that the GTN uses. Typically, the distance is within two nautical miles. The majority of non-WGS84 waypoints are located outside of the United States.

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The following tables describe the symbols that are found on the Map display.

17.1 Map Page Symbols

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
0	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Non-Serviced, Primary runway shown	•	Airport with hard surface runway(s); Serviced, Primary runway shown
0	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Non-Serviced	<b>\Q</b>	Airport with soft surface runway(s) only, Serviced
R	Restricted (Private) Airfield	?	Unknown Airport
•	Heliport	<b>(2)</b>	NDB
	Intersection		Locator Outer Marker
()	VOR	•	VOR/DME
0	VORTAC	ū	DME
4	TACAN	<b>③</b>	TOD/BOD
	User Waypoint	0	User Airport
	ATK	( <u>A</u> )	VRP

Table 17-1 Map Page Symbols

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17.2 SafeTaxi™ Symbols

Symbol	Description
æ	Helipad
蚞	Airport Beacon
	Under Construction Zones
	Unpaved Parking Areas
	Hot Spot

Table 17-2 SafeTaxi Symbols

# 17.3 Traffic Symbols

TIS Symbol	Description
$\Diamond$	Non-Threat Traffic
	Traffic Advisory (TA)
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Table 17-3 TIS Symbols

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TAS Symbol	Description	Foreword
<b>♦</b>	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 NM and greater than 1,200 ft vertical separation)	Getting Started Audio &
<b>♦</b>	Proximity Advisory (PA) (intruder is within 5 NM and less than 1,200 ft vertical separation)	Xpdr Ctrl
	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)	FPL
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale	Direct-To

Table 17-4 TAS Symbols

Symbol		Description
Imminent Traffic (Traffic within ±500 feet AND 1.0 NM; OR no altitude AND within 1.0 NM)	Non-Imminent Traffic	
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	Traffic Closing Vertically
$\Leftrightarrow$	$\Leftrightarrow$	Traffic Diverging Vertically
		Traffic not Closing or Diverging Vertically

Table 17-5 9900B TCAD Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Traffic Advisory
<b>♦</b>	Proximity Advisory (color may be configured as cyan)
<b>♦</b>	Other Traffic (color may be configured as cyan)
	Out-of-Range Traffic Advisory

Table 17-6 9900BX (TCAS) Symbols

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Symbol	Description
$\Diamond$	Basic Non-Directional Traffic
A	Basic Directional Traffic
$\overline{\ }$	Basic Off-scale Selected Traffic
•	Proximate Non-Directional Traffic
A	Proximate Directional Traffic
$\overline{}$	Proximate Off-scale Selected Traffic
	Non-Directional Alerted Traffic
	Off-Scale Non-Directional Alerted Traffic
	Directional Alerted Traffic
	Off-Scale Directional Alerted Traffic
	Non-Directional Surface Vehicle
	Directional Surface Vehicle

Table 17-7 ADS-B Traffic Symbols



**NOTE**: Color of basic and proximate traffic is dependent on configuration (cyan or white) and airborne/on-ground status of target (target is brown when on the ground, see the surface vehicles).



## 17.4 Terrain Obstacle Symbols

Unlighted Obstacle	Lighted Obstacle	Unlighted Obstacle	Lighted Obstacle
(Height is less than	(Height is less	(Height is greater	(Height is greater than
1,000 ft AGL)	than 1,000 ft AGL)	than 1,000 ft AGL)	1,000 ft AGL)
$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	<b>* * *</b>		* * *

Table 17-8 Obstacle Altitude/Color Correlation

Tower	Windmill	Windmill in Group	Power Line
$\mathbf{k}$	<b>†</b>	*\	

Table 17-9 Obstacle Icon Types

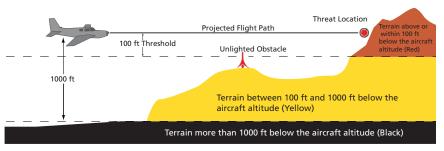


Figure 17-1 Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation

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# 17.5 HTAWS Obstacle Symbols

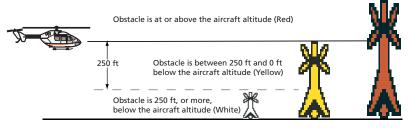


Figure 17-2 HTAWS Obstacle Altitude Correlation

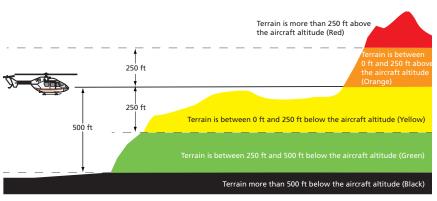


Figure 17-3 HTAWS Altitude/Color Correlation

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# 17.6 Basemap Symbols

Symbol	Description
Ü	Interstate Highway
	State Highway
	US Highway
	National Highway - 2-digit drawn inside
•	Small City or Town
•	Medium City
•	Large City

Table 17-10 Basemap Symbols

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## 17.7 Map Tool Bar Symbols

	-
Symbol	Description
	Terrain Proximity Enabled and Available Indicator
×	Terrain Proximity Enabled and Not Available Indicator
类	Point Obstacle Enabled and Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
X	Point Obstacle Enabled and Not Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
Æ	Wire Obstacles Enabled and Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
$\mathbb{X}$	Wire Obstacles Enabled and Not Available Indicator (Software v5.12 and later)
4	Stormscope Enabled
A	Ownship is receiving TIS-B and ADS-R services (Software v5.11 or earlier)
×	Possible incomplete traffic picture — ownship is not receiving one (or both) of the TIS-B or ADS-R services (Software v5.11 or earlier)
<b>◆</b> 1	Traffic Enabled and Available Indicator
<b>X</b> 1	Traffic Enabled and Not Available Indicator

Table 17-11 Map Tool Bar Symbols

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# 17.8 Miscellaneous Symbols

Symbol	Description
<b>-</b> Î-	Low-Wing Prop (Default Ownship)
<b></b>	High-Wing Prop
<b>*</b>	Kit Plane
*	Turboprop
<b>-1</b> -	Twin-Engine Prop
+	Single-Engine Jet
*	Business Jet
A	2-Blade Rotorcraft
1	3-Blade Rotorcraft
X	4-Blade Rotorcraft
	High Visibility Arrow
士	Basic Aircraft
•	Non-directional ownship is shown if there is no heading or ground track. This typically only occurs during start-up. In helicopters without a heading source, the non-directional ownship symbol will also appear below 15 kts.
•	Parallel Track Waypoint
	Restricted/Prohibited/Warning/Alert
0	TFR (Temporary Flight Restrictions)
<b>MINIMA</b>	MOA

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Symbol Description

Class B Airspace
Class C Airspace
Class D Airspace
User Waypoint

Table 17-12 Miscellaneous Symbols

**NOTE:** Ownship icons are configured by the installer and can be colored magenta for enhanced visibility (software v5.12 or later).

#### 17.9 Stormscope Symbols

Symbol	Description
4	6
4	60
-	120
+	180

Table 17-13 Stormscope Symbols

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18.1 Glossary

ACT, ACTV active, activate

Air Data Computer ADC

**ADF** Automatic Direction Finder ADI Attitude Direction Indicator

**AFM** Airplane Flight Manual

**AFMS** Airplane Flight Manual Supplement

AGI Above Ground Level

Airman's Information Manual MIA Airman's Meteorological Information **AIRMFT** 

ΔΙΤ altitude

AΡ autopilot

**APR** approach

**APT** airport, aerodrome

ARINC Aeronautical Radio Incorporated

**ARSPC** airspace

**ARTCC** Air Route Traffic Control Center

AS airspeed

**ASOS** Automated Surface Observing System

Air Traffic Control ATC

**ATCRBS** ATC Radar Beacon System

Automatic Terminal Information Service ATIS

AUX auxiliary

**AWOS** Automated Weather Observing System

barometric setting **BARO** 

BC backcourse

The compass direction from the present position to a Bearing

destination waypoint

BRG bearing

C

center runway ٥( degrees Celsius

Course Deviation Indicator CDI

**CHNL** channel CID cloud

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CLR clear **CNXT** Connext CONFIG configuration The line between two points to be followed by the Course Started aircraft Audio & The distance the aircraft is off a desired course in either Crosstrack Error direction, left or right CRS Com/Nav course CRSR cursor CTA Control Area FPI CTAF Common Traffic Advisory Frequency **CTRL** control Direct-To CUM The total of all legs in a flight plan Proc density altitude DALT Wpt Info DB. DBASE database DCLTR, DECLTR declutter deg degree DEP departure Desired Track (DTK) The desired course between the active "from" and "to" waypoints destination DEST DFIT default Weather DIS distance The "great circle" distance from the present position Distance to a destination waypoint Distance Measuring Equipment DMF Services/ Departure Procedure Music DP departure **DPRT** DSBL disabled **Desired Track** DTK System Messages **FDR** Excessive Descent Rate Provides SBAS service for most of Europe and parts of **EGNOS** North Africa elevation **FIFV** 

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**EMI** 

**ENR** 

Electromagnetic Interference

en route



En Route Safe Altitude The recommended minimum altitude within ten miles

left or right of the desired course on an active flight

plan or direct-to

**ERR** error

**ESA** En route Safe Altitude ETA Estimated Time of Arrival

FTF Estimated Time En Route

٥F degrees Fahrenheit FPI

Federal Aviation Administration FAA

FCC Federal Communication Commission

**FCST** forecast

FD flight director

Flight Information Region FIR

Flight Information Services-Broadcast FIS-B

Flight Information Service Data Link FISDI

Forward Looking Terrain Avoidance **FLTA** 

**FPL** flight plan frequency FREQ

FR7 freezing

FSS Flight Service Station

foot/feet ft

**GAGAN** Provides SBAS service for India

G/S, GS glideslope

GDC Garmin Air Data Computer

Garmin Satellite Data Link GDI

GFO geographic

GIS Global Navigation Satellite Landing System

GMA Garmin Audio Panel System

Greenwich Mean Time **GMT** 

GMU Garmin Magnetometer Unit

Global Positioning System

GPS

GPSS **GPS Roll Steering** 

The velocity that the aircraft is travelling relative to a **Ground Speed** 

ground position

Ground Track refer to Track

GRS Garmin Reference System

GS **Ground Speed** 

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Started  Audio & Xpdr Ctrl	HDG Heading	heading The direction an aircraft is pointed, based upon indications from a magnetic compass or a properly set directional gyro
Com/Nav	HFOM Hg	Horizontal Figure of Merit mercury
FPL	hPa HPL	hectopascal Horizontal Protection Level
Direct-To	HSDB HSI	High-Speed Data Bus Horizontal Situation Indicator
Proc	HTAWS Hz	Helicopter Terrain Awareness and Warning System Hertz
Wpt Info		
Мар	IAF ICAO	Initial Approach Fix International Civil Aviation Organization
Traffic	IFR IGRF	Instrument Flight Rules International Geomagnetic Reference Field
Terrain	ILI ILS	Imminent Line Impact Instrument Landing System
Weather	IMC IOI	Instrument Meteorological Conditions Imminent Obstacle Impact
Nearest	INFO in HG	information inches of mercury
Services/ Music	INT INTEG	intersection(s) integrity (RAIM unavailable)
Utilities	ITI	Imminent Terrain Impact
System	L	left, left runway
Messages	LAT LCD	latitude Liquid Crystal Display
Symbols	LCL LED	local Light Emitting Diode
Appendix	Leg LIFR	The portion of a flight plan between two waypoints Low Instrument Flight Rules
Index	LNAV LOC	Lateral Navigation localizer

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101 loss of integrity (GPS) LON longitude LPV Localizer Performance with Vertical guidance Line Replacement Unit I RU ΙT left Audio & LTNG lightning Xpdr Ctrl MAG Magnetic Magnetic Variation MAG VAR FPI A proprietary data format used to forward navigation MapMX information between Garmin units Direct-To maximum MAX MAXSPD maximum speed (overspeed) Proc

MDA barometric minimum descent altitude

METAR Aviation Routine Weather Report Wpt Info

MGRS MIlitary Grid Reference System
MIN minimum

Minimum Safe Altitude Uses Grid MORAs to determine a safe altitude within

ten miles of the aircraft present position

ten miles of the aircraft present position

MKR marker beacon

MOA Military Operations Area

MOT Mark On Target movement

mpm meters per minute

MSA Minimum Safe Altitude
MSAS Provides SBAS service for Japan only

MSG Provides SBAS service for Japan only message

MSG message
MSI Mean Sea Le

MSL Mean Sea Level

MT meter mV millivolt(s)

MVFR Marginal Visual Flight Rules

NAV navigation
NAVAID NAVigation AID
NCR Negative Climb Rate
NDB Non-Directional Beacon

NEXRAD Next Generation Radar

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		GARMIN
d	OAT OBS	Outside Air Temperature Omni Bearing Selector
	PA	Proximity Advisory
	PC	personal computer
	PDA	Premature Descent Alert
	P. POS	Present Position
	PTK	parallel track
	QTY	quantity
	R	right, right runway
	RA	Resolution Advisory
	RAIM RAM	Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring random access memory
	REF	reference
	REQ	required
	REV	reverse, revision, revise
	RLC	Reduce Required Line Clearance
	RMI	Radio Magnetic Indicator
	RNG	range
	RNWY	runway  Padusad Paguirad Obstacla Clearance
	ROC RT	Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance right
	RTC	Reduced Required Terrain Clearance
	SAR	Search and Rescue
	SBAS SCIT	Satellite-Based Augmentation System Storm Cell Identification and Tracking
	SD	Secure Digital
	SFC	surface
	SIAP	Standard Instrument Approach Procedures
	SID	Standard Instrument Departure
	SIGMET	Significant Meteorological Information
	SLP/SKD SMBL	slip/skid symbol
١	SPD	speed
	SRVC, SVC	service

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STAR Standard Terminal Arrival Route **STATS** statistics STBY standby standard STD Special Use Airspace SUA Audio & **SUSP** suspend Xpdr Ctrl SW software SYS Com/Nav system FPI Τ true

ТΔ Traffic Advisory Tactical Air Navigation System **TACAN** 

**TAF** Terminal Aerodrome Forecast

TAS True Airspeed

TAS Traffic Advisory System **Total Air Temperature** TAT

**TAWS** Terrain Awareness and Warning System Terminal Control Area TCA

**TCAS** 

Traffic Collision Avoidance System Traffic

**TFMP** temperature **TFRM** terminal

TFR Temporary Flight Restriction

True Heading T HDG

Traffic Information System TIS

Terminal Maneuvering Area TMA

Topo topographic

Direction of aircraft movement relative to a ground Track

position; also 'Ground Track'

TRK track

TRSA Terminal Radar Service Area

UNAVAIL unavailable

USR user

UTC Coordinated Universal Time

UTM/UPS Universal Transverse Mercator/ Universal

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V, Vspeed velocity (airspeed)

VAR variation

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VOR

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**Appendix** 

Visual Flight Rules Very High Frequency VHF

**VLOC** VOR/Localizer Receiver **VMC** 

Visual Meteorological Conditions

**VNAV** vertical navigation

VHF Omni-directional Range very high frequency omnidirectional range station and **VORTAC** 

tactical air navigation

Visual Reporting Point **VRP** 

Vertical speed VS Direct-To

Vertical Speed Indicator VSI

Proc

WAAS Wide Area Augmentation System Wpt Info

> WGS-84 World Geodetic System - 1984 waypoint(s) **WPT**

weather WX

**XPDR** transponder

**XTK** cross-track

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# 18.2 Database Information and Updates

The GTN uses several databases to provide up-to-date aviation information. GTN databases can be updated by the pilot using an SD card or Flight Stream 510 wireless database card. The GTN can also synchronize databases in the cockpit with other displays using Database SYNC and Chart Streaming.

Information about the installed and standby databases can be viewed on the System Status page. Database SYNC and Chart Streaming can be configured in the menu on the System Status page.

The database card should not be removed except to update the databases stored on the card. For basic flight operations, a database card is required for database storage. The database cards cannot be shared between units.

#### 18.2.1 GTN Databases

- **Navigation** The navigation database contains information for waypoints and airports, such as procedures, runways, airways, airspaces, frequencies, and visual reporting points. For helicopter applications, a navigation database that includes additional heliports is available.
- **Basemap** The Basemap database contains land and water data, such as roads, boundaries, rivers, and lakes.
- **SafeTaxi** The SafeTaxi database contains detailed airport diagrams for selected airports. These diagrams aid in following ground control instructions by displaying the aircraft position on the map in relation to taxiways, ramps, runways, terminals, and services.
- **Obstacles** The obstacle database contains data for obstacles, such as towers, that pose a potential hazard to aircraft. Obstacles 200 feet and higher are included in the fixed-wing obstacle database. The rotorcraft database includes all reported obstacles regardless of height. It is important to note that not all obstacles are necessarily charted and therefore may not be contained in the obstacle database. Several obstacle database options are available. Obstacle databases created for GTN software v5.10 or later include all power lines or only Hazardous Obstacle Transmission (HOT) lines depending on the type of obstacle database installed. HOT lines are those power lines that are co-located with other FAA-identified obstacles. The obstacle database is required for the TAWS and HTAWS functions.

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• **Terrain** - The terrain database contains terrain mapping data. The terrain database is required for the TAWS and HTAWS functions. Systems using HTAWS require a 2.5 arc second database while non-HTAWS applications can use a 9 arc-second database.

- **FliteCharts** FliteCharts resemble the paper version of AeroNav Services (Formerly named National Aeronautical Charting Office) terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed with high-resolution and in color for applicable charts. The GTN depiction shows the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of the approach charts and on airport diagrams.
- **Chartview** ChartView resembles the paper version of Jeppesen terminal procedure charts. The charts are displayed in full color with high-resolution. The GTN depiction shows the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of approach charts and on airport diagrams.

Database Name	Where Stored	Update Cycle	Provider	Notes
Navigation	Internal memory	28 days	flyGarmin.com	
Basemap	Internal memory	As required	flyGarmin.com	
SafeTaxi	Internal memory	56 days	flyGarmin.com	
Obstacle	Internal memory	56 days	<u>flyGarmin.com</u>	
Terrain	Database card	As required	<u>flyGarmin.com</u>	
FliteCharts	Database card	28 days	flyGarmin.com	Disables 180 days after expiration date.
Chartview	Database card	14 days	Contact Jeppesen	Disables 70 days after expiration date.

Table 18-1 Database List

**NOTE:** Garmin requests that the flight crew report any observed discrepancies related to database information. These discrepancies could come in the form of an incorrect procedure, incorrectly identified terrain, obstacles and fixes, or any other displayed item used for navigation or communication in the air or on the ground. To report a database error, visit flyGarmin.com.



## 18.2.2 Updating Databases with a SD Card

To update the GTN database use an SD card. Instructions on updating the GTN database and the required equipment is found at <u>flyGarmin.com</u>.

The ChartView database is provided directly from Jeppesen. Contact Jeppesen (jeppesen.com) for ChartView subscription and update information. An enablement card that is purchased from Garmin is separate from the Jeppesen database and is required to enable ChartView.

- Download the database updates to the Garmin Database Card from the appropriate website.
- 2. Insert the database card into the slot of the GTN.
- 3. Apply power to the GTN.
- 4. The database update page will be displayed, listing all effective database updates on the database card. Databases cycles that are not effective or already installed will be kept on the Garmin Database Card as standby databases until they become effective. Hold down the dual-concentric knob while applying power to the GTN to force the update of these databases.



Figure 18-1 Updated Databases

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5. Select the desired database updates and press the **Update** key.

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#### **NOTE:** Do not remove power to the GTN while updating databases.

- 6. The GTN will begin the update process and then verify the integrity of the installed databases.
- Check that all databases are current and there are no errors.
   If a database is highlighted in yellow, it is either expired or missing.



Figure 18-2 Currently Installed Software/Databases

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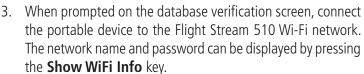
Show WiFi

Info

# 18.2.3 Updating Databases with a Flight Stream 510

GTN databases can also be updated using the Flight Stream 510 wireless database card with a portable device and the Garmin Pilot application.

- Follow the instructions within the app to purchase and download the database updates.
- Ensure the Flight Stream 510 is inserted into the database card slot and apply power to the GTN.



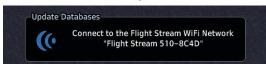


Figure 18-3 Connect to Flight Stream Wi-Fi Network Prompt

4. Once connected, open Garmin Pilot on the portable device.



Figure 18-4 Open Portable Application Prompt

The Flight Stream 510 will check for database updates on the portable device and display the database update page or notify the pilot that no database updates are available.

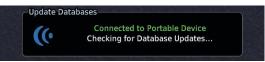


Figure 18-5 Checking for Database Updates Message



Figure 18-6 Database Update Page

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6. Select the desired database updates. All selected databases will be transferred to the GTN, but the GTN may choose to not install all databases. Database cycles that are not yet effective will be preloaded and kept as standby databases until they become effective. Databases that are not supported by this GTN may be transferred and then SYNC'd to other Garmin displays.



#### **NOTE:** Do not remove power to the GTN while updating databases.

- 8. The GTN will begin the transfer, update, and verification process. The terrain and charts databases can take up to 5 minutes each to transfer over Wi-Fi to the Flight Stream 510.
- Check that all databases are current and there are no errors. If a database is highlighted in yellow, it is either expired or missing.

# GARMIN.

#### 18.2.4 Database SYNC

Database SYNC allows the GTN to synchronize databases from a single unit to other Garmin avionics. The pilot only needs to update a single database card (SD card or Flight Stream 510) and the new databases are automatically SYNC'd through the units connected in the cockpit and configured for Database SYNC. Databases must be purchased for all avionics in the cockpit.

Database SYNC is supported by these database types:

- Navigation
- Basemap
- SafeTaxi
- Obstacle
- FliteCharts
- Airport Directory

The database SYNC process may take several minutes, depending on how many databases have been updated. The status of the database transfers to a unit can be viewed on the System Status page under the "Standby" tab. The GTN will display the source of the received databases (for example: "Database SYNC - GTN #2"). If a database SYNC is pending, completed, or not authorized, the status will also be indicated.

When the SYNC is complete, if the aircraft is stopped and has yet to takeoff, the pilot will be prompted with the option to restart and update to the newly transferred databases.



**NOTE:** Restarting the GTN must only be performed when the aircraft is on the ground as navigation and communication from the restarted unit will be lost for a period of time.

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### 18.2.4.1 Resolving Database SYNC Conflicts

Database conflicts must be resolved for synchronization to occur. Conflicts exist when multiple LRUs have a database of the same cycle, but with different regions or types (e.g., fixed wing vs. rotorcraft navigation database, different regions of the navigation database, or different obstacle database types). The GTN attempts to resolve these by automatically synchronizing the most recently installed database across all other LRUs (software v6.30 and later). Pilot intervention is required when conflicts cannot be resolved automatically. Conflicts occurring with earlier software versions also require manual intervention.

To manually resolve database conflicts, touch the **Resolve Conflicts** key on the display containing the desired database version. This key is located on the Conflicts tab of the System Information page.

### 18.2.5 Chart Streaming

While the Chart database is SYNCing in the background, the GTN will stream individual charts to other compatible displays. This enables all Garmin displays to use the latest chart database information even though the database is currently installed only on a single unit. Chart Streaming will begin after the chart database has begun SYNCing.

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# 18.2.6 Database Troubleshooting Tips

Problem	Action
Unable to download	Ensure you have a high capacity SD card programmer
databases to the SD card	Ensure that your card programmer is plugged directly into your computer and not into a USB hub, computer screen, or keyboard
	Ensure the sliding lock tab is in the unlocked position (up, when viewing the card label-side up)
Database update fails	Restart the GTN and retry the update
	Download the databases to the database card again
	Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update
Database SYNC fails	Ensure that the databases were purchased for all the GTNs and GDUs in the cockpit
	Ensure that all conflicts have been resolved (section 18.2.4.1)
Database cannot be selected for update	<ul> <li>Restart the GTN while pressing the dual-concentric knob until the Garmin logo is fully illuminated to veiw all database updates on the database card, regardless of effectivity</li> </ul>
	Download the databases to the database card again
	Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update
Database cannot be transferred to	Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update
Flight Stream 510	Ensure that the database transfers are enabled for the Flight Stream 510 (section 18.2.3)
	Ensure that all database updates have been downloaded to the Garmin     Pilot application
	Press the Show All DBs key on the database verification page to veiw all database updates on the portable device, regardless of effectivity
Database is transferred to Flight Stream 510 but	Ensure that the databases were purchased for the system ID of the GTN that the database card is being used to update
cannot be selected for update	Ensure that the transferred database is currently effective
upuate	Restart the GTN while pressing the dual-concentric knob until the Garmin logo is fully illuminated to view all database updates on the Flight Stream 510, regardless of effectivity

Table 18-2 Database Troubleshooting Tips

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### 18.3 Demo Mode

The GTN product contains a "Demo" mode that allows simulation of all operations of the product to allow practice and familiarization while staying on the ground.



**WARNING:** Do not use the GTN to navigate while Demo mode is active. Do not use or enter Demo mode while airborne.

PL D

 Press in and hold the **Direct-To** key and then apply power to the unit.



Figure 18-7 Demo Mode Start Up Display



- 2. Touch the **Continue** key and Fuel keys as normally needed to start operations.
- 3. Touch the **Demo** key in the lower part of the display to reach the Demo Setup functions.

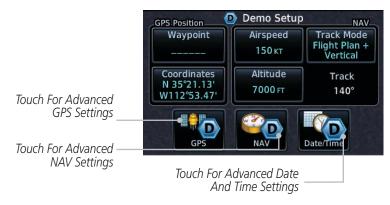


Figure 18-8 Demo Mode Setup

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4. Touch the **GPS** key to reach the Demo GPS Settings page. The Position Error values (Horizontal Protection Level Fault Detection [HPL FD], HPL SBAS, and Vertical Protection Level [VPL] SBAS) may be adjusted to reflect errors induced by naturally occurring conditions, but are normally not adjusted for most Demo mode operations.

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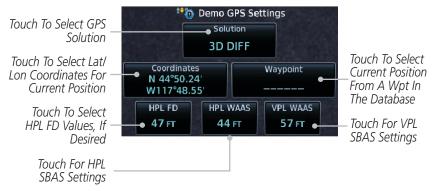


Figure 18-9 Demo Mode GPS Settings



5. Touch the **Nav** key to reach the Demo Navigation Settings page.

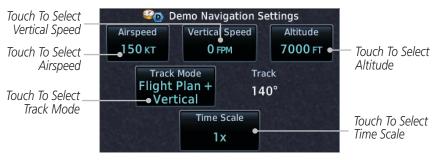


Figure 18-10 Demo Mode Navigation Settings

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6. Touch the Date/Time key to reach the Demo Date/Time Settings page.



Figure 18-11 Demo Mode Date/Time Settings

After completing the settings for Demo mode, touch the **HOME** key or **Back** key to get started with operating the GTN.



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# 18.4 Glove Qualification Procedure



**NOTE:** This procedure is not authorized for completion during flight. Perform all tasks while the aircraft is on the ground.

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The touchscreen uses capacitive touch technology to sense the proximity of skin to the display. A glove creates a barrier between the skin and the display glass, potentially reducing the ability of the display to detect touches.

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This procedure qualifies a specific glove for use with the touchscreen. Due to differences in finger size, glove size, and touchscreen between the GTN 6XX and GTN 7XX units, the qualification procedure is specific to the pilot/glove and GTN combination. Multiple units must be evaluated individually.

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Glove Selection Considerations

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• Thinner gloves perform better than thicker gloves

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• Leather gloves, and gloves designed specifically for use with capacitive touchscreen devices, are often found to be acceptable

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• To improve touchscreen sensitivity while wearing gloves, use the pad of your finger instead of the tip during touch interactions

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#### **Glove Qualification Guidance**

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• Table 18-3 contains the tasks required to qualify a glove

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• Table 18-4 contains tasks that are not required to qualify a glove, but may limit how some functions are accessed while wearing a glove

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#### **Glove Qualification Steps**

Complete only the tasks for the capabilities relevant to the installed GTN(s).

1. Sit in the pilot's seat.

- 2. Start the GTN in demo mode by pressing and holding the **Direct To** key during power up.
- 3. Perform the tasks listed in Table 18-3 and Table 18-4, tapping each key with a non-gloved finger. It is not necessary to record any results for this step.
- 4. Repeat step 3 using a gloved hand.
- 5. For each task, determine whether the touchscreen response is the same or worse than without the glove.
- 6. Record the results in the applicable table. Items that may cause the operation to be worse include, but are not limited to:
  - a. Multiple attempts to select a key
  - b. Unintentional selection of adjacent key(s)
  - c. Excessive force on the touchscreen to select a key
- 7. If all applicable tasks produce the same response with and without a glove, the pilot may use the glove in flight.

#### **Glove Qualification Procedure**

Pilot: \_\_\_\_\_

Glove Description:

Circle the applicable GTN.

6XX 7XX

Task		n With Glove cle one)
Starting from the Home page:		
Demo	Same	Worse
GPS	Same	Worse
Waypoint	Same	Worse
Type the airport identifier"KSLE."	Same	Worse
Enter	Same	Worse
Return to the Home page.		

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Task		n With Glove cle one)	
Flight Diag	Same	Worse	
Flight Plan		Worse	
Add Waypoint	Same		
Type the airport identifier "KSLE."	Same	Worse	
Enter	Same	Worse	
Add each of the following waypoints in the same manne	1	l	
KMMV	Same	Worse	
KONP	Same	Worse	
BTG	Same	Worse	
Select <b>BTG</b> .	Same	Worse	
Load Airway	Same	Worse	
V23	Same	Worse	
ALFOR	Same	Worse	
Load	Same	Worse	
Scroll the list of flight plan waypoints up and down using the arrow keys.	Same	Worse	
Back	Same	Worse	
GTN 635/650/750 only			
Select the COM STBY frequency field.	Same	Worse	
Type a valid frequency.	Same	Worse	
Enter	Same	Worse	
Select the active COM frequency field. Observe the two frequency values swap positions.	Same	Worse	
GTN 750 only			
Select the active NAV frequency field. Observe the two frequency values swap positions.	Same	Worse	
GTN 650 only			
Menu	Same	Worse	

Table 18-3 Tests Required for Glove Qualification

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Task	Operation	n With Glove
	(circ	:le one)
Open the Active Flight Plan page.	Same	Worse
With one finger on the page, drag the waypoint list up and down.	Same	Worse
With one finger, tap and swipe the list up or down.	Same	Worse
Back	Same	Worse
Open the Map page.	Same	Worse
Graphically Edit FPL	Same	Worse
Tap and drag KONP to an empty area of the map, panning and zooming as necessary. Observe that KONP is removed from the flight plan.	Same	Worse
Drag the leg between KMMV and BTG to KSPB. Observe that KSPB is added to the flight plan.	Same	Worse

Table 18-4 Tests Not Required for Glove Qualification

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# 18.5 Telligence Voice Command Qualification Procedure

In order to enable voice command functionality crew members must successfully perform and complete 17/20 (85%) voice commands in the Telligence aircraft qualification procedure. Crew members must be comfortable speaking into an aviation headset and proficient in English.

### Voice Command Guidelines



**NOTE:** If a voice command is uninterpretable, verify the system is performing the intended action or displaying the desired data. If the system does not recognize a command, use the touchscreen to execute the function. The GTN Voice Command History details all commands performed.

• Position the headset MIC approximately 1/8-inch from mouth, align with bottom lip to avoid breath sounds in the microphone.

- Speak conversationally.
- Enunciate.
- Speak in a normal tone and volume.
- Speak at a normal cadence (not too quickly or slowly).
- Pause briefly between activation of the PTC switch and when speaking the voice command.
- Review the commands prior to performing the qualification.

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#### **Voice Command Instructions**

- 1. Press and hold the Push to Command (PTC) switch.
- 2. Speak the entire command into the headset MIC.
- 3. Release the "PTC" switch.
  - A positive tone (low-to-high) indicates the command has been recognized and executed. (i.e., page changed, radio tuned, MIC selected, etc.)
  - A negative tone (high-to-low) indicates the command is either unrecognizable or invalid.

#### **Successful Command Example**

"Show approaches page" is spoken, the approach selection page displays immediately, and a positive tone sounds.

### **Unsuccessful Command Examples**

"Show map page" is spoken and the traffic page displays.

"Show map page" is spoken and a negative tone sounds.

#### **Qualification Procedure**

Speak the non-bold phrase if the voice command for a procedure is not applicable to the aircraft's configuration. If the total number of successful commands is less than 17, the voice commands must be disabled. For instructions on how to activate and deactivate voice commands, refer to section 15.13.

Example: If the requirement states a COM radio is required, but your GTN does not a have a COM radio, use the unbold command.

- 1. Start the GTN and acquire a GPS position.
- 2. Conduct the voice commands in sequential order while wearing an aviation headset. If necessary, a command can be attempted twice.
- 3. When the command is successful check the box next to the command.

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	SHOW Flight Plan PAGE	Foreword
**	* Manually enter a flight plan with a towered airport as the destination ***	
	SHOW Trip Planning PAGE	Getting Started
	* TUNE Nearest Ground or SHOW Nearest Airport PAGE	Audio & Xpdr Ctrl
	* TUNE Nearest ATIS or SHOW Nearest Weather Frequency PAGE	'
	† TOGGLE COM 2 or SAY Distance	Com/Nav
	SHOW Map PAGE	FPL
	ZOOM OUT	Direct-To
	SAY Distance to Destination	Direct-10
	SHOW Flight Timers PAGE	Proc
	† <b>SELECT COM 2</b> or SAY ETA at Destination	Wpt Info
	SAY Active Waypoint	
	CREATE Waypoint Here	Мар
	* TUNE Destination Tower or SHOW Destination Runways PAGE	Traffic
	<b>† SHOW Traffic PAGE</b> or SHOW Nearest PAGE	
	SHOW Procedures PAGE	Terrain
	SHOW V-CALC PAGE	Weather
	SHOW Current Time	Nearest
	SAY Desired Track	
	BACK	Services/ Music
	SHOW Voice Command History Page	Utilities
* /	A GTN COM radio is required.	
† 7	Two COM radios connected to the GMA are required.	System
‡ 7	Traffic capability is required on the GTN.	Messages
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